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2 PROCESS	S		8	3		
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4 MATERIA	LS AND CORROSION MONITORING)		
5 ARRANG	EMENT			,		
6 HEATING	, VENTILATION AND AIR CONDITIONING	SYSTEMS (HVAC)		2		
7 SAFETY				ł		
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10 EQUIPME	10 EQUIPMENT					
11 TELECON	11 TELECOMMUNICATIONS					
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14 MOORING	3		130)		
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16 MARINE S	SYSTEMS AND HULL UTILITY SYSTEMS.		136	\$		
17 ENVIRON	MENT IMPACT STUDIES AND LICENSING	3)		
18 PETROB	18 PETROBRAS LOGOTYPE					
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1 GENERAL

1.1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1.1 The intent of this specification and documents referenced hereinafter is to provide the CONTRACTOR with general information of intended service and requirements for the design, construction (or conversion), assembly, transport, installation and operation of one Floating Production Storage and Offloading System (FPSO), also called "the Unit" in this document.
- 1.1.2 All requirements herein provided must be considered as a minimum, according to the terms agreed upon in the Contract. All regulatory rules (Classification Society (CS), Brazilian Administration (including "Portaria 787 de 27 de novembro de 2018" from Brazilian Economy Ministry ("Ministério da Economia")), Flag Administration, International Maritime Organization (IMO) and applicable rules and laws) shall be complied with. In addition, CONTRACTOR shall comply with PETROBRAS Technical Requirements outlined in this GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION (GTD), which are considered mandatory unless it is not accepted by regulatory rules. In case of conflicting information among PETROBRAS' technical requirements, PETROBRAS shall be notified to define the way forward.
- 1.1.3 This GTD provides necessary information for the development of the Basic and Detailed Design. However, they do not exempt CONTRACTOR from contractual responsibilities during operation lifetime. CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the provision of all services and other requirements necessary to deliver one complete functional Production Unit as described herein. Any calculation presented in this document is preliminary and shall be reviewed during the Detail Design Phase.
- 1.1.4 In all documents, the word "shall" and equivalent expressions like "to be", "is to", "is required to", "has to", "must" and "it is necessary" are used to state that a provision is mandatory.
- 1.1.5 Unless otherwise expressed, any reference to "CONTRACTOR responsibility" or "CONTRACTOR's responsibilities" means that the CONTRACTOR will design, supply, install, operate and maintain according to the Contract provisions with no commercial interference or responsibility from PETROBRAS.
- 1.1.6 PETROBRAS "approval" or "comments" on the documents shall not exempt CONTRACTOR from responsibility to carry out the work in accordance with contractual and legal requirements.
- 1.1.7 The design of the Unit shall be based on field proven solutions and PETROBRAS, at their sole discretion, have the right to reject any detail of the Unit's design.
- 1.1.8 CONTRACTOR shall provide stand-by equipment, ready to operate, for systems which require full capacity on continuous operation, in order to guarantee no process capacity reduction or degradation of the oil, gas and water specification. CONTRACTOR shall also comply with stand-by philosophy for equipment whenever specifically required in this GTD. This requirement includes the necessary redundancy for pressure safety valves (PSVs).

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR LEASED UNITS

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1.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

TITLE:

1.2.1 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1.2.1.1 Throughout this document, the following Technical Specifications and drawings are referenced:

#	Document Number	Rev.	Title
<mark>1</mark>	I-ET-3A36.00-1000-941-PPC-001	D	METOCEAN DATA
<mark>2</mark>	I-ET-3000.00-1350-940-P56-001	А	SPREAD MOORING AND RISER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS
<mark>3</mark>	I-ET-3010.00-1500-274-PLR-001	D	RISERS TOP INTERFACE LOADS ANALYSIS
<mark>4</mark>	I-ET-XXXX.XX-1200-813-P4X-001	A	FLOW METERING SYSTEM FOR LEASED UNITS
<mark>5</mark>	I-ET-3010.00-5400-947-P4X-001	L	SAFETY GUIDELINES FOR OFFSHORE PRODUCTION UNITS
<mark>6</mark>	I-ET-3010.00-1359-960-PY5-001	Q	OFFSHORE LOADING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS
7	I-DE-0000.00-0000-140-P9U-002	A	CONICAL RECEPTACLE "TYPE B"
<mark>8</mark>	I-ET-3000.00-1500-800-PEK-011	O	SUBSEA PRODUCTION CONTROL SYSTEM FOR FPSO
<mark>9</mark>	I-ET-XXXX.XX-5510-760-PPT-579	O	TELECOM MASTER SPECIFICATIONS FOR FPSO CHARTERED
<mark>10</mark>	I-ET-3000.00-5521-931-PEA-001	0	METOCEAN DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS
<mark>11</mark>	ET-3000.00-5139-800-PEK-006	A	DIRETRIZES DE ENGENHARIA PARA SISTEMAS HIDRÁULICOS DE SUPERFÍCIE PARA CONTROLE DE POÇOS E EQUIPAMENTOS SUBMARINOS
<mark>12</mark>	FD-3000.00-1500-941-PEK-001	O	DADOS PARA PROJETO DA HPU DOS EQUIPAMENTOS SUBMARINOS
<mark>13</mark>	I-RL-3A00.00-1000-941-PPC-001	A	DURATION OF EXTREME CURRENT PROFILES AND CLUSTERS OF SIMULTANEOUS METOCEAN CONDITIONS
<mark>14</mark>	I-DE-0000.00-0000-140-P56-001	<mark>0</mark>	RISER TOP CONNECTOR MOCK-UP GEOMETRY REFERENCE
<mark>15</mark>	I-ET-3010.00-5529-812-PAZ-001	F	ANNULUS PRESSURE MONITORING AND RELIEF SYSTEM
<mark>16</mark>	I-ET-XXXX.XX-1200-000-P4X-001	<mark>0</mark>	OPERATION PHILOSOPHY
<mark>17</mark>	I-DE-3000.00-1500-941-P56-002	<mark>0</mark>	RISER SUPPORTS ARRANGEMENT CONCEPTUAL DESIGN - FPSO BALCONY (NOTE 1)
<mark>18</mark>	I-ET-3000.00-5530-850-PEA-001	<mark>0</mark>	POSITIONING AND NAVIGATION SYSTEMS
<mark>19</mark>	I-ET-3010.00-5529-854-PEK-001	B	MODA RISER MONITORING SYSTEM – FPU SCOPE (SPREAD MOORING)
<mark>20</mark>	I-ET-3010.00-1300-279-PPC-301	0	DIVERLESS BELL MOUTH SUPPLY SPECIFICATION

			TECHNICAL SPECIFICATI	ON [№]	I-ET-XXXX.XX-1200-941-	-P4X-001	REV.	А
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DETROBRAS GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR		INTERNAL						
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	<mark>21</mark>	I-LI	-3010.00-1300-279-PPC-300	D	DIVERLESS BELL MOUTH DRAWINGS	I PART LI	ST	
	<mark>22</mark>	I-E	T-3000.00-1210-010-P8J-001	<mark>0</mark>	FLUIDS FOR SPECIAL OPERATIONS			
	<mark>23</mark>	I-E	T-3000.00-5529-850-PEK-001	A	RIGID RISER MONITORING SYSTEM (RRMS) – FPU SCOPE			
	<mark>24</mark>	I-E	T-XXXX.XX-5524-941-XXX-001	A	PERMANENT RESERVOII SYSTEM – SPREAD MOO SCOPE			
	<mark>25</mark>	I-E	T-XXXX.XX-1200-600-P4X-X25	<mark>0</mark>	PIG FACILITIES			

NOTE 1: Will be confirmed at Project kick-off meeting.

1.2.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- 1.2.2.1 The Unit design life shall be at least XXX years. During the Contract period, the Unit shall be adequate for uninterrupted operation, without the need of dry-docking.
- 1.2.2.2 The Unit shall be capable to be moored offshore Brazil, at a location with water depth of XXX meters.
- 1.2.2.3 As a brief overview, the Unit will receive the production from subsea oil, condensate or gas wells and shall have production plant facilities to process fluids, stabilize them and separate produced water and natural gas. Processed liquids will be metered, stored in the vessel cargo storage tanks and offloaded to shuttle tankers.
- 1.2.2.4 Produced gas, with CO2 and H2S, shall be compressed, dehydrated, and used as a fuel gas and for lifting oil production. Remaining gas will be exported/reinjected in the reservoir. Produced water will be reinjected into reservoir or disposed overboard. The Process Plant shall have the processing capacities as listed in Table 1.2.2.4.

Parameter	Capacity
Total Maximum Liquids	<mark>28,600 Sm³/d</mark>
Total Maximum Oil	<mark>28,600 Sm³/d</mark>
Total Produced Water	<mark>24,000 Sm³/d</mark>
Total De-Sulphated Sea Water Injection	<mark>39,800 Sm³/d</mark>
Total Gas Handling, including lift gas, treatment and compression	<mark>12,000,000 Sm³/d</mark>

Table 1.2.2.4- Process Plant Capacities

1.2.2.5 The Unit shall have the minimum facilities specified in this document to send part of the injection gas to another Unit and/or be connected to a subsea separator (HISEP[™], see item 2.11 for detail). These scenarios may occur during the production life. All additional facilities required for these scenarios and not specified in this GTD will be mutually agreed with CONTRACTOR.

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PETROBRAS	TITLE	GENERAL TECHNICAL			INT	ERNAL	
		LEASED	UNITS		E	SUP	
		ACTOR shall consider the SL			nts. The	Unit sha	all
consider <mark>23</mark> wells in the design (see section 15).							
		Table 1.2	2.2.6Well				
		Wells		Quantity			
		Production		<u>11</u>			
		Injection WAG (Water Alternating Gas)		<mark>11</mark>			
		Injection Gas		1			
1.2.2.7 In :	summ	ary, the Unit shall have the fol	lowing	main characteristic	s:		
	greate	shaped or barge-shaped Unit er, with a minimum storage ca argo tanks, to be offloaded, of	pacity, i	i.e. minimum volun	ne of oil a	,	
•	Offloa	ding system, including hawse	r and ex	(port hose;			
•	Sprea	d Mooring System;					
 Process plant, comprising deck structure, safety facilities, steel flare tower or flare boom, equipment for oil processing, associated gas treatment, compression and re-injection, sea water treatment and injection, produced water treatment and re- injection, etc.; 							
•	 Utilities necessary to keep the Unit's standalone operation capacity; 						
	 Power generation system to meet all the needs of the Unit, based on dual fuel gas turbine-generators; 						
 Gas compression plant comprising high-pressure centrifugal compressors driven by electric motor or gas turbine; 							
 Accommodation for normal operation crew, maintenance technicians required for contracted performance and for PETROBRAS representatives. The Unit design accommodation size shall be compatible with the People On Board (POB) required to accomplish the CONTRACTOR's operation, maintenance and asset integrity management plans; 							
 Facilities to connect risers for oil production, gas-lift, gas transfer, gas export, water/gas injection and HISEP[™] connection; 							
•	Cargo	handling systems, including o	cranes,	monorails, rail cars	s, etc.;		
•	Helide	eck;					
•	Telec	ommunication facilities.					
1.3 CLA	SSIF	ICATION					
com	prisin	CTOR shall contract a CS to g the design, construction signing phases. This CS shall	n, inst	tallation on site	, operat	tion an	

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PETROBRAS	GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRI LEASED UNITS	PTION FOR	INTERNAL
tran dec	CS shall also consider all construction loads a sportation from construction/conversion s ommissioning, from Brazil to a point outside i se conditions for the final approval of the Unit o	shipyard to E ts territory. The	Brazil and, afte
requ	e CS's Certificates shall clearly specify that uirements for continuous operation during its on the site without the need to be dry-docked in a second	design life, as st	
	eptable CSs are <mark>DNV GL (Det Norske Veritas</mark> itas), ABS (American Bureau of Shipping) and I		
1.3.5 The item	e Unit shall obtain Main Class and/or Class No	tation encompa	ssing the following
•	Vessel structure, equipment and marine syste	ms;	
•	Permanent mooring system;		
•	Production facilities and utilities;		
•	Fuel gas system;		
•	Oil storage;		
•	Offloading;		
•	Inert gas system;		
•	Automation and control systems;		
•	Centralized Control Room Operation;		
•	Lifting Appliances;		
•	Safety System/Equipment;		
•	Lifesaving System/Equipment.		

- 1.3.6 Riser System Classification is not part of CONTRACTOR's scope of work. CONTRACTOR's scope shall cover down to the last flanged connection in all risers.
- 1.3.7 During construction and operational phase, CONTRACTOR shall provide, whenever requested by PETROBRAS, the Classification and Regulatory status reporting the pending items with corresponding due dates, and any other relevant information about the Unit.

1.4 UNITS AND IDENTIFICATION OF EQUIPMENT

- 1.4.1 The metric system complying with International Organization for Standardization (ISO) standard, as far as practicable shall be used for equipment, machinery and fittings identification and data.
- 1.4.2 The Standard conditions are defined as:

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	LEASED UNITS	ES	UP	

- Sm³ @ 15.6 °C and 101.3 kPa(a);
- Nm³ @ 20 °C and 101.3 kPa(a), as per Agência Nacional do Petróleo, Gás Natural e Biocombustíveis (ANP) metering regulation requirement.
- 1.4.3 All Unit identification, signs and documents shall be written according to the Brazilian Administration and Flag Authorities requirements. All stationary equipment, including those to which Norma Regulamentadora Nº 13 (NR-13) does not apply, must be identified on the field.

2 PROCESS

2.1 GENERAL

- 2.1.1 CONTRACTOR shall design Process plant according to the following norms: API RP 14C.
- 2.1.2 Process Plant and Utilities shall operate normally when subjected to the motions induced by the environmental conditions (see section 13).
- 2.1.3 CONTRACTOR shall bear in mind that, as the design is part of the Contract and falls under CONTRACTOR's responsibility, production shutdown or degraded oil, water or gas specification or any other equipment malfunction due to vessel motions shall not be acceptable. CONTRACTOR shall minimize vessel motions in all environmental conditions.
- 2.1.4 CONTRACTOR shall also design the topsides facilities according to riser characteristics included but not limited to item 15.2.

2.2 FLUID CHARACTERISTICS

- 2.2.1 PRODUCED OIL AND RESERVOIR
- 2.2.1.1 The typical range of properties for the oil is indicated in the Table below and shall be taken into account for all design purposes. CONTRACTOR shall design the Unit to process oil with any blend within these properties. CONTRACTOR shall make simulations to assess the correct design parameters.
- 2.2.1.2 CONTRACTOR shall submit the process simulation files and report to PETROBRAS for comments considering the range of fluid components.

Table 2.2.1.2011 Properties and Contaminants				
Oil Properties and contaminants				
Oil API grade	<mark>29</mark>			
Viscosity (dry – dead oil) (1)	378.1 cP @ 4 ⁰C 226.9 cP @ 10 ⁰C 34.9 cP @ 25 ⁰C 10.7 cP @ 50 ⁰C			

Table 2.2.1.20il Properties and Contaminants
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PET	GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR LEASED UNITS						ESUP		
			L					50P	
					<mark>5.9 c</mark>	P @ 70 ⁰C			
		Wax Ap (2, 3)	pearance Tem	perature		C (1 st event) C (2 nd event)			
		Pour Po	<mark>pint</mark>			<mark>12°C</mark>			
		Foam				s (severe)			
		Sand/So	olids (2,4)		0,XX	.% m/m (5)			
NC	TE 1: Pres	ssure loss d	lue to emulsifie	d oil viso	cosity shall be	considered.			
NC			R shall design p x crystals and y			ure operation	al conti	nuity	
NC	TE 3: Wa	x is expecte	d to deposit or	nly in the	second event				
NC	and (FW was dec	l sand) is red /KO), Test \$ sh connections is to use	of facilities to quired for High Separators and ons as well as online or offlir roduction conti	Pressure d electros the flush ne sand	e (<mark>HP) Separa</mark> static treaters. hing inside the	t <mark>or</mark> , Free Wat The system vessel. It is	er Knoc shall in CONTI	kout [clude RACT	Drum sand OR's
NC	DTE 5: To I	be confirme	d at Kick of Me	eting (K	oM).				
2.2	2.2 PROD	UCED WEL	LS COMPOSI	TION					
2.2	CON comr	TRACTOR	shall design shall submit t process simu	to PETR	OBRAS, duri	ng the exect	ution pl	hase,	for
2.2		e simulation	ns shall clearl	y show	the operating	conditions of	of proce	ess pl	lant
2.2	2.2.2.3 These simulations shall consider the premises in Table 2.2.2.3 (steady flow condition):							low	
			Table	<u>-2223</u>	esign Cases				
			1400		Oil	Liquid	(Gas	
		Cases		Temp. (°C)	Flow rate (2)	Flow rate	Flow	rate ((3)
				(1)	(Sm3/d)	(Sm3/d)	(S	m3/d))
	Max Oil /	[/] Max Gas	1 Well A 2 Well C	30 45	28,600 28,600	28,600 28,600	<mark>12,</mark> 0)00,00)00,00	<mark>)0</mark>
		uid / Max as	3 Well A	40	17,160	28,600		00,00	
	50% BS	SW / Max quid	4 Well D	<mark>40</mark>	14,300	28,600	<mark>6,0</mark>	00,00	0

 kPa(a). Under some conditions, e.g. intermittent flow, pressure can achieve lowe values. NOTE 10: It shall be considered 60 ppmv of H2S in the produced gas. NOTE 11: For simulation cases with 0% BS&W (Basic Sediment & Water), if necessary to the state of the state	_	TECHNICA	AL SP	ECIFICA	TION [№]	I-ET-XXXX	.XX-1200-941-P		REV.
PETROBRAS GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR LEASED UNITS INTERNAL ESUP Max Water / Max Liquid \$ Well A Z0 4.600 28.600 8.000.000 Max Arrying Temperature \$ Well B 95 4.000 24.000 10.000.000 Max Vater / Max Liquid \$ Well B 95 4.000 24.000 10.000.000 Max Gas / Low Liquid \$ Well D 20 14.300 14.300 12.000.000 Liquid \$ Well D 20 14.300 14.000 40.000 0.000.000 Liquid \$ Well D 20 14.300 12.000.000 10.000.000 Liquid \$ Well D 20 14.300 12.000.000 10.000.000 Liquid \$ Well D 20 4.000 4.000 14.000.000 Note Fish \$ Well B 10 2.000 2.000 4.000.000 NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production she dealed beind temperature an vary from 10*C to 9	BR	TITI F:					SH	10	
Max Water / Max E Well A Z0 4,600 28,600 3,000,000 Max Arrying B Well B 95 4,000 24,000 10,000,000 Max Water / Max Z Well D 85 4,600 28,600 12,000,000 Max Water / Max Z Well D 20 14,300 14,300 12,000,000 Liquid B Well D 30 7,150 14,300 12,000,000 Max Gas / Low 10 Well D 30 7,150 14,300 12,000,000 Liquid 11 Well B 10 2,000 4,000 16,000,000 Liquid 11 Well B 10 2,000 4,000 18,00,000 Liquid 11 Well B 10 2,000 4,000 18,00,000 NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production the blend temperature can vary from 10°C to 95°C. NOTE 3: Gas Flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers to dead oil conditions. NOTE 3: Gas Flow rate at inlet of the	PETROBRAS	GI	GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR						
LiquidPWell AWell AAUAUUUAUUUUUUMax Arriving6Well B954,00024,00010,000,000Max Water / Max7Well D854,60028,60012,000,000Liquid9Well D2014,30014,30012,000,000Liquid9Well D2014,30014,30012,000,000Liquid10Well D307,15014,30012,000,000Liquid11Well B104,0004,0001,800,000Liquid11Well B102,0004,0001,800,000Liquid11Well B102,0004,0001,800,000Liquid12Well B102,0004,0001,800,000NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production the blend temperature can vary from 10°C to 95°C.NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers t dead oil conditions.NOTE 3: Gas Flow rate at inlet of the dehydration unit, considering gas from HP separatic and LP Gas compressor. Any recirculation of gas streams shall be added onto th Gas Flow rate. Gas Lift recirculation should not be considered.NOTE 4: In order to achieve the desired Gas Oil Ratio (GOR) for each design case, simulatio may be adjusted by subjecting Well Fluids through a series of flashes, an recombining the gas and oil rates to match the flowrates indicated in Table 2.2.2.3NOTE 5: The design water cut at the production header goes from 0% up to 95%.<									
Max Arriving Temperature8Weil B954.00024.00010.000.000Max Water / Max Liquid7Weil D854.60028.60012.000.000Max Gas / Low8Weil D2014.30014.30012.000.000Liquid9Weil D2014.30014.30012.000.000Liquid10Weil D307.15014.30012.000.000Liquid11Weil D307.15014.30012.000.000Liquid11Weil D2044,0004.0001.800.000Low Flow12Weil D102.0002.0004.000.000NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production the blend temperature can vary from 10°C to 95°C.NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers to 			5	Well A	<mark>70</mark>	<mark>4,600</mark>	<mark>28,600</mark>	<mark>3,0</mark>	00,000
Max Water / MaxIWeil D854.60028.60012.000.000Max Gas / Low8Weil D2014.30014.30012.000.000Liquid9Weil D2014.30014.30012.000.000Max Gas / Low10Weil D307.15014.30012.000.000Liquid11Weil B104.0004.00010.000.000Low Flow12Weil B102.0004.0001.800.000NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production the blend temperature can vary from 10°C to 95°C.NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers t dead oil conditions.NOTE 3: Gas Flow rate at inlet of the dehydration unit, considering gas from HP separate and LP Gas compressor. Any recirculation of gas streams shall be added onto the Gas Flow Rate. Gas Lift recirculation should not be considered.NOTE 4: In order to achieve the desired Gas Oil Ratio (GOR) for each design case, simulatio may be adjusted by subjecting Well Fluids through a series of flashes, an recombining the gas and oil rates to match the flowrates indicated in Table 2.2.2.3NOTE 5: The design water cut at the production header goes from 0% up to 95%.NOTE 6: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR th pressure, temperature and flow rate conditions to size lift gas, water injection an gas injection/transfer choke valves.NOTE 8: The shut-in pressure at top production riser is 36.500 kPa(a).NOTE 9: The normal pressure range upstream of production choke valve is 7.500 to 31.00 kPa(a).	Max A	Arriving	<mark>6</mark>	Well B	<mark>95</mark>	4,000	24,000	<mark>10,0</mark>	000,000
Max Gas / Low B Well A 20 14,300 14,300 12,000,000 Liquid 9 Weil D 20 14,300 14,300 12,000,000 Liquid 10 Weil D 30 7,150 14,300 12,000,000 Liquid 11 Weil B 10 4,000 4,000 10,000,000 Low Flow 12 Weil B 10 2,000 4,000 1,000,000 NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production the blend temperature can vary from 10°C to 95°C. NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers the dead oil conditions. NOTE 3: Gas Flow rate at inlet of the dehydration unit, considering gas from HP separate and LP Gas compressor. Any recirculation of gas streams shall be added onto the Gas Flow Rate. Gas Lift recirculation should not be considered. NOTE 4: In order to achieve the desired Gas Oil Ratio (GOR) for each design case, simulatio may be adjusted by subjecting Well Fluids through a series of flashes, an recombining the gas and oil rates to match the flowrates indicated in Table 2.2.2.3. NOTE 5: The design water cut at the production header goes from 0% up to 95%. NOTE 6: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR th pressure, t	Max Wa	iter / Max	7	Well D	<mark>85</mark>	<mark>4,600</mark>	28,600	12,0	000,000
Liquid 9 Well D 20 14,300 14,300 12,000,000 Max Gas / Low 10 Well D 30 7,150 14,300 12,000,000 Liquid 11 Well B 10 4,000 4,000 10,000,000 Lew Flow 12 Well B 10 2,000 4,000 1,800,000 representative 12 A Well B 10 2,000 2,000 4,000,000 NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production the blend temperature can vary from 10°C to 95°C. NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers the dead oil conditions. NOTE 3: Gas Flow rate at inlet of the dehydration unit, considering gas from HP separate and LP Gas compressor. Any recirculation of gas streams shall be added onto the Gas Flow Rate. Gas Lift recirculation should not be considered. NOTE 4: In order to achieve the desired Gas Oil Ratio (GOR) for each design case, simulatio may be adjusted by subjecting Well Fluids through a series of flashes, an recombining the gas and oil rates to match the flowrates indicated in Table 2.2.2.3 NOTE 5: The design water cut at the production header goes from 0% up to 95%. NOTE 6: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR th pres			8	Well A	<mark>20</mark>	14,300	14,300	12,0	000,000
Liquid I1 Well B IQ 4,000 4,000 10,000,000 Low Flow I2 Well A 20 4,000 4,000 1,800,000 Icepresentative) I2 A Well B 10 2,000 4,000 1,800,000 NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production the blend temperature can vary from 10°C to 95°C. NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers to dead oil conditions. NOTE 3: Gas Flow rate at inlet of the dehydration unit, considering gas from HP separate and LP Gas compressor. Any recirculation of gas streams shall be added onto the Gas Flow Rate. Gas Lift recirculation should not be considered. NOTE 4: In order to achieve the desired Gas Oil Ratio (GOR) for each design case, simulatio may be adjusted by subjecting Well Fluids through a series of flashes, an recombining the gas and oil rates to match the flowrates indicated in Table 2.2.2.3 NOTE 5: The design water cut at the production header goes from 0% up to 95%. NOTE 6: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR th pressure, temperature and flow rate conditions to size lift gas, water injection an gas injection/transfer choke valves. NOTE 7: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR th pressure, temperature and flow rate conditions to size lift gas, water injection an gas injection/transfer choke valves.			<mark>9</mark>	Well D			14,300		
Low Flow (representative) 12 Well A 20 4,000 4,000 1,800,000 NOTE 1: Operational temperature for the blend downstream of production choke valve. Durin the production the blend temperature can vary from 10°C to 95°C. NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers t dead oil conditions. NOTE 3: Gas Flow rate at inlet of the dehydration unit, Gas Flow Rate. Gas Lift recirculation should not be considering gas from HP separate and LP Gas compressor. Any recirculation should not be considered. NOTE 4: In order to achieve the desired Gas Oil Ratio (GOR) for each design case, simulatio may be adjusted by subjecting Well Fluids through a series of flashes, an recombining the gas and oil rates to match the flowrates indicated in Table 2.2.2.3 NOTE 5: The design water cut at the production header goes from 0% up to 95%. NOTE 6: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR th pressure, temperature and flow rate conditions to size lift gas, water injection an gas injection/transfer choke valves. NOTE 7: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR th pressure, temperature and flow rate conditions to size lift gas, water injection an gas injection/transfer choke valves. NOTE 8: The shut-in pressure at top production riser is 36,500 kPa(a). NOTE 9: The normal pressure range upstream of production choke valve is 7,500 to 31,00 kPa(a). Under some conditions, e.g. intermittent flow, pressure can achieve low values. NOTE 10: It shall be considered 80 ppmv of H2									· · ·
Image: Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text									
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 NOTE 6: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR the pressure, temperature and flow rate conditions (steady flow and well start-up) to size production choke valves. NOTE 7: During project execution phase PETROBRAS will provide to CONTRACTOR the pressure, temperature and flow rate conditions to size lift gas, water injection and gas injection/transfer choke valves. NOTE 8: The shut-in pressure at top production riser is 36,500 kPa(a). NOTE 9: The normal pressure range upstream of production choke valve is 7,500 to 31,00 kPa(a). NOTE 9: The normal pressure range upstream of production choke valve is 7,500 to 31,00 kPa(a). NOTE 10: It shall be considered 60 ppmv of H2S in the produced gas. NOTE 11: For simulation cases with 0% BS&W (Basic Sediment & Water), if necessary to recirculate fluids for heating, CONTRACTOR shall consider recirculation of 100 oil stream. 		-	-						
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 NOTE 9: The normal pressure range upstream of production choke valve is 7,500 to 31,00 kPa(a). Under some conditions, e.g. intermittent flow, pressure can achieve lowe values. NOTE 10: It shall be considered 60 ppmv of H2S in the produced gas. NOTE 11: For simulation cases with 0% BS&W (Basic Sediment & Water), if necessary to recirculate fluids for heating, CONTRACTOR shall consider recirculation of 1009 oil stream. 	pres	ssure, temp	eratur	e and flo	w rate		•		
 kPa(a). Under some conditions, e.g. intermittent flow, pressure can achieve lowe values. NOTE 10: It shall be considered 60 ppmv of H2S in the produced gas. NOTE 11: For simulation cases with 0% BS&W (Basic Sediment & Water), if necessary to recirculate fluids for heating, CONTRACTOR shall consider recirculation of 1009 oil stream. 	NOTE 8: The	shut-in pre	ssure	at top pro	oductior	riser is <mark>36,50</mark> 0	0 kPa(a).		
NOTE 11: For simulation cases with 0% BS&W (Basic Sediment & Water), if necessary recirculate fluids for heating, CONTRACTOR shall consider recirculation of 100° oil stream.	NOTE 9: The normal pressure range upstream of production choke valve is <mark>7,500 to 31,000 kPa(a)</mark> . Under some conditions, e.g. intermittent flow, pressure can achieve lower values.								
recirculate fluids for heating, CONTRACTOR shall consider recirculation of 1009 oil stream.	NOTE 10: It s	shall be con	sidere	d <mark>60 ppr</mark>	iv of H2	<mark>S</mark> in the produ	ced gas.		
NOTE 12: For HISEPTM design cases, refer to item 2.11.2.	NOTE 11: For simulation cases with 0% BS&W (Basic Sediment & Water), if necessary to recirculate fluids for heating, CONTRACTOR shall consider recirculation of 100%								
	NOTE 12: Fo	r HISEPTM	desig	n cases,	refer to	item 2.11.2.			

REV. **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**[№] I-ET-XXXX.XX-1200-941-P4X-001 SHEET 11 of 145 BR TITLE: INTERNAL **GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR** PETROBRAS LEASED UNITS ESUP 2.2.2.4 Table 2.2.2.4 shall be considered for the fluid composition. Table 2.2.2.4: Well Fluid Composition Component Well A Well B Well C Well D CO₂ 37.78 31.74 54,42 60.05 **N2** 0.20 0.25 0,2 0.20 32.32 C1 36.27 36.27 35,42 3,71 2.76 C2 4.86 5.99 C3 3.31 1.56 4.08 2.1 iC4 0.54 0.26 0,34 0.67 nC4 1.72 1.40 0.66 0,89 iC5 0.45 0.21 0.55 0,29 nC5 0.71 0.34 0.87 0,45 C6 0.81 0.10 1.00 0,14 Benzene х Х X X **C7** Х Х Х Х Toluene х X х Х **C8** Х X X X C2-Benzene Х X X X M. and P. Xylenes Х X X Х O. Xylene Х Х Х Х C9 Y Y

А

	<u>^</u>	<u>^</u>	^	<u>^</u>
<mark>C10</mark>	<mark>0.82</mark>	<mark>0.10</mark>	<mark>1.01</mark>	<mark>0,14</mark>
C11	0.72	0.09	<mark>0.89</mark>	<mark>0,12</mark>
C12	<mark>0.65</mark>	<mark>0.08</mark>	<mark>0.80</mark>	0,11
<mark>C13</mark>	<mark>0.67</mark>	<mark>0.08</mark>	<mark>0.83</mark>	<mark>0,11</mark>
C14	<mark>0.57</mark>	0.07	<mark>0.70</mark>	<mark>0,1</mark>
C15	<mark>0.54</mark>	0.07	<mark>0.67</mark>	<mark>0,1</mark>
<mark>C16</mark>	0.42	<mark>0.05</mark>	<mark>0.52</mark>	<mark>0,07</mark>
C17	<mark>0.38</mark>	<mark>0.05</mark>	<mark>0.47</mark>	<mark>0,06</mark>
<mark>C18</mark>	<mark>0.40</mark>	<mark>0.05</mark>	<mark>0.49</mark>	<mark>0,07</mark>
<mark>C19</mark>	<mark>0.35</mark>	<mark>0.04</mark>	<mark>0.43</mark>	<mark>0,06</mark>
<mark>C20+</mark>	<mark>5.23</mark>	<mark>0.48</mark>	<mark>6.44</mark>	<mark>0,64</mark>
Mol. Weight C20+	<mark>529</mark>	<mark>559</mark>	<mark>523</mark>	<mark>558</mark>
Density C20+	<mark>0.9443</mark>	0.8810	0.9075	<mark>0,882</mark>

2.2.3 WELL TEST CHARACTERISTICS

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PETROBI	PETROBRAS GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR INTERNAL							
	LEASED UNITS ESUP							
2.2.3.1 Table 2.2.3.1 shall be taken into account to define the test separator system (test heater, three-phase test separator, pumps and other related items). Table 2.2.3.1: FPSO Capacities								
	CHARACTERISTICS	ΝΟΤΕ	V	ALUE				
		Maximum		om³/d (note 1)				
	Oil Flow rate	Minimum, for accuracy of measurement purpose						
		Maximum 4,		4,000,000 Sm³/d				
	Gas Flow rate	Minimum	<mark>75,00</mark>)0 Sm³/d				
	Water cut	For accuracy of measurement purpose	<mark>0 t</mark>	<mark>o 95%</mark>				
	Arrival temperature upstream choke valve			to 95 °C Note 2)				

NOTE 1: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1. It refers to dead oil conditions.

NOTE 2: CONTRACTOR shall consider the following scenarios for well test header:

Scenario	Gas Flowrate (MM Sm ³ /d)	Oil Flowrate (Sm ³ /d)	Water Flowrate (Sm ³ /d)	T (°C)
<mark>1</mark>	<mark>4.0</mark>	<mark>8,000</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>25</mark>
2	<mark>4.0</mark>	<mark>4,000</mark>	<mark>4,000</mark>	<mark>30</mark>
<mark>3</mark>	<mark>4.0</mark>	<mark>2,400</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>10</mark>
<mark>4</mark>	<mark>3.0</mark>	<mark>1,000</mark>	<mark>0</mark>	<mark>-10</mark>

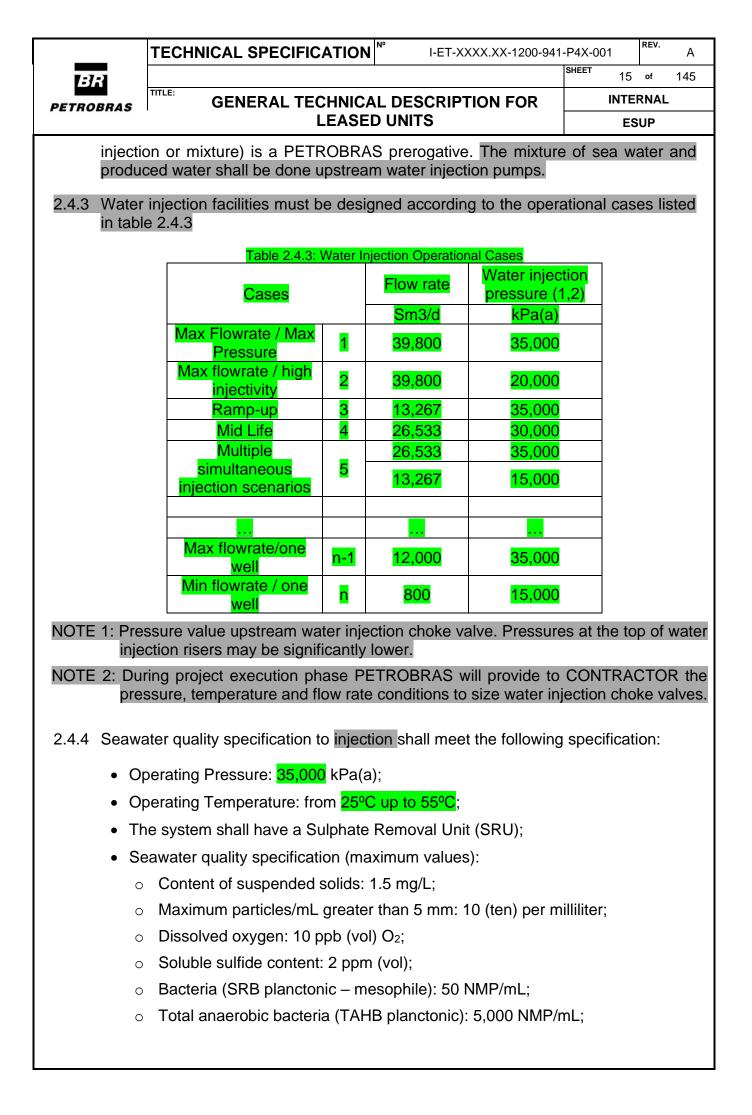
- 2.2.3.2 CONTRACTOR shall consider that test separator will have a recycle of oil stream from a point upstream oil allocation metering to one point in the test header as close as possible to the choke valve. This recycle will be used to maintain the temperature upstream test heater above 15°C.
- 2.2.3.3 Well test separator shall be able to operate from low pressure up to the HP separator normal operating Pressure of 6,500 kPa(a). During low pressure operations, expected for well kick-off purpose, produced gas from test separator may be routed to flare and liquids routed to further lower pressure separation stages.
- 2.2.3.4 Test separator shall be sized for the maximum liquid and gas flow with the normal operating pressure of 6,500 kPa(a).
- 2.2.3.5 Test separator will also receive fluids such as wells completion fluids and special operations fluids. The list of expected completion and special operations fluids can be found in the FLUIDS FOR SPECIAL OPERATIONS (see item 1.2.1). Completion Fluids and special operations fluids shall be routed to oil offspec tank in order to

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	prevent impacts in production. CONTRACTOR shall be responsible to treat completion fluids for final destination.						
	2.2.3.6 Stand-by pump(s) shall be provided for test separator in order to allow recirculation for production header and send to low pressure vessels.						
temp	2.2.3.7 The test separator system shall be sized to guarantee a minimum operating temperature of 40°C for any of the scenarios presented on item 2.2.3.1 NOTE 2 above.						
2.2.3.8 The	well test heater and well test separ	ator may receive wax cry	vstals.				
2.2.3.9 CON	TRACTOR shall provide test heate	er bypass.					
2.2.4 PROD	UCED GAS						
	complete description of the gas tro 2.7.3.	eatment and compressio	n plant is found on				
2.2.5 PROD	DUCED WATER						
2.2.5.1 Salin	ity range: from <mark>30,000 to 320,000</mark>	mg/L (as NaCl).					
2.2.5.2 The	complete description of the produc	ed water plant is found o	n item 2.7.4.				
2.3 PROC	ESS						
2.3.1 CARG	O TANKS/ EXPORTED OIL						
2.3.1.1 The	oil to be stored and exported shall	meet the following specif	ication:				
• Ba	asic Sediment & Water content (BS	&W): lower than 0.5% vo	ol.;				
• Sa	alinity: less than 285 mg/L (as NaC	l);					
• Re	eid Vapor Pressure (RVP): < 68.9	<pa 37.8°c;<="" at="" th=""><td></td></pa>					
• H2	2S: < 1 mg/kg;						
• Ma (a)	aximum Oil True Vapor Pressure);	(TVP) @measurement t	emperature: 70 kPa				
• St	uggested Storage temperature: 450	<mark>°C</mark> ;					
	esolução Conjunta ANP/Inmetro ocuments which substitutes it).	nº1 de 10/06/2013 (d	or another updated				

2.3.2 PRODUCED WATER DISPOSAL

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PETROBRAS			INTERNA	L
	LEASED U	JNITS	ESUP	
regu <i>Meic</i> <i>Técr</i> <i>Rec</i> u cont shall	disposal of produced water shall lations issued by Environmental M o Ambiente (CONAMA) Resolution nica IBAMA 01/2011 (IBAMA - Ins ursos Naturais Renováveis). The ent of Oil & Grease (TOG) in prod be the Standard Method (SM) SM actable material (HEM).	Ainistry, through its Con ns 393/2007, 430/2011 stituto Brasileiro do Mei analytical method used luced water to be discha	selho Nacion (art.28), and o Ambiente e to determine trged to overb	al do Nota e dos e the poard
2.3.3 SERV	ICE AND LIFT GAS			
2.3.3.1 The	lift gas to provide artificial lift shall n	neet the following specifi	cation:	
• G	as lift riser:			
0	Normal lift gas temperature at the	e top of the riser: 40 °C;		
o	Normal Operating Pressure at the	e top of the riser: 25,000	kPa (a);	
o	Design Pressure: 36,500kPa (a);			
o	Maximum 120 ppmv of H2S;			
o	Maximum 85% mol CO2;			
o	Maximum H2O content: acco specification and process plant c		ration Unit	<mark>(GDU)</mark>
o	Design Temperature: -20°C to 50)°C, to be confirmed duri	ng execution p	bhase.
• G	as injection riser:			
C	 Normal gas injection temperature 	e at the top of the riser: 4	0 °C;	
c	Normal Operating Pressure: 55,0	000 kPa (a);		
c	Design Pressure: 60,500 kPa (a)	<mark>;</mark>		
C	Maximum 120 ppmv of H2S;			
C				
C	Maximum H2O content: accordi configuration;	ing to GDU specificatior	and process	s plant
c	Design Temperature: -30°C to 50	0°C, to be confirmed duri	ng execution	ohase.
2.4 WATE	ER INJECTION			
(eleve	Init shall be able to operate continuen) connected wells through 11 pos 6. I7, the 12 th injection slot, is conne	sitions: I1A/B, I2 A/B, I3 /	A/B, I4 A/B, I5	

2.4.2 The Unit shall be able to inject seawater, produced water and mixtures of them. The decision to switch from one mode to another mode (seawater or produced water



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PETROBRAS			2			AL
	LEASED				ESUP	
0	Maximum sulphate content: 100 PETROBRAS during operation		be h	ligher if ro	eque	sted by
	ced water quality specification ication:	to reinjection shal	l m	eet the	foll	owing
• Op	perating Pressure: <mark>35,000</mark> kPa(a);					
• Op	perating Temperature: from 25°C	up to 55⁰C;				
• Pr	oduced Water quality specification	n (maximum values):				
0	Dispersed Oil, as measured by	SM5520F: 40 mg/L;				
0	Content of suspended solids (T	SS): 10 mg/L;				
0	Particle size: <mark>25 µm</mark>					
0	Dissolved oxygen: 10 ppb (vol)	O ₂ ;				
0	Soluble sulfide content: 15 ppm	(vol);				
0	Bacteria (SRB planctonic – mes	sophile): 50 NMP/mL;				
0	Total anaerobic bacteria (TAHB	planctonic): 5000 NM	IP/m	۱L.		
2.4.6 Water	injection riser characteristics:					
• No	ormal Operating Pressure: 35,000	kPa(a);				
• De	esign Pressure: <mark>38,500</mark> kPa(a);					
• Ma	aximum dissolved oxygen: 10 ppb	(vol) O ₂ ;				
• De	esign Temperature: <mark>3°C to 65°C</mark> .					
(incluc total f config 6x20% booste injectio PETR minim upstre memb is the s define	ystem shall consist of cartridge filt ding Clean-in-Place (CIP) system) flow rate of 39,800 m3/d of in uration, at least three trains (3x5 6 can also be considered. At lease or pumps, if applicable, and a mini- on pumps. The system shall be of OBRAS may require lower injection um number of injection pumps in of eam of the cartridge filters to minim- pranes can also be employed as ar selected alternative, design of the of by membrane supplier. This unit ninimum:	, chemical injection an njected desulphated 0%) are required, how st three trains (3x50% mum of four trains (4x designed considering on flowrates that sha operation. Multi-media nize cartridge filter repl n alternative to cartridg UF recovery shall con	d in weve 6) a 33% that ll be fine ace je fil side	iection pr ter. For er, 4x33% re requir) is requir a chieve e filters ca ment. Ult ters. If ult er inlet so	umps the 6, 5x ed for red f red f oper d with an be trafilt trafilt trafilt	of for a SRU 25%, or the or the ation, th the used ration ration ontent
Wa	ormal operation permeate flux and ater injection flowrate at all times utine maintenance;	•				
• Ma	aximum permeate flux in operation	n during cleaning: 80 l	_M⊦	l@25⁰C;		

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	lembrane shall be sodium hypoch pm during cleaning procedure;	lorite (NaOCI) resistant t	o a minimu	um of 5
• N	lembrane absolute pore size: maxi	mum of 0,22 µm;		
	Iltrafiltration design specification equirements.	shall be in accordance	to SRU	supplie
upstr	nd partial bypass of SRU Unit shall eam membranes). The bypass may ever requested by PETROBRAS.			
2.4.9 The S	Sulphate Removal Unit shall be loc	ated upstream Deaerator.		
when at full rate	is shall be provided to allow wate operating at minimum flow rate (o capacity (all wells connected). Me control, using information from op m shall have no stagnation points. ded.	nly one well connected w eans shall be provided for perational flow meters. T	ith minimal individual v The water	flow) c well flov injectio
2.4.11 The i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
produ syste upstr This i	njection water system shall have a uced water treatment unit and anoth m and oxygen scavenger injecti eam the solid removal unit and sha nterlock actuation will be defined la an installed stand-by instrument.	ner one installed downstreation point. The analyzer all be connected to process	am of the d shall be ss interlock	eaerato installe system
produ syste upstre This i have 2.4.12 The p the r	iced water treatment unit and anoth m and oxygen scavenger injecti eam the solid removal unit and sha nterlock actuation will be defined la	to be discharged overbo to be discharged overbo to la list is Petrobras dec	am of the d shall be ss interlock The analy: ard or reinj	eaerato installe system zer sha
produ syste upstre This i have 2.4.12 The p the r	iced water treatment unit and anoth m and oxygen scavenger injecti eam the solid removal unit and sha nterlock actuation will be defined la an installed stand-by instrument. produced water shall have options eservoir, as shown on figure 2.4	to be discharged overbo to be discharged overbo to la list is Petrobras dec	am of the d shall be ss interlock The analy: ard or reinj	eaerato installe system zer sha
produ syste upstru This i have 2.4.12 The p the r overb	iced water treatment unit and anoth m and oxygen scavenger injecti eam the solid removal unit and sha nterlock actuation will be defined la an installed stand-by instrument. oroduced water shall have options eservoir, as shown on figure 2.4 board or reinject the produced water	to be discharged overbo 1.12. It is Petrobras dec r.	am of the d shall be ss interlock The analyz ard or reinj cision to di	eaerato installe system zer sha ected i ischarg
produ syste upstre This i have 2.4.12 The p the r	iced water treatment unit and anoth m and oxygen scavenger injecti eam the solid removal unit and sha nterlock actuation will be defined la an installed stand-by instrument. Foroduced water shall have options eservoir, as shown on figure 2.4 board or reinject the produced water	er one installed downstreation point. The analyzer all be connected to process ater on by PETROBRAS. to be discharged overbout to be discharged over	am of the de shall be ss interlock The analy: ard or reinj cision to di sision to di	eaerato installe system zer sha ected i ischarg
produ syste upstru This i have 2.4.12 The p the r overb	iced water treatment unit and anoth m and oxygen scavenger injecti eam the solid removal unit and sha nterlock actuation will be defined la an installed stand-by instrument. broduced water shall have options eservoir, as shown on figure 2.4 board or reinject the produced wate	to be discharged overbo to be discharged overbo 1.12. It is Petrobras dec r. Treated Produced Water Booster Pumps roduced Water and/or Seawate	am of the destant of the destall be shall be so interlock. The analyze ard or reinjoision to distribute the overboard of the destant of the analyze ard or reinjoision to distribute the overboard of the destant of the	eaerato installe system zer sha ected i ischarg

installed downstream and upstream of shutdown valves in order to enable control by differential pressure.

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2.4.15 The water injection pumps (main, seawater booster, produced water booster and SRU feed pumps) shall comply with API 610 latest edition. Pump drivers may be electric motors or gas turbines from the vendors listed in item 19.1.1.7.

2.4.16 The main water injection pump shall be monitored for bearing and motor temperature, axial displacement and vibration as specified in item 8.12.

2.4.17 The water injection pumps sealing system shall comply with API-682 latest edition and, for pumps with produced water as working fluid, its design and sealing plan shall be suitable for salty and hot produced water where applicable. Additionally, API 62 auxiliary sealing plan (quench) shall be provided.

2.4.18 For acceptable vendor list for injection, see item 19.

2.5 DESIGN SUMMARY

2.5.1 WELL DESIGN SUMMARY

Table 2.5.1: Well Design Data

Design data	
Maximum liquid production flow rate per well	8,000 Sm³/d ⁽²⁾
Minimum liquid production flow rate per well	300 Sm³/d ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Water cut from one well	<mark>0% to 95%</mark>
Maximum gas production flow rate per well	4,000,000 Sm³/d
Maximum gas injection flow rate per well position	4,500,000 Sm³/d
Minimum gas injection flow rate per well position	500,000 Sm³/d ⁽¹⁾
Maximum water injection flow rate per well position	12,000 Sm³/d
Minimum water injection rate per well position	800 Sm³/d ⁽¹⁾
Maximum water injection operational pressure (top of risers)	<mark>35,000 kPa (a)</mark>
Maximum lift gas flow rate	2,000,000 Sm³/d
Maximum lift gas flow rate per well	500,000 Sm³/d
Arrival temperature ⁽³⁾	XxºC to yyºC

NOTE 1: For measurement accuracy purposes.

NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1, that refers to dead oil conditions.

NOTE 3: Temperature in steady state condition. During transient conditions temperatures can be lower.

2.6 TOPSIDE MANIFOLDS

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<mark>2.6.1</mark>		production wells shall be connected to 1 (one the shall be able th				
2.6.2	2.6.2 Emergency Shutdown Valves (ESDV) shall be installed in all wells' lines. ESDVs shall be in a position:					
	• St	uch that it is above water;				
	• St	uch that its exposure to topsides incidents is	s minimized;			
•	riser	ect to the above, such that the distance from is as short as reasonably practicable. So uated as part of Hazard Identification, R yses.	cenarios of rise	rs releases shall be		
2.6.3	philos inject provid	ems on the test train shall not affect the ophy applies to the production riser product hot Diesel (maximum 90°C) upstream each led. Facilities shall consider the possibilitions. The expected rate of hot Diesel inject resel.	cing to the test h ch production ch ity to inject die	eader. Facilities to oke valve shall be sel during shut-in		
2.6.4	have throug	Tow Metering System (FMS) flow meter of end its instantaneous flow rate signal sent to gh a hardwired connection. Logic implement design with PETROBRAS.	Process Shutdo	wn System (PSD)		
2.6.5	The T each v	est Header and the Test Separator shall pr	ovide periodical	production test for		
2.6.6		iction and test headers shall be provided wit ation and/or protect the facilities (anti-foamir	•			
2.6.7	service shall k valve injectio	production well shall have adjustable cho e/gas-lift). Opening accuracy/precision on t be remotely actuated from the Central Con shall also be able to be manually operated on and water injection wells shall have indiv ted or remotely actuated from the Central C	the valve stroke ntrol Room. The l. In addition, ea vidual chokes the	shall be 0.2% and production choke ch gas lift line, gas		
2.6.8	and do as we impler	FRACTOR shall provide temperature and provide temperature and provide temperature and provide the valve connected to all as differential pressure indication on earmentation associated to differential pressure design.	Process Shutdo ach production of	own System (PSD), choke valve. Logic		
2.6.9	others injectio	vice header to allow flexibility to access ea s shall also be provided. This service head on (pigging operations, Diesel circulation, ation, water circulation, gas circulation as se	ler may be usec bullhead operat	to perform Diesel ion, etc.), dead oil		

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	e header shall also have facilities) bed during pigging, commissioning	to inject ethanol or r	nonoethyler	ne glyc	col

2.6.11 Each I1 to I5 positions from both slots (A and B), I6 and I7 shall have a connection to the test header. This alignment refers to service header operations. The fluids from WAG positions shall be sent to test header.

2.6.12 PIG FACILITIES

2.6.12.1 For PIG facilities, see item 1.2.1(PIG FACILITIES).

2.6.13 WELL SERVICE SYSTEM

- 2.6.13.1 All subsea service operations (Diesel circulation, leak test, pigging, etc.) shall be done using facilities onboard. CONTRACTOR shall take into account the requirements of those operations, for example, volume control, pressure control, etc.
- 2.6.13.2 The Unit shall have facilities and space to allow the injection of nitrogen and service gas on top of production risers. The Nitrogen Generator Unit (NGU) will be supplied by PETROBRAS.
- 2.6.13.3 Well service system requirements:
 - The well service system shall be able to inject Diesel and oil from the cargo tanks in each of the production, service, water/gas injection lines.
 - The service pump shall operate with Diesel, crude oil or a mixture of Diesel and crude oil.
 - It shall be possible to inject a mixture of Diesel and oil in any proportion, it is under CONTRACTOR responsibility to provide proper facilities to measure and control the mixture. The fluids to be injected (Diesel, and crude oil or a mixture of Diesel/oil) shall be metered with dedicated fiscal metering.
 - Protection filters shall be provided upstream of each pumps suction, the filter specification shall be according to manufacturer's pump recommendation.
 - A dedicated atmospheric Diesel/oil service tank/vessel shall be installed at topsides for well service system operations (including Diesel and oil mixture) in order to avoid the return of reservoir fluid/gas to hull, protecting the Unit in case of gas return during well service operations. The minimum volume required for atmospheric Diesel /oil service tank/vessel shall be 30 m3. The atmospheric tank vent design shall comply with GTD item 2.7.5.10. The tank relief device shall be specified for emergency condition to avoid structural damage to the tank.

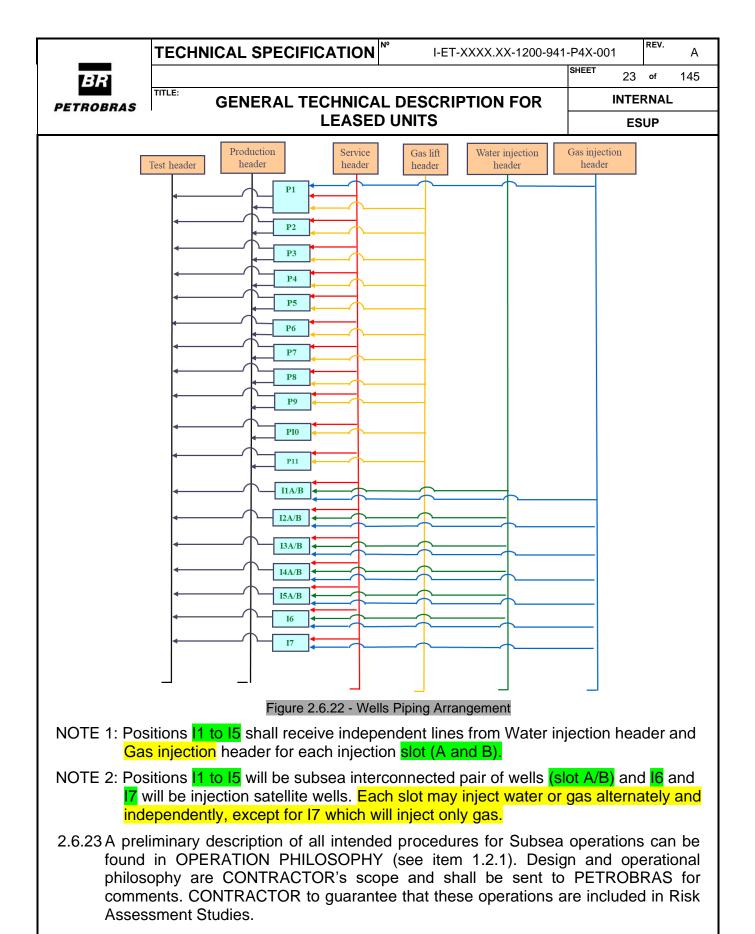
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- The service pumps and tanks shall be sized for a total flow of 34 to 340 m3/h of Diesel at maximum discharge pressure up to 33,000 kPa(a) (The service pump shall be positive displacement type according to API 674 and shall have a flow fiscal meter, one flow meter for each fluid). Flow control shall be obtained by variation in pump speed with a variable speed drive, with or without supplemental recycle. If supplemental recycle is needed, CONTRACTOR shall take special care to avoid cross contamination between the different operating fluids and recycle shall return to the dedicated atmospheric tank installed at topsides, recirculation to hull is not allowed. In case of recirculation is necessary, besides variable control, the necessity of recycle cooling shall be evaluated. A minimum arrangement of 2x50% to the service pump is required. A spare connection from laydown area to downstream of well service pump shall be available to allow connection (chicksan) of a Diesel motor driven service pump (including connections for supply to rented pump tank).
- It shall be provided means to perform the system flowrate test during commissioning.
- Whenever necessary, the well service system shall be prompt to be used.

2.6.13.4 WAG operations requirements:

- The Unit shall have specific devices to monitor pressure on topsides water injection lines in order to detect gas leakage to water injection subsea lines during gas injection operation in WAG loop paired line. In this case, an automatic action shall be activated to isolate pressure source.
- CONTRACTOR shall also consider specific control philosophies for water and gas operations.
- The Unit shall be able to inject hydrate inhibitor in Wet Christmas Tree for the WAG wells and depressurize the water injection line in case of gas leakage to water injection piping during gas injection operation.
- The Unit shall be able to inject Diesel and a MEG/ethanol bed (see Table 2.8.12 -NOTE 1).
- 2.6.13.5 Special operations requirements:
 - The Unit shall also be prepared to perform remote operations using pumps from Special Purpose Boats (squeeze, xylene, etc.) to operate alongside of the FPSO. Therefore, CONTRACTOR shall provide one permanent and dedicated line from the bunkering station to be tied into well service pump discharge header. This line shall be designed considering the pressure rating of the well service pump.
 - The CONTRACTOR shall provide facilities to isolate and drain service line and also flush topsides piping (using inert fluid) after the remote operation.
 - The Unit shall have a special permanent support with access and railing located at the side shell to fit the flexible lines coming from the special boat. Means for spill containment must be provided at the support. The place where the platform will install the special permanent support shall have structural capacity to support 18,000 kg. The flexible line shall be fitted using the FPSO crane. The flexible line weight will be 12,000 kg.

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	2.6.14 CONTRACTOR shall guarantee the performance of pigging operation regarding service fluid flowrate control.						
<mark>2.6.15 PETR</mark>	OBRAS is responsible to supply those pigs during operatior	nal lifetime.					
CONT	gas-lift header shall allow individual injection to ea RACTOR shall take into account the requirements to cont I well production and during pigging operations.	•					
produc	dividual flow meter shall be installed for each gas-lift ri ction satellite wells and <mark>gas injection</mark> riser of WAG wells. For s flow rate shall be controlled and totalized.						
	ies shall be provided to allow the depressurization of a ction, gas lift, <mark>gas injection</mark> with no production disturbance. T						
prop	a) Depressurization of all production risers within one hour (it shall consider the proposed subsea arrangement issued by PETROBRAS) in order to avoid hydrate blockage. Contractor shall consider as maximum subsea riser volume xxx m ³ and initial conditions xxx kPa(a) and xxx ^o C (to be confirmed in KoM);						
cons shall	epressurization of each gas lift riser within one hour and th ider the proposed subsea arrangement issued by PETR(consider as maximum subsea riser volume xxx m ³ and i a) and xxx ^o C (to be confirmed in KoM);	OBRAS). Contr	actor				
risers	ontrol and monitoring the depressurization of production, gas s at a rate up to <mark>6 bar/min</mark> , according to operational proced ROBRAS.	.					
	E 1: CONTRACTOR shall submit to PETROBRAS mentation that shows that requirements (a) through (c) were		the				
	E 2: The design may consider the depressurization throu e available.	gh the pig rece	e <mark>iver,</mark>				
2.6.19 Draina	age shall be in accordance with the same philosophies of the	e process plant.					
any pi that ca	RACTOR shall take care during the design and constructigging problems such as protruding welds inside piping or ause risk to the pigging operation. Barred tees shall be pctions where the I.D is greater than 2 inches.	other arrangem	ent				
	tellite wells (oil or gas production and injection) shall bred through the Central Control Room Workstations, as de						
ensure	shall have manifolds with well piping flexibility as per Figure e that all well positions and manifolds are fitted before FPS and (including hard piping, instrumentation, valves, etc.).						

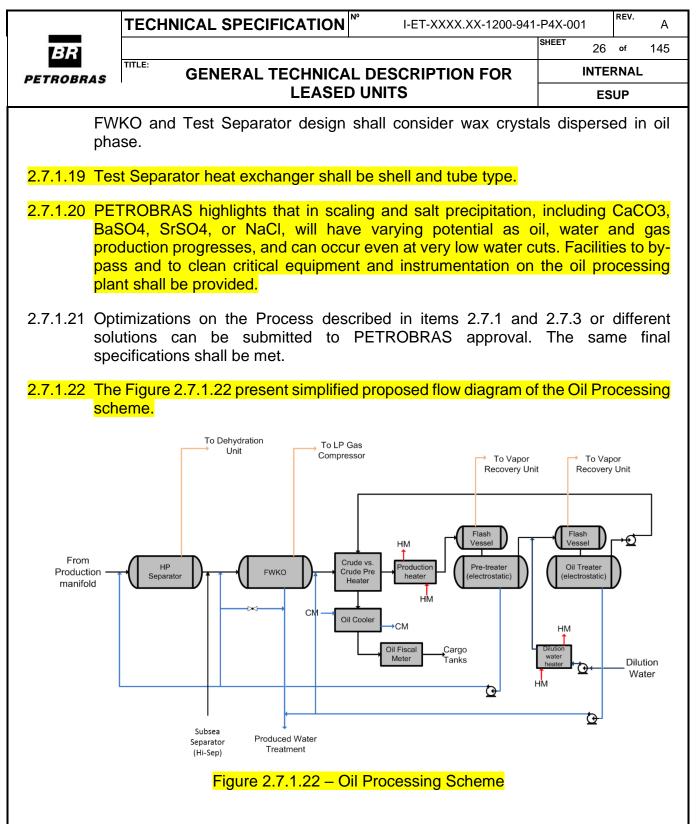


2.7 PROCESS FACILITIES

2.7.1 SEPARATION AND TREATMENT

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cons sepa recov dega	2.7.1.1 The oil processing will be carried preferably through one production train. It shall be constituted of a first stage two-phase separator (HP Separator), a three-phase separator (Free Water KO Drum), pre-heaters of produced liquid (using the heat recovered from the processed oil), oil heater, degasser, electrostatic pre-treater, degasser for RVP/TVP specification, electrostatic treater, oil cooler as shown in Figure 2.7.1.22. A test separator for the wells production test shall also be installed.						
is se 6,500	producing oil wells will flow to the ent directly to a first stage two-ph 0 kPa(a). The gas stream shall be am is to be sent to the Free Water	hase separation, HP Sepa	arator, operating at				
	Water KO Drum is to operate at 2 e sent to LP Gas Compressor.	2,000 kPa(a). Gas separat	ed in the FWKO is				
	one type or vane-type device shall Drum and Test Separator for mist						
	of the water separated in the elect IP Separator and optionally to the		ped to upstream of				
resul effici free the fl	temperature increases due to the r Its in advantages like increasing ency and the elimination the oil/w water separator operating tempe low rates of the inlet crude stream narged water in the next stages of	g in gas/liquid and liquid vater pre-heater upstream rature is a function of the ns and the temperature ar	d/liquid_separation FWKO. Then, the temperatures and				
the Hopera	BS&W is low, part of heated and P Separator and/or Free Water F ating temperature minimum 20 ating temperature minimum 40°C.	KO Drum, in order to keep ^o C (preferably around 4	the HP Separator				
upstr to the insta desig	part of water or oil separated in th ream HP Separator in one point ir e choke valve. A tie-in point down lled to connect this line in the fu gn purpose of each tie-in point ected overall flowrate for these tie-	n the production header as stream each production ch ture, if necessary. Oil or is about 1,450 m³/d@900	s close as possible noke valve shall be water flow rate for				
temp Heat wate recirc CON Vapo desu	oil stream from the Free Water berature. CONTRACTOR shall co should be recovered from hot trea r system. The heating system s culating water, oil or no recircul ITRACTOR shall consider oil recovery Unit (VRU) flowrate or Recovery Unit (VRU) flowrate precipitation in the heaters in cas	nsider carryover of 40% of ated oil stream and complet shall be sized considerin ation, even at lower arriv circulation to size LP Gast es. Dilution (deaerated find provided upstream oil/oil p	water from FWKO. emented by the hot og the flexibility of ving temperatures. s Compressor and resh or deaerated ore-heater to avoid				

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	(deaerated fresh or deaerated desulphated) water us	
	PETROBRAS during all lifetime of the Unit and shall be r	
2.7.1.10	The heated oil at the treatment temperature, is sent to	a flash vessel/electrostatic
	pre-treater, which has the function to specify the outlet of	<mark>oil phase for the final stage</mark>
	of treatment, constituted by an electrostatic treater, (deaerated fresh or deaerated desulphated) water.	with addition of dilution
27111	The operational oil treatment temperature for design pur	nose shall he at least 90°C
<u> </u>	and CONTRACTOR may apply higher temperatures, i	necessary, to meet GTD
	requirements. For oil treatment, the maximum heating be at 120°C.	medium temperature shall
07440		
2.7.1.12	In the pre-treater outlet, the oil stream is sent to the ele shall be specified with the desired quality as per item 2	
	need of any additional crude processing to meet this H23	S specification. The design
	shall include ability to inject H2S scavenger into the of upstream offloading metering skid.	noading pumps neader or
2.7.1.13	The produced water from the electrostatic pre-treater is	pumped to mix with the oil
	stream upstream of the HP separator and optionally u	pstream of the free water
	separator, in order to heat the oil stream and to help produced water from the electrostatic treater is to be	
	Water Treatment System.	
2.7.1.14	Regarding the field instrumentation required for	
	measurement: Standpipes shall not be used for measurement neither in Gravitational Separators nor in	
	cases, the oil-water interface level measurement shall b	e performed in the interior
	of the vessels, directly immersed in process fluid, u technologies: energy absorption, nuclear or electric	-
	nuclear profiler, CONTRACTOR shall comply with "Res "Anexo D – SMS – Segurança, Meio Ambiente e Saúde	3
07445		
2.7.1.15	The treated oil from the electrostatic treater is cooled in in the oil cooler. The stabilized oil will be metered and p	the second s
	of FPSO.	
2.7.1.16	Oil processing plant heat exchangers, heaters and co	5
	guarantee high availability in the oil treatment and shal lines. CONTRACTOR shall provide spare heat excha	
	production heater and oil cooler. Spare exchangers sha	•
	operate.	
2.7.1.17	CONTRATOR shall provide stand-by pumps for all pro	cess oil treatment system
_	pumps.	
2.7.1.18	CONTRACTOR shall consider slug volume (Normal L Alarm High (LAH) of the vessel) in the HP Separator a	
	(20.0 m3 for HP Separator and 10.0 m3 for Test sepa	



2.7.2 OIL TRANSFER SYSTEM

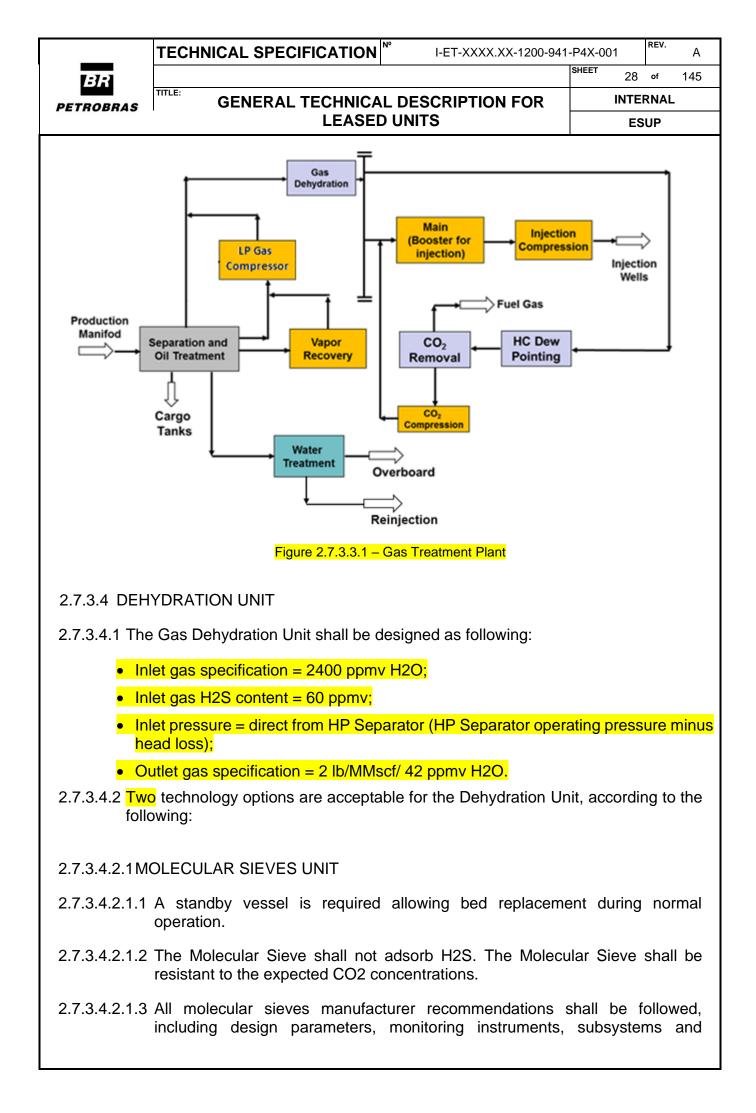
2.7.2.1 For Oil Transfer System, see item 16.3.

2.7.3 GAS PROCESS PLANT

2.7.3.1 OBJECTIVES

2.7.3.1.1 The gas shall be gathered, treated and compressed, to comply with main applications:

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	LEASED	UNITS	ESUP			
<mark>● re</mark> :	servoir injection;					
● fu	<mark>el gas;</mark>					
 lift gas for the producing wells. 						
	ditionally, the Unit may be require ction facilities detailed in this doc		<mark>her Unit, using gas</mark>			
req CO	CO2 removal system using membuired for treatment of the fuel gas 2 stream (separated from product 2 pressor to be directed to the gas	to be consumed within the ced gas) shall be compres	Unit. The rejected			
plar	e gas injection wells will also be su nning, to enhance oil recovery. Th parate lines and the unit shall com	he gas and the water will b	pe injected through			
	NTRACTOR shall install online C C6+), <mark>CO2</mark> and N2 to the following		or hydrocarbon (up			
• Up	ostream Dehydration Unit (in addi	tion, H2S content shall be	measured);			
• Inl	let Main/Injection compressor sys	tem;				
• Ga	as to HP and LP flare tips;					
• C(O2 Removal Unit inlet;					
• Im	port/Export (if applicable).					
2.7.3.2 DES	IGN CASES					
2.7.3.2.1 See	e item 2.2.2.					
2.7.3.3 PRO	CESS CONFIGURATION – BAS	E CASE				
	e gas treatment plant shall cons taminants removal, according to		order to attain the			



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	facilities for bed discharge and replacement. For Molecula specification purposes, maximum H2S content shall be co and mass balance for the unit shall include the maximum regeneration gas and recirculating H2S destiny after regen	onsidered a	and heat ation on	t
2.7.3.4.2.1.4	A scrubber (1x100%) and a coalescer filter (2x100%) upstr Sieve Unit shall be installed to avoid liquid carry of scrubber/filter configuration is acceptable. In this case (scrubber/filter) shall be considered (2x100%). The co- comply with the minimum following performance:	over. A co e a stand	ombined I-by set	t t
• Re	emoval of 99% of solids with particle size higher than 1µm;			
• Re	emoval of 99% of liquid droplets with diameter higher than 0).3 µm;		
• Th	ne liquid allowed in the outlet gas shall be maximum of 5 pp	m weight;		
• Th	he maximum ${\it \Delta}{\sf P}$ allowed shall be 0.1 bar (clean) and 0.5 ba	r (dirty).		
2.7.3.4.2.1.5	Layout and piping arrangement of the unit shall minir condensation downstream coalescer filter, by avoiding lid using thermal insulation, minimizing piping length and he heater shall be installed upstream the molecular sieve guarantee superheating of at least 5°C and avoid co molecular sieve bed. The heater shall be downstream the c piping upstream the adsorbent beds, that have no flow d cycle, shall have electric tracer to avoid liquid condens exchange with the external environment.	quid pocket eight differ ounit, in o ndensation coalescer fil during rege	t points, ence. A order to i in the ter. Inlet neration	, D D t T
2.7.3.4.2.1.6	The scrubber design shall take in consideration:			
• Th	nree individual separation stages to ensure the required gas	s-liquid sepa	aration:	
0	Inlet device to receive the incoming process stream and flow to improve gravitational liquid separation in the vesse			пe
0	Mesh or Vane device to separate large liquid droplets an re-entrainment;	d drain the	m witho	ut
0	Demisting cyclones to ensure high efficiency of droplet re	moval;		
	ne maximum condensate liquid plus the condensate volume 6 of gas mass flow.	that corres	sponds	to
2.7.3.4.2.1.7	The molecular sieves regeneration gas shall be indirectly steam, or hot water). Thermal oil fluid and directly heating gases will not be allowed. A stand-by heater shall be operate.	by turbine	exhaust	t
2.7.3.4.2.1.8	If electrical heating is used, the electrical heater panel sh 2x100% transformers from different panels to assure high i		ered by	/

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- Redundant feeding transformers, each one capable of supplying 100% load. Transformers shall be suitable for low power factor and high harmonic content, with provisions for forced ventilation installation.
- Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (SCRs) shall have (n+1) configuration, with one standby unit.
- FPSO shall have one spare resistance bundle in its warehouse for prompt replacement of faulty resistance bundle. Note that a resistive set in stock will have low insulation if not well preserved (kept heated and housed in moisture-free environments);
- Electrical heater bundle (resistance) shall be fully redundant and arranged in independent and separated gas heater vessels in order to allow maintenance and replacement of bundles in a way not to impact heating system availability. Disconnecting switch or circuit breakers shall be provided for quick change over of bundles.
- For electrical GDU systems, the following requirements apply:
 - The Power Panel shall contain thyristors suitable for the requested power, the thyristors control system and all necessary components for the temperature control.
 - In order to modulate the semiconductors conduction time, Thyristors control system shall receive an external set point signal.
 - The Thyristors triggering shall be controlled in such way to synchronize this triggering to the instant the sine wave has a zero value, avoiding undesirable transients in the electrical system.
 - Harmonic content shall be kept within IEEE Std. 519 and on IEC 61892-1 limits. For Power Panel, the control system shall automatically bypass/skip and do the compensation for an out of service stage.
 - In order to make easy the installation and maintenance, the control system shall be constructed in a modular way.
 - A prompt replacement of the damaged module shall assure the non-interruption of the equipment operation.
 - Power Panel shall be fitted with a double cooling system with automatic changeover and alarm, so that in case of failure of a set, the remaining units shall be enough to permit the panel operation without restrictions.
 - All external control (ON/OFF) and set point signals (that may be 4~20 mA) shall be received from Control Panel, besides any other interface defined by Packager and from Automation and Control (A&C), according to interface requirements.
 - The Power Panel shall be controlled by its respective control package unit.
 - Communication shall be according to unit Packager Standard.
 - The Power Panel shall have local visual alarms for internal malfunction and shutdown. Resume alarm signals shall be sent to Control Panel according to

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	Packager standard. All signals from the Package to A Control Panel.	&C shall be sent by			
0	etween Power Panel				
 Emergency shutdown signals from A&C shall be sent to Control shall be responsible to turn off the Power Panel. 					
 For each Regeneration gas heater shall be provided a self-standing Heat control panel. The location of these panels shall be in the electrical room safe area. These panels shall be responsible for control and safeguarding the heaters. In order to control the temperature of the heater the control par- will receive a 0-100% reference signal from the unit control panel. safeguarding system of the Heater control panel will protect the heater for overheating and secures the vessel temperature in order to comply with temperature class. 					
 The power terminal boxes shall be fitted with sunshades, with condensation heaters (fed from external 220Vac 2phases ungrou controlled by thermostats and with thermal cutouts to guarantee that the of the temperature class T3 will not be exceeded. The construction of terminal box shall comply with IEC 60079. The power terminal box shall type protection Ex e in accordance with IEC 60079-7. 					
0	The power terminal boxes shall be fitted with gas detection	on system.			
	2.7.3.4.2.1.9 A proper outlet gas filter (2x100%) shall be provided in the Molecular Sieves Unit to avoid fine particles carry-over to downstream units and to the regeneration gas system. CONTRACTOR to evaluate potential of hydrate formation on condensate/liquid return lines of the scrubber and coalescer filter and forecast a mitigation solution, such as a condensate heater, if required.				
	For the regeneration gas recycle, a specific blower may In this case, blowers shall comply with API Std 617 CONTRACTOR decides to send regeneration gas Compressor, this machine capacity shall be increased to additional flow.	′and API 692. If back to <mark>LP Gas</mark>			
	CONTRACTOR shall provide means of isolating and d vessel, so that they can be operated separately, enabl operation, without stopping the system. Bed pressurizatio shutdown depressurization rates shall be limited to a maxir supplier requirement rate, whichever is lower. Ve depressurization shall be downward flow.	ling bed exchange n and programmed			
2.7.3.4.2.1.12	2 CONTRACTOR shall install equalization value to allow pre- bed at the recommended rate, as well as individual pre- reading in the supervisory, to monitor the pressurization and rates of each bed.	essure gauge, with			
2.7.3.4.2.1.13	3 CONTRACTOR shall design unit considering procedure molecular sieve bed, including support structure for the structure				

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	molecular sieves, facilities to reagas (N2), among others. A evidencing that the arrangement with the requirements above. downstream the unit.	material handling plan nt of the process plant e	shall be provided quipment complies
2.7.3.4.2.1.14	CONTRACTOR shall consider molecular sieve vessel bed supp	v .	ts regarding each
• Su	pport ring welded to the vessel wa	all;	
● Su	pport grid above the support ring;		
• Co	arse mesh screen above the sup	port grid (structural function	on);
• Fir	e mesh screen above the coarse	mesh screen (sealing fur	nction).
	NTRACTOR shall ensure that the ; (ii) grids. The gaps shall be prop	U 1	
	NTRACTOR shall use a ring fixed screens in between. Overlap of t		-
	NTRACTOR shall consider that al perature.	l gaskets materials be sui	table for high
	NTRACTOR may consider ceraming to support the bed.	ic spheres instead of grati	ings and support
NOTE 5: CO	NTRACTOR shall design the vess	els with external insulation	ın.
NOTE 6: Any pha	different solution shall be presented. se.	ted to PETROBRAS durir	ng project execution
2.7.3.4.2.1.15	CONTRACTOR shall install p devices to determine H2O cont the gas outlet filter.	•	-
2.7.3.4.2.1.16	The analyzer shall be adjusted internal permeation tube (at le manual water make up in the tul	east weekly checked) wi	
2.7.3.4.2.1.17	CONTRACTOR to provide ca according to supplier recommend during periodical check.		
2.7.3.4.2.1.18	For acceptable vendor list for Me	oister Analyzer, see item	19.1.1.3.
2.7.3.4.2.1.19	For Acceptable vendor list for N 19.1.1.2.	lolecular Sieve Solid Bed	(Zeolite), see item
2.7.3.4.2.2 T	RIETHYLENE GLYCOI (TEG) UN	ΝT	

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2.7.3.4.2.2.1	The gas dehydration unit by TEG absorption shall be design inlet gas operational temperature of 40°C. CONTRACTOR temperature as the maximum one and may consider dest achieve lower inlet gas temperatures. Only shell and tube are acceptable for TEG Unit inlet gas.	R shall ensure this sign alternatives to		
2.7.3.4.2.2.2	A scrubber (1 x 100%) and a coalescer filter (2 x 100%) of Unit shall be installed to avoid liquid carry over. A combin configuration is acceptable. In this case a stand-by set (see be considered (2 x 100%). The coalescer filter shall comply following performance:	ined scrubber/filter crubber/filter) shall		
 Removal of 99% of solids with particle size higher than 1µm; 				
 Removal of 99% of liquid droplets with diameter higher than 0.3 μm; 				
 The liquid allowed in the outlet gas shall be maximum of 5 ppm weight; 				
• Th	e maximum ${\scriptstyle \Delta}$ P allowed shall be 0.1 bar (clean) and 0.5 bar	[·] (dirty).		
2.7.3.4.2.2.3	Layout and piping arrangement of the unit shall minin condensation downstream coalescer filter, by avoiding lic using thermal insulation, minimizing piping length and CONTRACTOR shall provide an additional gas-liquid sep into the bottom of the TEG absorber column. This doe external scrubber + coalescer filters upstream TEG Absor	quid pocket points, height difference. paration step, built as not exclude the		
2.7.3.4.2.2.4	The scrubber design shall consider:			
• Mi	nimum three different gas-liquid separation zones/devices:			
0	Inlet device to receive the incoming process stream and flow to improve gravitational liquid separation in the vesse	-		
0	Mesh or Vane device to separate large liquid droplets and re-entrainment;	d drain them without		
0	Demisting cyclones to ensure high efficiency of droplet ren	moval.		
 Range of operational flowrate shall be from 15% to 100% of nominal design gas flow; 				
 The maximum condensate liquid plus the condensate volume that corresponds to 5% of gas mass flow; 				
• Mi	nimum removal of 99.5% of liquid droplets with diameter hig	gher than 10 μm.		
2.7.3.4.2.2.5	CONTRACTOR shall provide two level meters for the sci each section of the coalescer filter. In each vessel, CO adopt two different technologies for the level meters and o used for controlling purpose. The measurements shall be supervisory system of the Unit. In addition, a field level provided for each vessel.	NTRACTOR shall one of them will be e displayed on the		

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2.7.3.4.2.2.6	CONTRACTOR to evaluate potential of hydrate condensate/liquid return lines of the scrubber and conforecast a mitigation solution, if required.					
2.7.3.4.2.2.7	TEG Unit shall meet the following specification:					
 TEG Unit range of operational flowrate: from 15% to 100% of nominal design gas flow; 						
• Le	an TEG specification: minimum 99.95% (mass %);					
• Rid	ch TEG specification: minimum 95% (mass %).					
2.7.3.4.2.2.8	TEG absorber column shall be fitted with proper packing an in order to achieve a high efficiency. Means for minimizin shall also be provided in the form of column internals or a se Pressure Differential Transmitters shall be provided to n pressure across the packing.	ng TEG carry over eparate K.O. drum.				
2.7.3.4.2.2.9	Temperature of lean TEG entering the top of the absorber at 5°C higher than inlet gas temperature.	shall be controlled				
2.7.3.4.2.2.10	A by-pass around the absorber column shall be provided f allow startup of the unit.	for lean TEG as to				
2.7.3.4.2.2.11	It shall consider 10°C of approach between the desired w equilibrium theoretical water dewpoint to design the num stages of absorber tower.	•				
2.7.3.4.2.2.12	2 TEG Flash drum shall be designed considering 20 minutes for Rich TEG.	s of residence time				
2.7.3.4.2.2.13	3 2x100% cartridge filters shall be provided for 100% c Activated carbon filter and a secondary cartridge filter, wit be provided for 20% of rich TEG flow.					
2.7.3.4.2.2.14	A flow meter shall be provided to deviated rich TEG flow.					
2.7.3.4.2.2.15	5 The TEG circulation pump shall meet the following specific	cations:				
• Cc	onfiguration: N+1 (one stand-by);					
 Reciprocating pump diaphragm type; 						
 Pumps shall be designed according to API 674 or 675; 						
 PSV and recycle valve shall return to surge vessel; 						
 Pulsation damper in discharge pump is required; 						
 Flow control with Variable Speed Driver (VSD); 						
	ycol flow rate: minimum 1m ³ /h/m ² of dehydration column are fficient wetting of the structure packing.	ea section to ensure				

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2.7.3.4.2.2.16	A Coriolis flow meter shall be p equipment shall be installed as of any by-pass line to measure t	close as possible the abs	orber, downstream
2.7.3.4.2.2.17	The Reboiler shall operate as clo backpressure shall not exceed 0	• •	heric pressure. The
2.7.3.4.2.2.18	B Flash vapor from Flash drum as sent to VRU, using a boosting of routed directly to Flare Gas Rec flowrate defined on Item 2.7.5.9	levice if necessary. In ca overy System, the flowrat	se the streams are
2.7.3.4.2.2.19	For TEG design and material sp shall be considered and heat a concentration on regeneration g	ind mass balance for the	e unit shall include
2.7.3.4.2.2.20)Chemical injection skid(s) for p⊢	I control and antifoaming	shall be provided.
2.7.3.4.2.2.21	TEG Regeneration Reboiler sha and shall have appropriate redu		o ()
Tra	edundant feeding transformers, e ansformers shall be suitable for lov ovisions for forced ventilation insta	v power factor and high ha	
• SC	Rs shall have (n+1) configuration	, with one standby unit.	
rej lov	PSO shall have one spare resist placement of faulty resistance bun v insulation if not well preserved vironments);	dle. Note that a resistive	set in stock will have
	esistance bundle maintenance sha stem availability;	Il be performed in a way	not to impact heating
	shall be considered a 10% additio mand;	nal margin in the maximu	m estimated heating
	e maximum heat flux to be consid ′cm² and the maximum skin tempe		0
• Th	e Reboiler shall control the glycol	temperature in 204°C.	
• Fo	r electrical heating systems, the fo	ollowing requirements ap	oly:
0	The Power Panel shall contain t thyristors control system and a control.	•	• •
0	In order to modulate the semic system shall receive an external		e, Thyristors control
0	The Thyristors triggering shall the triggering to the instant the sine transients in the electrical system	wave has a zero value,	•

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0	Harmonic content shall be kept within IEEE Std. 519 and or For Power Panel, the control system shall automatically the compensation for an out of service stage.		
0	In order to make easy the installation and maintenance, the control system shall be constructed in a modular way.		
0	A prompt replacement of the damaged module shal interruption of the equipment operation.	I assure the	non-
0	Power Panel shall be fitted with a double cooling systechangeover and alarm, so that in case of failure of a set, shall be enough to permit the panel operation without restricted.	the remaining	
0	All external control (ON / OFF) and set point signals (that may be 4~20 mA) shall be received from Control Panel, besides any other interface defined by Packager and from A&C, according to interface requirements.		
0	The Power Panel shall be controlled by its respective cont	rol package ur	nit.
0	Communication shall be according to Unit Packager Stand	dard.	
0	The Power Panel shall have local visual alarms for intern shutdown. Resume alarm signals shall be sent to Control Packager standard. All signals from the Package to A& Control Panel.	Panel accordi	ing to
0	The communication standard (network or hardwired) bet and Control Panel shall be defined by Packager.	ween Power I	Panel
0	Emergency shutdown signals from A&C shall be sent to shall be responsible to turn off the Power Panel.	Control Pane	l that
0	For each Regeneration gas heater shall be provided a s control panel. The location of these panels shall be in th safe area. These panels shall be responsible for control a the heaters. In order to control the temperature of the heater will receive a 0-100% reference signal from the unit safeguarding system of the Heater control panel will prot overheating and secures the vessel temperature in order temperature class.	e electrical roo and safeguardi er the control panel. control panel. ect the heater	om in ing of anels . The from
0	The power terminal boxes shall be fitted with sum condensation heaters (fed from external 220Vac 2ph controlled by thermostats and with thermal cutouts to gua of the temperature class T3 will not be exceeded. The conterminal box shall comply with IEC 60079. The power term type protection Ex e in accordance with IEC 60079-7.	nases ungrour trantee that the onstruction of p	nded) e limit power
2.7.3.4.2.2.22	CONTRACTOR shall provide a stripping gas distribution sy of the reboiler. Automated gas stripping flow control shall Cone flowmeter.		
2.7.3.4.2.2.23	CONTRACTOR shall provide Stahl Column with stripp containing a minimum of 3 equilibrium stages, at a low		

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	reboiler. Automated gas stripping flow control shall be pr	ovided usi	ng C	one

2.7.3.4.2.2.24 Surge Vessel shall be designed to store the entire TEG inventory during maintenance shutdowns.

2.7.3.4.2.2.25 Sampling points shall be provided in the following points:

flowmeter.

Stream	Manual Sampling Points	
Lean TEG	Inlet of absorber	
Rich TEG	Upstream of absorber level control valve	
	Downstream of activated carbon filter	
Wet gas	Upstream of absorber, downstream of coalesce filter	
	Downstream of absorber, upstream CO ₂ membrane pre-treatment	
Dry gas	Upstream CO ₂ Membrane Unit, downstream guard bed	
	Downstream CO ₂ Membrane Unit, Upstream Fuel Gas System	

- 2.7.3.4.2.2.26 CONTRACTOR shall install proper online instrumentation and analysis devices to determine H2O content in the gas dehydration outlet stream. Analyzer shall be installed downstream of absorber, upstream CO2 membrane pre-treatment.
- 2.7.3.4.2.2.27 The analyzer shall be adjusted to execute gas water content validation by internal permeation tube (at least weekly checked) without the need of manual water make up in the tube.
- 2.7.3.4.2.2.28 CONTRACTOR to provide calibration of gas water content analyzer according to supplier recommendation or when it occurs some divergence during periodical check.
- 2.7.3.4.2.2.29 At any time, analyzer measurement will be compared to most recent version of GPSA Equilibrium Chart "Equilibrium H2O Dew point vs. Temperature at Various TEG Concentrations". These results will be used to mediate divergences about measured values. CONTRACTOR shall consider McKetta Method (GPSA chart: "Water Content of Hydrocarbon Gas") to convert equilibrium dew point to lb/MMscf.
- 2.7.3.4.2.2.30 At any time, PETROBRAS can ask gas water content analyses by manual chilled mirror according to ASTM D-1142 to mediate divergences about measured values. CONTRACTOR shall consider "GPSA + Wichert (acid gases correction)" to convert equilibrium dew point to lb/MMscf.
- 2.7.3.4.2.2.31 The off-spec treated gas shall be deviated to flare, through a pressure control valve, installed downstream TEG Contactor.

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2.7.3.4.2.2.32	2 For acceptable vendor list for M	oister Analyzer, see item	19.1.1.3.
2.7.3.4.2.2.3	3 Minimum Requirements for TEG	G Units Suppliers:	
• Pr	oven experience on offshore TEG	units design with 6 MM S	m ³ /d gas capacity;
	oven experience on onshore or off th minimum 30% mol CO2 conten		
2.7.3.5 CO2	MEMBRANE PRE-TREATMENT		
	e required outlet gas hydrocarbor firmed). This specification complie		
• Mi	nimum capacity to be determined	by turndown case as per	item 2.2.2;
an	o control membrane unit feed gas (nd heavy hydrocarbons. This req pplier.	•	
	e process <mark>shall</mark> be based on a igeration with <mark>R-134a</mark> . Stand-by ts.		•
to e	e inlet gas is pre-cooled by the co evaluate potential of hydrate form ecast a mitigation solution, if requir	nation on condensate/liqu	
bler	startup purposes, part of the gas nded with the expanded liquid stre t temperature in the Liquid/Gas ex	eam, in order to help ach	-
	-treatment shall be specified acc ng into account the dehydration te		olier requirements,
• M0	OLECULAR SIEVES UNIT		
0	In case Molecular Sieve techno arrangement including a coale Hydrocarbon Dew Point Control Membrane Unit.	escer filter shall be prov	vided downstream
• TE	EG UNIT		
0	In case TEG absorption technol arrangement including a coales shall be provided downstream H treatment for the CO2 Separation	scer filter, a guard bed ar Hydrocarbon Dew Point C	nd a cartridge filter

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2.7.3.6 CO2	SEPARATION – MEMBRANE U	INIT	
	Membrane Unit shall be desigr sented and the following:	ned according to the desig	n cases previously
• Inl	et pressure = <mark>4,800 kPa(a)</mark> (estir	mated, to be confirmed);	
	nimum capacity to be defined mulation;	by CONTRACTOR acco	ording to Process
	aximum outlet gas CO2 content ore than 20% mol for well B case		d well C cases, no
sh inl isc	DTE: For CO2 inlet content from all run with full capacity (no devia et content from Well A up plation/blanking of membranes/tr full design capacity.	ation or flow restriction). If r to Well B, CONTRACTO	necessary, for CO2 DR may consider
• Oı	utlet gas H2S content = according	g to membrane performanc	<mark>æ;</mark>
• Pe	ermeate CO2 stream H2S conter	<mark>t</mark> = according to membrane	eperformance;
• Pe	ermeate stream = <mark>400 kPa(a) to 8</mark>	<mark>300 kPa(a).</mark>	
2.7.3.6.2 For	acceptable vendor list for Membr	anes for CO2 Removal Unit	, see item 19.1.1.4.
incl	recommendations from the m uding design parameters, inle systems and facilities for elemen	t gas pre-heating, monit	,
CO	NTRACTOR shall install proper of 2 and H2S content in the treated ne following streams:	•	
• Inl	et membrane system;		
• Tr	eated gas outlet;		
• Pe	ermeate gas outlet; Reject.		
2.7.3.6.5 Fue as p and con and ope	I gas consumers (including Hull ber expected produced gas and m H2S. Whenever possible, CON sumers when the CO2 removal partial by-pass of the membra ration shall be approved by PET equipment manufacturers requir	nembrane performance data TRACTOR shall guarantee unit is not operational. For ne unit shall be provided ROBRAS. In any case, the	a, considering CO2 use of fuel gas by this purpose, a full and its use during
2.7.3.7 VAP	OR RECOVERY UNIT (VRU)		
	e Vapor Recovery Units (VRU) s VPI 619 latest edition.	hall be dry screw compres	sor type according

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- 2.7.3.7.2 Vapor Recovery Unit shall be supplied as complete package by the compressor Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM). Package means main equipment train (dry screw(s) compressor(s) Gear Unit/ Hydraulic Variable Speed Drive (HVSD) and driver) and all auxiliaries equipment and components required for proper functioning of the gas compression service (accessories, control panels, machinery protection system, oil system, sealing system as minimum).
- 2.7.3.7.3 The shaft seals shall be of self-acting tandem dry gas seals (DGS) type with intermediate seal gas labyrinth as per API 692. For the VRUs the primary seal gas shall be fuel gas, or nitrogen in case of plant start up or commissioning.
- 2.7.3.7.4 The primary seal gas shall be sufficiently clean to avoid particulate and its temperature far from the dew point to avoid liquid condensation. Each compressor package shall include a seal gas treatment system for each compressor casing consisting, as a minimum, of a booster compressor to provide the required positive feed pressure to the seals on any operating/stop condition, one dedicated scrubber (upstream to the duplex coalescent filters), one separator/coalescer duplex filter and either one electric heater with spare heater element installed or, alternatively, a duplex electric heater. Seal gas system shall be supplied by the DGS manufacturer and according to API 692.
- 2.7.3.7.5 O-rings and any other polymer-based sealing element in contact with process gas shall be strongly resistant to explosive decompression taking into account a large number of compressor starts/stops.
- 2.7.3.7.6 Nitrogen as the secondary seal gas shall be injected in the intermediate labyrinth seal. The separation seal gas shall be also nitrogen.
- 2.7.3.7.7 A stand-by unit installed is required (2x100%). CONTRACTOR shall consider "unit" as compressor machine, scrubber, coolers, etc.
- 2.7.3.7.8 VRU capacity shall be defined by CONTRACTOR, in accordance with all design cases simulations and it shall consider all recycles.
- 2.7.3.7.9 Capacity of VRU 1st and 2nd Stages shall be defined based on process simulation output plus a design margin of 20%. Nevertheless, the capacity of the 1st Stage shall not be lower than XXXXX Sm³/d and the capacity of the 2nd stage shall not be lower than XXXXX Sm³/d.
- 2.7.3.7.10 The compressor shall be designed for continuous operation at any flow rate between zero and 100% of the design capacity.
- 2.7.3.7.11 The driver shall be electric motor. The capacity control may be performed by recycling and/or VFD. Variable Frequency Drivers (VFD) are not accepted for Screw Compressors with electric demand greater than 5MW.
- 2.7.3.7.12 For acceptable vendor list for Rotary Compressor for Vapor Recovery Unit API 619, see item 19.1.1.5.

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2.7.3.8 CENTRIFUGAL GAS COMPRESSORS

- 2.7.3.8.1 All centrifugal gas compressors shall be designed according to API 617 latest edition.
- 2.7.3.8.2 Centrifugal Gas Compressor shall be supplied as complete package by the compressor OEM. Package means main equipment train (centrifugal(s) compressor(s) Gear Unit/HVSD and driver) and all auxiliaries equipment and components required for proper functioning of the gas compression service (accessories, anti-surge valve, control panels, machinery protection system, oil system, seal system as minimum).
- 2.7.3.8.3 The shaft seals shall be of self-acting tandem dry gas seals (DGS) type with intermediate seal gas labyrinth as per API 692.
- 2.7.3.8.4 For the Centrifugal Gas compressors, the primary seal gas shall be treated and conditioned from compressor discharge process gas or fuel gas.
- 2.7.3.8.5 The primary seal gas shall be sufficiently clean to avoid particulate and its temperature far from the dew point to avoid liquid condensation. Each compressor package shall include a seal gas treatment system for each compressor barrel consisting, as a minimum, of a booster compressor to provide the required positive feed pressure to the seals on any operating/stop condition. one separator/coalescer duplex filter and either one electric heater with spare heater element installed or, alternatively, a duplex electric heater. For LP Gas Compressors, one dedicated scrubber shall also be included in the seal gas treatment system, upstream to the duplex coalescent filters. Seal gas system shall be supplied by the DGS manufacturer and according to API 692.
- 2.7.3.8.6 O-rings and any other polymer-based sealing element in contact with process gas shall be strongly resistant to explosive decompression taking into account a large number of compressor starts/stops.
- 2.7.3.8.7 Nitrogen as the secondary seal gas shall be injected in the intermediate labyrinth seal. The separation seal gas shall be also nitrogen.
- 2.7.3.8.8 The condensate from inlet, inter-stage and final compressor stage collected on the scrubber vessels shall be routed to the oil plant or to upstream gas scrubbers. They shall not be sent to slop or drain system.
- 2.7.3.8.9 The compressors shall be designed for continuous operation from full recycle to full capacity (0 to 100%), considering all the design cases.
- 2.7.3.8.10 Recycle system for anti-surge control shall be "hot recycle", meaning that there is no cooler or scrubber vessel installed in between the compressor discharge and the related recycle valve. CONTRACTOR shall consider one antisurge recycle line for each stage. Overall recycle line shall not be accepted. Additionally, CONTRACTOR should also provide cooled recycle, nevertheless a hot recycle in a secondary recycle line shall be provided.

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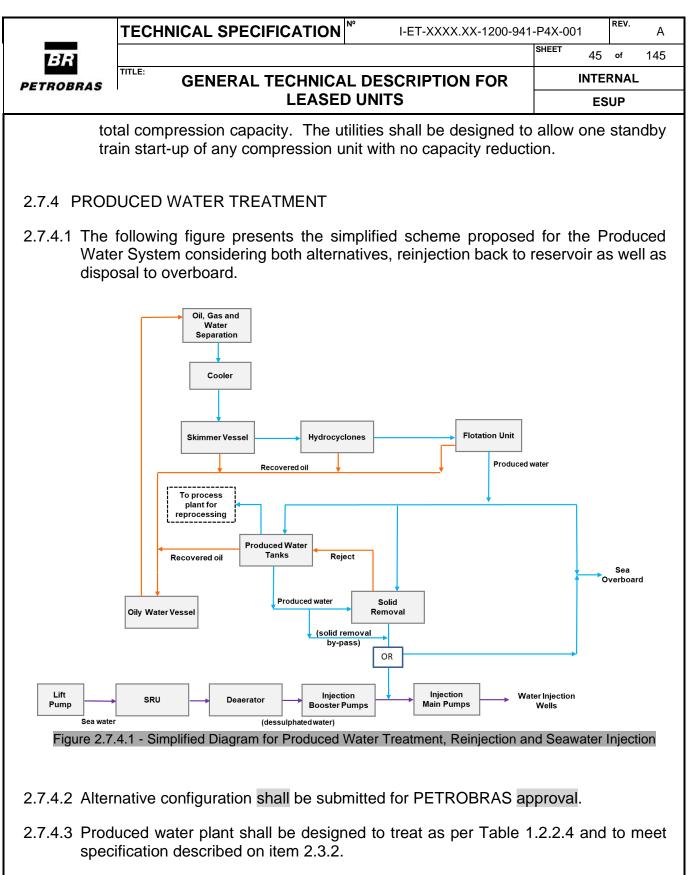
- 2.7.3.8.11 An electronic decoupling algorithm (decoupling control) shall be used to avoid interaction between anti surge control and performance/load sharing control for each compressor package service. A similar control strategy shall be designed in order to avoid trip from different service compressor.
- 2.7.3.8.12 Capacity control, load sharing and anti-surge system shall be implemented on dedicated hardware. This hardware shall be designed exclusively for the aforementioned functions and shall not be used for any other purposes (such as protection). All control data shall be available to PETROBRAS (read access).
- 2.7.3.8.13 Each compressor package shall include a dedicated lube oil system (in accordance with the applicable requirements of API 614 for special purpose applications).
- 2.7.3.8.14 Each compressor package shall include a dedicated and control process panel (in accordance with the applicable requirements of API 670). Machinery Protection System (MPS) shall be also in accordance with API 670.
- 2.7.3.8.15 Extraction/injection gas stream from/into a compressor casing (except for sealing or balance line) or between two compressor casings of one train are not acceptable.
- 2.7.3.8.16 CONTRACTOR shall design the compressor package considering pressurized shutdowns. The design of all equipment in the compressor service, including the auxiliaries (e.g. seal gas system) and static equipment (e.g. vessels), shall be suitable to compressor Settle Out Pressure (SOP).
- 2.7.3.8.17 CONTRACTOR shall consider the molecular weight range corresponding to all design cases.
- 2.7.3.8.18 CONTRACTOR shall perform a stability test at compressor manufacturer shop for any compressor which fails to meet the minimum log decrement of 0.2 during the analysis. These tests shall be witnessed by PETROBRAS. During these tests, shop driver may be used.

2.7.3.8.19 LOW PRESSURE GAS COMPRESSOR

- 2.7.3.8.19.1 The first step compressors shall be designed according to the following:
 - inlet pressure = XXXX kPa(a) (estimated, depends on previous pressure drop);
 - discharge pressure range = XXXX kPa(a) (estimated, determined by dehydration unit operating pressure), shall consider the molecular weight range corresponding to all design cases;
 - A stand-by unit is required as follows: 2x100% or 3x50% or 4x33%.
- 2.7.3.8.19.2 A Safety K.O. drum shall be installed upstream Low Pressure Gas Compressor, in order to separate the condensate formed due to inlet gas cooling, as well as to avoid any liquid carried-over. This condensate shall be

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	routed back to oil plant. Under no drain system.	o circumstances it shall be	sent to the slop or
2.7.3.8.19.3	The Safety K.O. drum design sha	all take in consideration:	
• Mi	nimum three different gas-liquid s	separation zones/devices:	
0	Inlet device to receive the incon flow to improve gravitational liq		
0	Mesh or Vane device to separ liquid without re-entrainment;	ate large liquid droplets a	nd drain them the
0	Demisting cyclones to ensure h	high efficiency of droplet re	moval.
	maximum condensate liquid plu	us the condensate volume	that corresponds
to5%	of gas mass flow.		
		20000	
2.7.3.0.20 DC	DOSTER/INJECTION COMPRES	00K0	
2.7.3.8.20.1	The second step compressors sh	nall be designed according	to the following:
	pacity and gas compositions = a ses and Operation Modes;	ccording to process simula	tions for all design
• inl	et pressure = <mark>XXXX</mark> kPa(a) (estir	nated, to be confirmed);	
• dis	scharge pressure = up to <mark>XXXX</mark> k	Pa(a);	
	ormal operating temperature do nitation): <mark>40ºC</mark> ;	ownstream discharge coo	oler (due to riser
	2S content at least <mark>XXX</mark> ppmv, action sign cases and Operation Modes		performance for all
• A	stand-by unit is required as follow	/s 2x100% or 3x50% or 4x	33%.
	For Booster/Injection Compresso final coolers vessels shall be rou It shall not be sent to slop or drai	ited to oil plant or to previo	
2.7.3.8.20.3	Gas Lift extraction point shall Booster/Injection Compressors a		
2.7.3.8.20.4	CONTRACTOR shall perform compressor manufacturer shop test shall be witnessed by PE approval criteria shall demonst During execution phase, CONT Stability Analysis Reports as per	for booster and injection TROBRAS. The test pro- trate the Unit's performant RACTOR shall provide La	compressors. This ocedures and the nce and reliability. Iteral Analysis and
2.7.3.8.20.5	CONTRACTOR shall provide a connect a future chemical injection		njection header to

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2.7.3.8.21 C	D2 COMPRESSORS		
2.7.3.8.21.1	The CO2 stream compression sys	stem shall be designed a	s follows:
• •	apacity to be determined by simula	ation	
	let pressure = <mark>XXX</mark> kPa(a) (estima esign);	aled, according to CO2	removal membrane
• Di	scharge pressure to allow feed int	o Booster/Injection Comp	oressors;
	ompositions = according to Memb d Operation Modes;	rane Unit performance f	or all design cases
	2S content at least <mark>375</mark> ppmv, acc sign cases and Operation Modes;	•	performance for all
• A	stand-by unit is required as follows	s 2x100% or 3x50% or 4	x33%.
2.7.3.8.22 CE	ENTRIFUGAL COMPRESSOR DF	RIVERS	
0700001	Electric motoro or goo turbinoo or	o accontable as compres	aara drivara
2.7.3.0.22.1	Electric motors or gas turbines ar	e acceptable as compres	
2.7.3.8.22.2	For speed variation with electric Hydraulic Variable Speed Drive. accepted for Centrifugal Compres Soft starters are acceptable as working as soft starters. Dry Low for aero-derivative gas turbine typ	Variable Frequency Dri sors with electric demand well as Variable Freque Emission Turbines (DLE	vers (VFD) are not d greater than 5MW. ency Drivers (VFD)
2.7.3.8.22.3	If Gas Turbine is selected as driv Diesel).	ver such turbine shall be	dual fuel (gas and
2.7.3.8.22.4	Gas turbine ISO Power shall be at power required (including gear a data sheet, considering fuel gas o	and coupling losses) indi	
2.7.3.8.22.5	In case of Electric Motor driver, higher than compressor greatest losses) indicated in the supplier d	power required (including	
	or acceptable vendor list for Gas C m 19.	Compressor API 617 and	Gas Turbines, see
2.7.3.9 OTH	ER REQUIREMENTS		
lea lift	ilities (including power generation ast the capacity of XXXXXXX Sma gas, for the compression systen ernal recycles from process plant	3/d representing the proc n, without considering ir	duced gas including nternal recycles. All



- 2.7.4.4 Configurations of the following equipment shall be assessed for disposal treatment: skimmer vessel, hydrocyclones, and flotation unit.
- 2.7.4.5 Configuration of the following equipment shall be assessed complementing treatment for water reinjection: produced water tank and solid removal system.
- 2.7.4.6 Recovered oil from produced water treatment shall be sent to the oil process plant.

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route	produced water from Process Pla ed to Hydrocyclones and Flotation ne of the following destinations:		
• 0	verboard;		
	roduced Water Tank for additional lant for reprocessing;	al polishing or to be route	d back to process
• S	olid Removal step, bypassing the	Produced Water Tank.	
Proc	produced water reinjection, the v duced Water Tank from where it s to reinjection in the reservoir (with	shall be pumped to Solid	Removal Unit and
2.7.4.9 A by	v-pass of Solid Removal Unit shall	be provided.	
	e filtration step – Solid Removal Ur ers or ceramic membranes or mult		wing: self-cleaning
ne prc inje	e system shall consider that des cessary water injection flowrate oduced water is available for inje ection and in this case, total in mplemented with desulphated wate	of production life of the ction, it will be another p njection flowrate may be	Unit. However, if ossible source for
pu	nnection with overboard (ex.: from mp capacity control) is not allow njection operation.	•	
COO	sed on the expected range of tem oler location and target temperatur following requirements:	•	
	 Adequate temperature for the unit; 	e operation of hydrocyclo	nes and floatation
	Maximum allowed temperature	e for the Produced Water	Tank;
	• Normal, maximum and minimu	um temperatures for the in	jection risers;
2.7.4.14 Pro	oduced Water Tank		
	he tank is an accumulator before s njected into reservoir.	olid removal in the case of	produced water is
	ONTRACTOR shall provide faciliti cumulated in the produced water ta		re to remove solids
two	he following configuration shall be o separated Produced Water tank ,000 m³. One of these Produced W	s. The volume of each tar	nk shall be at least

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- 2.7.4.14.4 The fluid inlets and outlets should be designed to minimize turbulence and recirculation, hampering the separation process by decantation.
- 2.7.4.14.5 Shock Biocide and Biostatic shall be foreseen to be injected in the inlet line of tank in order to allow a proper mixing and effectiveness of chemical product as well as to minimize turbulence in the tank.
- 2.7.4.14.6 Produced water tanks shall be provided with proper device (ex.: collector, pumps) installed at a convenient vertical level in order to remove skimmed oil from tank.
- 2.7.4.15 Pumps
- 2.7.4.15.1 Produced Water tanks shall be fitted with bottom pumps (hydraulic or electrical driven submerged on main deck) for water removal and to route to solid removal. The pumps shall be provided with variable flow and automatic control, taking into account the expected produced water forecast and shall be dimensioned to keep oil water surface within an acceptable level range, during the whole field production life.
- 2.7.4.15.2 The configuration for water pumps shall consider at least 2x50% (2x9,500 m3/d), per tank.
- 2.7.4.15.3 For skimmed oil pumps, the configuration shall be defined by CONTRACTOR.
- 2.7.4.15.4 If produced water booster pumps are specified, they shall comply with API 610 latest edition. Their sealing system shall comply with API-682 latest edition and its design and sealing plan shall be suitable for salty and hot produced water where applicable. Additionally, API 62 auxiliary sealing plan (quench) shall be provided.
- 2.7.4.16 Solid Removal
- 2.7.4.16.1 The necessary injection flowrate and produced water required specification (see item 2.4) shall be kept during the cleaning step of device.
- 2.7.4.16.2 The reject stream of this system shall be sent back to Produced Water Tank and may also be sent back the Oily Vessel. The reject return line to Produced Water Tank shall be provided anyway. The inlet pipe in the tank shall be arranged in order to not cause re-entrainment of solid in the water stream to be filtered. CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for managing residual disposal. Different configuration for the solid removal reject routing shall be submitted to PETROBRAS approval.
- 2.7.4.16.3 The minimum requirements for filtration are summarized below.
 - The configuration shall consider at least 3x50% (3xXX,000 m3/d) trains.
 - Filters shall have differential pressure transmitter.
 - Filtration shall collect particles above 25 μm.

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•	Self-cleaning filters shall have a maxi	mum filtration flux of 1,2	200 m³/m².ł	า.	
•	Multimedia filters shall have a maxim	um filtration flux of 15 m	³ /m².h.		
•	Ceramic membranes filters shall have	e a maximum filtration fl	ux of 4.5 m	³ /m ²	.h.
•	The filter vessel and backwashing f interchangeability considering the ran Filtration elements fall under CONTR	ige of 25 μ m and 80 μ m	filtering ele		
	For produced water reinjection, the pronimer item 2.4 shall be met.	oduced water quality s	pecification	defi	ined
9 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	For produced water disposal line, an grease in water) shall be provided. Lo overboard is interrupted if produced w cleaning system of acoustic (ultrasonic be provided. The analyzer shall be in preference at upwards flow points, a phase stratification commonly observe	gics shall also be imple water is out of discharg c) type and manual san installed close to the sa iming to avoid possible	mented so ge limits. A npling devic mpling poi	that utom ces s nts,	t the natio shal with
2.7.4.19	Slop tanks shall not be used for treatin	g produced water.			
2.7.4.20	The produced water shall not be mixed	d with any other water of	r effluent.		
	Only one discharge point for produc acilitate the routine of oil content moni			orde	er to
	The end of the disposal line shall be a order to allow visual inspection of the c		raft of the v	esse	el, in
2.7.5 FL/	ARE AND VENT SYSTEM				
r ç r \ t	The Unit shall be equipped with at least receiving gas from higher operating pre- gas from lower operating pressure so residual gases released from safety v valves, pipelines, etc. Flare headers an remperature as low as -100°C unless s value. These systems shall be designed disposal systems shall comply with Guidelines, and NR-13 requirements for	essure sources (HP) and urces (LP), to collect an alves, pressure control ad equipment shall be de pecific study results in d ed to operate simultaneo API STD 521, CS	I the other r nd safely d valves, blo signed to v ifferent tem pusly. Desig Requireme	ecei ischa ow d vithst pera gn of	ving arge owr tanc ture f the
	Refer also to API 521, clause 4.4, fo considered in the design, such as chol	•			b be
c	The system shall be designed for eme disposal from low flowrates to at least <mark>4</mark> ike regeneration and flash gas from ⁻	<mark>,000,000</mark> Sm³/d. Proce	ss disposal	strea	ams

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flash drum, flotator, liquid from compressor scrubbers shall be sent back to the treatment plant.

- 2.7.5.4 CONTRACTOR shall submit to PETROBRAS a complete Depressurization System Study assumptions, methodology and results for comments during the engineering design phase. Assumptions and methodology shall be submitted prior to the development of the study.
- 2.7.5.5 The disposal system K.O. drums shall be designed to accommodate gas and liquids relief flows and have effective level measurement and control. Disposal system headers shall be designed to accommodate multiphase flow depending on the characteristics of the relief.
- 2.7.5.6 Relief lines and headers shall be provided with adequate slope and drain points to guarantee liquid drainage considering all operational trim conditions.
- 2.7.5.7 CONTRACTOR shall submit to PETROBRAS the Gas Dispersion Study for Cargo Vent Post Location assumptions, methodology and results for comments during the engineering design phase. Assumptions and methodology shall be submitted previously of development of the study.
- 2.7.5.8 The venting system shall be provided with devices to prevent against passage of flame into the cargo tanks.

2.7.5.9 FLARES

- 2.7.5.9.1 The methodology established in API 521 shall be followed to determine radiation levels limits during emergency and continuous flaring. CONTRACTOR shall also conduct dispersion analysis during flare snuffing scenarios and noise level studies for the determination of the flare stack height.
- 2.7.5.9.2 The required radiation levels shall not be exceeded in any weather condition and in any continuous or emergency gas flow. Special attention shall be given on radiation levels on offloading equipment, flare startup system location (propane/ liquefied petroleum gas), electrical, and gas and flame detectors.
- 2.7.5.9.3 CONTRACTOR shall guarantee that:
 - Flare system has suitable supports in order to avoid transferring vibration to the flare piping system;
 - Flare model be a non-pollutant type, with low NOx emissions. Burning efficiency shall be high enough to guarantee low hydrocarbon emissions to the atmosphere;
 - Operational flaring scenarios be evaluated to guarantee flame stability and quality, especially for the lowest expected flowrates. Concern is excessive radiation and damage to flare structure in staged flare designs;
 - Flare designs consider fire scenarios according to fire propagation study results which can lead to high depressurization flow rates;

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- Flare lines, including the vertical lines in the flare stack, are designed avoiding pockets and considering possible rainwater accumulation;
- Pressure relief/depressurization systems and flare system design and calculation consider scenarios such as Unit blackout (which could lead to the simultaneous opening of all blowdown valves (BDVs)).
- 2.7.5.9.4 The flare system shall be designed with a gas recovery. Outlet gas from either low pressure or high pressure flare knockout drums shall be routed to Flare Gas Recovery System (FGRS). The FGRS shall consist of a complete system with a pressure recovering equipment to make possible to return gas to process. Either liquid-ring compressors designed according to API 681 or screw compressors (as per API Std. 619) shall be provided. At least a 2x50% configuration shall be adopted.
- 2.7.5.9.5 CONTRACTOR shall consider minimum the capacity of 50,000 Sm3/d for FGRS design. The pressure recovering equipment shall start to recover the flare gas as the flare header pressure reaches a control set point. Whenever discharges exceed FGRS capacity, the system shall stop and gas shall be directed to the flare stack. In order to keep system reliability, QOVs (Quick Opening Valves) shall be installed on HP and LP headers. Each QOV shall have at least 2 (two) Buckling Pin Valve (BPV) protection with a bypass line. Each header pressure shall be configured with a voting logic of 2 (two) of 3 (three) in order to open/close QOV.
- 2.7.5.9.6 For the design of the Safety Instrumented Functions (SIFs) responsible for the QOVs actuation, installed in the flare gas relief lines (low and high pressure), SIL (Safety Integrity Level) 3 shall be considered as the level of integrity required.
- 2.7.5.9.7 Flares shall be designed with a backup of the ignition system. Flare and pilot shall be designed to guarantee flammability and flame stability considering the range of CO2 concentration expected.
- 2.7.5.9.8 Flare pilots shall comply with NR-37.
- 2.7.5.9.9 Purge gas shall be injected in the gas piping system to the flare at the farthest point(s) upstream flare so that all the piping shall be full of purge gas.
- 2.7.5.9.10 For staged systems, provide a point for nitrogen purge downstream each valve of the stages normally closed, in order to maintain a continuous flow of purge gas up to the top of the flare.
- 2.7.5.9.11 The minimum purge gas flow shall be according to API STD 521 requirements or supplier information, whichever is higher.
- 2.7.5.9.12 In the Flare Gas Recovery System (FGRS), the high pressure and low pressure headers shall be purged with nitrogen locally generated from the atmosphere. The nitrogen generators shall have a 2x100% configuration and its electrical energy source shall be from emergency generator (Essential Switchgear). The

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	trogen generators shall be dedicated and exclusive for flare a shared with other plant consumers.	e purge, it shall not
al ga in	ne Nitrogen Generator Units shall be connected in the sup low an automatic start-up. In case of failure of both generato as source shall be used to purge the flare system. Purge ga HP and LP headers downstream respective QOV (Quin alves.	ors, a dedicated fue as shall be injected
flo	least two sources of purge gas shall be provided, with provow, low flow alarm and automatic changing between source and sygen content of purge gas shall be 5%.	
2.7.5.10 AT	MOSPHERIC VENTS	
2.7.5.10.1 Th	ne design of Atmospheric Vents shall follow the API STD 20	000.
	ONTRACTOR shall consider proper access to flame arrestonets. Flame arrestors shall be installed in safe location comp	
2.7.5.11 Spe	ecial Considerations for CO2	
di C	ONTRACTOR may evaluate the use of alternative desisposal of rich CO2 stream, such as header segrega ONTRACTOR shall also evaluate if CO2 affects the cor quirements stated in clause 2.7.5.1.	ation and venting.
	esigning relief systems of process plants (equipment or pip count the possibility of low temperatures and associated so	

2.7.5.11.3 The following requirements shall be met in the Unit design, as a minimum:

according to ISO 17349.

• The solid CO2 flowrate during the depressurization and relief of gas streams containing CO2 shall be estimated based on correlations available for this purpose in commercial process simulators;

hydrate formation, adhesion, risk of plugging, and multi-phase flow analysis,

- Volume design and structural calculations of the knockout vessels in the flare systems shall take into account the possibility of solid CO2 presence and accumulation;
- For the cases where potential for CO2 solid formation is identified, methods to monitoring the PSVs and BDVs tightness/leakage shall be implemented. Temperature transmitters shall be installed immediately at valves outlet for monitoring. These devices shall be configured with alarm and shutdown action based on risk assessment analysis.
- 2.7.5.11.4 The following information shall be provided during execution phase:

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•	CONTRACTOR shall present a calculation sheet and report c depressurization of gas streams containing CO2 solid, show freeze-out temperatures;	-
•	CONTRACTOR shall present the calculation methodology ad risk of plugging, blocking and solid displacement in relief a lines.	
2.8 CH	EMICAL INJECTION	
imp oil,	Unit shall be equipped with a chemical injection system, whi rove and enhance the operating conditions of equipment and gas, water treatment and water injection systems shall be de owing main products:	d subsea lines. The
•	H2S scavenger for subsea;	
•	H2S scavenger for offloading;	
•	Gas hydrate inhibitor for topside and subsea;	
•	Scale inhibitor for topside;	
•	Scale inhibitor for subsea;	
•	Wax inhibitor for subsea;	
•	Asphaltene inhibitor for subsea;	
•	Water-in-oil demulsifier for topside;	
•	Water-in-oil demulsifier for subsea;	
•	Oil defoamer for topside;	
•	Polyelectrolyte;	
•	Sodium Hydroxide;	
•	Biocide for Slop Tank, Off-spec Tanks and Cargo Tanks;	
•	All the manufacturer recommended chemicals for the Sulphat Ultrafiltration Unit. As a minimum CONTRACTOR shall consi	
	 Membrane biocide and/or shock biocide; 	
	 Chlorine scavenger and/or oxygen scavenger; 	
	 Scale inhibitor for SRU; 	
	 Acid cleaning for SRU; 	

- Alkaline cleaning for SRU;
- Water Injection Shock biocide;
- Biofouling disperser.

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- 2.8.2 Where not specifically mentioned, storage tanks for chemicals shall have enough capacity for 10 days of normal consumption, calculated by using 50% of the maximum injection rate indicated in Table 2.8.12.
- 2.8.3 All the chemical products tanks shall have a level transmitter and inclined bottom with a drain, containments for leaks, manhole for inspection, easy access to instruments and valves, high and low level alarms and sampling point. Sampling point can be at the pump.
- 2.8.4 Chemical tanks and their lines should be made of stainless steel, except if not compatible with the fluid. Tanks shall be installed in naturally ventilated areas and equipped with individual vents. The flammable products tanks must have flame arresters.
- 2.8.5 Vents for flammable products shall be in accordance to API STD 2000.
- 2.8.6 At least scale inhibitor (subsea) and demulsifier (topside) tanks shall be divided in two partitions with isolating valves from the common pump suction header and also isolating valves on filling line. Instrumentation, drains and vents shall consider the partition. These facilities are to be used during testing of new products or different batches of the same products.
- 2.8.7 For umbilical (subsea) injection, filters (2x100%, 400 mesh stainless steel) on pump discharge shall be added. The discharge filters shall have remote differential pressure alarm for replacement. CONTRACTOR shall follow practices and recommendations of API TR 17TR5 (Avoidance of Blockages in Subsea Production Control and Chemical Injection System) during design and operation. A specific drainage routine / procedure shall be established in agreement with PETROBRAS during operation phase.
- 2.8.8 All chemical injection pumps shall have a filter upstream. CONTRACTOR shall install stand-by pumps at all chemical units to guarantee continuous performance, except for ethanol / MEG pumps. Also, chemical dosing pumps shall have an adjustable flow range of 10:1 unless if defined differently on Table 2.8.12.
- 2.8.9 Each injection point shall have individual pump or multi head pump or dedicated head in a multi head pump, including online pressure meter (transmitter).
- 2.8.10 Each injection point shall have an online flow meter (transmitter) and a calibration gauge glass in order to measure the injection rate. CONTRACTOR shall comply with flow meter maintenance plan recommended by the supplier. Flow meters for topside scale inhibitor, oil defoamer, demulsifier and subsea chemicals shall be Coriolis type, transmitting online flow and density.
- 2.8.11 Each injection point shall be in the center of pipe.
- 2.8.12 Concentration ranges for each chemical to be complied with when designing the chemical injection system are (during operational life, different dosages within pump or system capacities may be applied):

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		Table	2.8.12 – Chemical Injection Rates & Requirements		
	PRO	DUCT	INJECTION RATE		
			The injection system provided shall operate in the range of 1 to 50 L/h per well.		
	H ₂ S scavend	er for subsea	There shall be a storage of 2 (two) tanks of 20 m ³ each.		
H ₂ S scavenger for subsea			Each scavenger line will pass through X-tree and tubing hanger(TH) down to the well bottom to allow H_2S scavenger to react with H_2S in the tubing;		
			Injection point: upstream each offloading pump.		
H₂S scavenger for topsides		er for tonsides	The injection system provided shall operate in the range of 200 to 1,000 L/h.		
		er for topsides	There shall be a total storage of 10m ³ .		
			This product should be used just contingently and PETROBRAS.	d in agreement with	
			Topside: 1 to 100l/h (multi head pump) (10)		

Subsea: 7,000 L/h. Two pumps are required.

Minimum tank capacity: 15.0 m³.

There shall be a total storage of 15 m³

perforations;

inhibitor.

L/h per well."

L/h per well

maximum injection rate.

each of the tanks may be used for ethanol of MEG. Topside: from 1 to 100 L/h in each injection point.

There shall be a storage of 2 (two) tanks of 40 m³ each. At any time,

Each scale inhibitor line will pass through X-tree and TH down to the well bottom to guarantee the scale inhibition as close as possible of

The injection system provided shall operate in the range of 0.1 to 20

L/h per well. More than one head pump may be required to reach the

One of the H₂S scavenger tanks shall be able to be used for Scale

The injection system provided shall operate in the range of 1 to 300

There shall be a total storage of 20 m³ Wax inhibitor for subsea The Wax Inhibitor tank shall be able to be used for hydrate inhibitor. Water-in-oil demulsifier for subsea may use the same tank. These products will not be used simultaneously. The injection system provided shall operate in the range of 1 to 300 L/h per well. There shall be a total storage of 20 m³

Gas hydrate inhibitor:

Scale inhibitor for topside

Scale inhibitor for subsea

ethanol or MEG (1)

(2)

(2)

(3)

subsea

Asphaltene inhibitor for subsea (3) Water-in-oil demulsifier for The injection system shall provide 10 a 100 L/h. topsides (4) Minimum tank capacity: 17.5 m³ Water-in-oil demulsifier for The injection system provided shall operate in the range of 1 to 300

There shall be a total storage of 20 m3

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	LEASED UNITS	ESUP
PRODUCT	INJECTION RATE	
	Wax Inhibitor may use the same tank. These pro simultaneously.	ducts will not be used
Oil defoamer (4,5)	The injection system shall provide 10 a 100 L/h. Minimum tank capacity: 15.0 m ³	
Oil Defoamer (for subsea HISEPTM) (14)	Flowrate: defined on Table 2.11.3.7.1 There shall be a total storage of XXm3	
Biocide for Slop Tank, Produced Water Tank, Cargo Tanks and Off-spec Tanks (6)	Batch treatment uses 1 m ³ /h as product flow rate There shall be a total storage of 5 m ³	
(SRU) Acid cleaning	Batch use (7) Tank capacity: To be defined by CONTRACTOR	
(SRU) Alkaline cleaning	Batch use (7) Tank capacity: To be defined by CONTRACTOR	
Water injection shock Biocide: DBNPA (8)	From 100 to 500 ppm twice a week during one he Tank capacity: To be defined by CONTRACTOR	
Water injection shock biocide: THPS (tetrakis hydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate) or Glutaraldehyde	from 100 to 1000 ppm twice a week during one h deaerator Tank capacity: To be defined by CONTRACTOR	
Scale inhibitor for SRU	from 1 to 10 ppm upstream SRU Minimum tank capacity: 6 m ³	
Chlorine scavenger	from 1 to 20 ppm upstream SRU Tank capacity: To be defined by CONTRACT 	OR.
Oxygen scavenger	from 5 to 20 ppm (operational deaerator) from 100 to 200 ppm (non-operational deaerator) Tank capacity: To be defined by CONTRACTOR	
Biofouling disperser	from 5 to 20 ppm downstream deaerator Tank capacity: To be defined by CONTRACTOR	
Polyelectrolyte (inverted emulsion inhibitor) (9)	From XX to XX ppm Tank capacity: XXX	
Oxygen Scavenger (for produced water)	Injection point: upstream Solid Removal Unit From XX to XX ppm No additional storage required; CONTRACTOR r same system mentioned for injection water.	nay use the
Coagulant	Injection point: upstream and downstream hydrod From XX to XX ppm There shall be a total storage of XXm3	
	Injection points: in the dilution water stream dowr pre-treater and oil transfer pump suction header.	

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	LEASED UNITS	ESUP
PRODUCT	INJECTION RATE	
Sodium Hydroxide (up to <mark>50%</mark>) (11,12, 13)	Dilution water and upstream oil transfer pumps: f There shall be a total storage of 22m ³ .	rom 1 to 100 L/h
Acetic acid (75%) (15,16)	Injection points: upstream of FWKO, upstream fir treater. The injection system provided shall operate up to There shall be a total storage of XXm3	
NOTE 1: To inhibit hydrate formation, ethanol / MEG shall be injected into the Wells Christmas Trees. The injection is not planned to be continuous, however, it s be possible to inject it in up to two points at the same time. CONTRACTOR provide the required flow rate and pressure at the top connection of each co umbilical at the FPSO. The Subsea pump shall be used in the commission all risers. The Subsea pumping system shall have a configuration of at least 2: pumps, with a total flowrate of 7,000 L/h.		, however, it should ONTRACTOR shall ion of each control e commissioning of
plates shown in F	re required at the top of all risers, and on th igure 2.8.16. No injection of gas hydrate inhibit rection is in operation.	
The tanks may st	ore ethanol or MEG.	
The pumps may dedicated header	v be used to inject ethanol or MEG, not s rs are required.	imultaneously. No
exchange. CONT	may be used for umbilical cleaning before a RACTOR shall provide a permanent or remove to the other chemical products umbilical tub	vable connection of
NOTE 2: The Unit shall be prepared to inject the scale inhibitor continuously at the well down hole (in all production wells at the same time) and at the topside facilities (production header, test header, upstream of treaters and/or heat exchanger upstream of hydrocyclones, upstream mixing with desulphated water (reinjection scenario) and others) whenever required by PETROBRAS. Separate system shall be provided, as different products are injected topsides and subset PETROBRAS informs that there is a high potential of scaling at topside ar subsea. In the case of dosage ranges exceeding 10: 1, the CONTRACTOR mu provide sets of heads / pumps of complementary ranges.		e topside facilities heat exchangers, d water (reinjection Separate systems ides and subsea. ing at topside and
	es Xylene as solvent. Facilities should be pro sphaltene inhibitor systems for pumping hydra	
NOTE 4: The Unit shall be	prepared to inject this product continuously to	psides.
	: production and test headers, upstream of the <mark>eparator</mark> , upstream of the oil level control valve essels.	
tank is necessar	R decides to use a combo product for Biocide, y. The value of 5mg / L of H2S should be us s tanks as a reference for the control of the bi	sed in the aqueous

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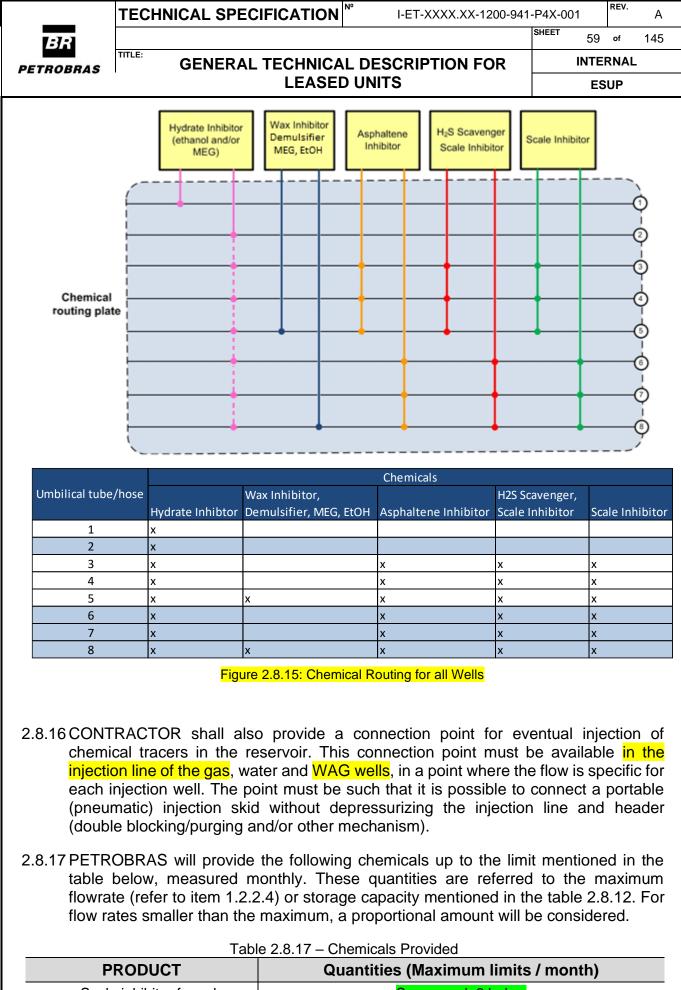
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LEASED UNITS	ESUP
methodology to be used for the measurement of sulfides is NOTE 3 of item 2.10.1. As per Contract requirement, CONTR/ an operating procedure and facilities that incorporates the in and/or other means that may be necessary, so as to keep th from sulfate reducing bacteria.	ACTOR must have njection of biocide
NOTE 7: During project execution phase, SRU cleaning procedure sha PETROBRAS for comments.	all be submitted to
NOTE 8: DBNPA is a corrosive product so its injection system shall not be titanium/hastelloy C is acceptable for use with DBNPA.	e metallic However,
NOTE 9: Polyelectrolyte must be injected upstream of the flotation cell points must be downstream of the hydrocyclones. This product 10 to 30 times in fresh water. The CONTRACTOR must use in-lin or pumps that allow automatic product dilution in water, with dilution tank.	t should be diluted ne dilution systems
NOTE 10: Injecting the product at the topside during commissioning of the required due to the bypass of the molecular sieves or becau gas through the export pipeline (when applicable). The minim required are: export pipeline (when applicable), one point ups point downstream of the fuel gas scrubber vessel.	se of the import of um injection points
NOTE 11: An in-line system with fresh water to reduce Sodium Hydroxide 50% m/m to 18% m/m shall be provided. The Sodium Hydroxide material should be stainless steel 316L, dedicated for this should never have contact with chlorides, in order to preve Corrosion. On-line pH analyzers shall be provided at dilution sodium hydroxide injection and at the produced water outlet treater. Additionally, sample points shall be provided for pH back-up for the on-line pH analyzers.	oxide solution tank product. This tank ent Steel Cracking water downstream t from electrostatic
NOTE 12: These values are calculated based on total oil and produced the chemicals that are injected in each oil treatment train, CC use these values as basis to calculate flowrate injected in each	ONTRACTOR shall
NOTE 13: Dilution water line to be provided upstream oil/oil pre-heate hydroxide free. It shall be drawn upstream sodium hydroxide i	
NOTE 14: Storage tanks for Oil Defoamer and Oil Defoamer for HISEP sl chemical products are different.	hall be segregated,
NOTE 15: The necessary amount of acetic acid and coagulant wi PETROBRAS at no cost	ll be provided by
NOTE 16: Facilities defined for acetic acid and coagulant may be the sam will not be used simultaneously	ne. These products
2.8.13 Chemicals are received from supply vessels in portable tanks (tote capacity and must be stored in specific chemical storage areas wi least one of the Unit's cranes. These chemical storage areas sha the gravity transfer of chemicals to the storage tanks in the chemical	thin the range of at all preferably allow

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per Ta	ent area shall be provided for receiving and stable 2.8.14. Products of non-continuous use ation. No stacking of tote tanks is allowed.			
	Table 2.8.14 – Tote Tanks Quantity for Stora	<u>ge Area Defini</u> I	tion	
	PRODUCT		TY	
		(reference	5m3)	
	H_2S scavenger for subsea H_2S scavenger for topsides	2 0		
	Gas hydrate inhibitor: ethanol or MEG (1)	5		
	Scale inhibitor for topside	5		
	Scale inhibitor for subsea	2		
	Wax inhibitor	2		
	Asphaltene inhibitor	2		
	Water-in-oil demulsifier for topsides	4		
	Water-in-oil demulsifier for subsea	2		
	Oil defoamer	<mark>5</mark>		
	Biocide for Slop Tank, Produced Water Tanks, Cargo Tanks and Off-spec Tanks	1		
	Biostatic for Slop Tank, Produced Water Tanks, Cargo Tanks and Off-spec Tanks	1		
	(SRU) Acid cleaning	<mark>1</mark>		
	(SRU) Alkaline cleaning	<mark>2</mark>		
	Water injection shock Biocide: DBNPA	<mark>1</mark>		
	Water injection shock	<mark>1</mark>		
	biocide: THPS (tetrakis hydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate) or Glutaraldehyde			
	Scale inhibitor for SRU	1		
	Chlorine scavenger or Oxygen scavenger	1		
	Biofouling disperser	1		
	Polyelectrolyte	<mark>1</mark>		
	Sodium Hydroxide	<mark>4</mark>		
	Acetic Acid	X		
2.9.15 Config	uration for Chamical Pouting Papals is proso	ntod in the fo	llowing Ei	auro Eor

2.8.15 Configuration for Chemical Routing Panels is presented in the following Figure. For subsea chemical injection and Chemical Routing Panels requirements for HISEP[™] slots, see item 2.11.



Scale inhibitor for subsea See remark 2 below

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	PRODUCT		Quantities (Maximum lin	nits / month)
Scale inhibitor for topside		inhibitor for topside	74 m ³ (1)	
Water-in-oil Demulsifier		ter-in-oil Demulsifier	<mark>42 m³ (2)</mark>	
_				
-		Oil defoamer	71 m ³ (2)	

Biocides to water injection	DBNPA – 6 m ³
	THPS or Glutaraldehyde – 4.5 m ³
Hydrate inhibitor	See remark below
	Oxygen scavenger and chlorine scavenger - 36 m ³
Chemicals to be used in the	Scale inhibitor for SRU- 10 m ³
Sulphate Removal Unit and Ultrafiltration Unit (if necessary)	Acid Cleaning - 4 m ³ (for 3 months)
	Alkaline Cleaning - 4 m ³ (for 3 months)
Wax inhibitor	See remark 2 below
Asphaltene inhibitor	See remark 2 below
H ₂ S scavenger for subsea	See remark 2 below
Biofouling disperser	25 m³
Acetic Acid	XXXX

NOTE 1: Based on Produced Water.

NOTE 2: Based on Produced Liquids.

Remarks:

- 1. The necessary amount of hydrate inhibitor necessary for cleaning the flowlines will be provided by PETROBRAS at no cost.
- 2. Subsea chemicals will be provided by PETROBRAS at no cost. CONTRACTOR must use the volume or dosage requested by PETROBRAS.
- 3. The quantities above may be revised during the operation, if CONTRACTOR presents technical evidence that supports such need and is accepted by PETROBRAS.
- 4. As chemical injection facilities may contain low flashpoint, flammable and/or toxic substances, these risks shall be used in development of the appropriate protection requirements.
- 5. Due to potential hazards, the location of chemical injections packages shall not obstruct escape and evacuation routes by any very toxic substances that might result from an incident.
- 2.8.18 PETROBRAS will provide reference chemical product data sheets for each function during design phase. However, the supplier of the chemicals will be defined based on PETROBRAS internal procedures and regulations and might change suppliers during operation phase.
- 2.8.19 For tote tanks dimensions, CONTRACTOR shall consider:

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Table 2.8.19 – Tote Tank Dimensions

m ³	Valve	Connection	PB	Dimension	Tare (kg)
1,0	ball Ø2"	Screw BSP	restricted gate	H=1,5m X L=1,3m X W=1,5m	265
1,5	ball Ø2"	Screw BSP	restricted gate	H=1,9m X L=1,3m X W=1,5m	440
3,0	ball Ø3"	Screw BSP	restricted gate	H=2,3m X L=2,3m X W=2,3m	1.500
5,0	ball Ø3"	Screw BSP	restricted gate	H= 2,3m X L= 3,0m X W=2,3m	1.700
5,2	ball Ø3"	Screw BSP	tripartite restricted gate	H=2,3m X L=3,1m X W=2,3m	1.700

W: Width, H: Height, L: Length

TITLE:

2.8.20 Required pressure at top of riser and flowrates per well for the subsea chemical injection is presented in Table 2.8.21. During execution phase, PETROBRAS will confirm these values.

Product	Injection Point	Pressure at top of riser/umbilical (bara)	Min Flow Rate (m³/d)	Max Flow Rate (m³/d)
Ethanol	Subsea Tree ⁽¹⁾	<mark>350</mark>	<mark>6.8</mark>	<mark>68.0</mark>
MEG	Subsea Tree ⁽¹⁾	<mark>350</mark>	<mark>3.2</mark>	<mark>32.0</mark>
Wax Inhibitor/ Water-in-oil Demulsifier	Subsea Tree	<mark>370</mark>	<mark>0.4</mark>	<mark>4.0</mark>
Scale Inhibitor	Well	<mark>260</mark>	<mark>0.16</mark>	<mark>1.6</mark>
H ₂ S Scavenger	Well	<mark>370</mark>	<mark>0.3</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>
Asphaltene Inhibitor	Well	370	0.65	<mark>6.5</mark>

Table 2.8.20 – Subsea Chemicals Requirements

NOTE 1: For Production and Injection positions.

2.9 SAMPLE COLLECTORS

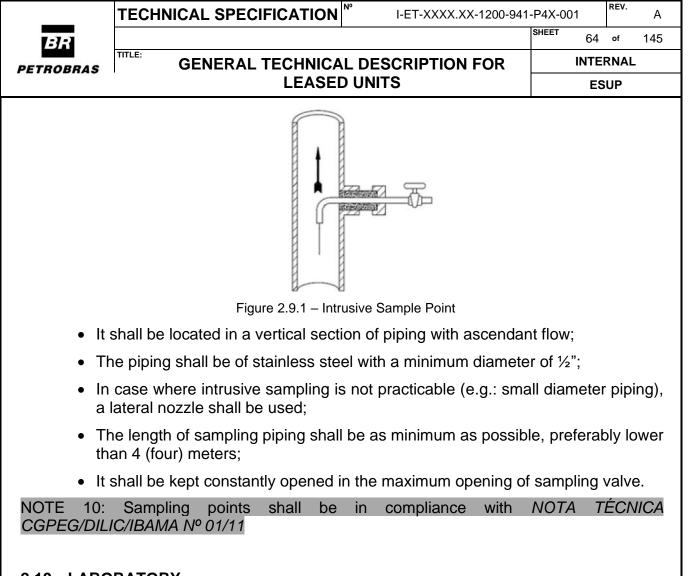
2.9.1 Provisions to collect samples shall be designed in such a way as to guarantee correct sample accuracy. Each collecting point shall be in accordance with regulations and shall allow safe operation with no environmental impact. Therefore, CONTRACTOR shall install an adequate drain and/or vent system, for each of the collecting points listed below:

POINTS	SAMPLE COLLECTION
Produced oil	Test and production header (upstream from the chemical injection points);
/Condensate (1,2,3,8)	 Upstream and downstream of process vessels;

Table	2.9.1 -	Sample	Points
rubic	2.0.1	Oumpic	

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	•	Try-cocks on separators (FV	electrostatic treater VKO);	and free	water
	•	Transference the cargo tank	pump discharge (from s);	the process	plant to
	•	All production	lines;		
	•	Offloading line			
	•	Slop and Carg			
		•	downstream of proces	s vessels;	
		Fuel Gas;			
		High Pressure Low pressure	0		
	•	Service heade	•		
Gas (3,4,5)		Gas lift heade			
	•	Gas reinjection			
		Slop and Carg			
	•		it: inlet gas, treated g elements cluster, as a r		2 rich
	•	Upstream and	downstream of proces	s vessels	
	•	Produced wate	er tank (inlet and outlet))	
	•		unit (inlet and outlet) am the produced wate		
Produced v	vater (6)	Any points to a water treatment	allow control/troublesho	poting of proc	luced
	•		ge piping to overboard ne oil and water online a		r and
	•	Upstream and	downstream of deaera	ator;	
	•	Seawater intal	ke, upstream of water li	ift pumps;	
Injection wa	ater .		al membrane unit: inlet, ı (in each vessel);	treated wate	er and
	•	Injection head	er and risers.		
Dilution wa	ter •	Upstream dilut	tion water heater.		
Cooling Wa	•	Downstream of	irculation pumps.		
	•	Downstream h	eat exchangers		
Hydraulic c	ontrol fluid	High pressure (DHSVs);	e header for Down ho	ole Safety V	alves

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		Low pressure head	der for Wet Christmas	Trees (WCTs).	
Slop water		 Slop tank water dis 	sposal line to overboa	rd	
Ballast wat	er	 Ballast water dispo 	sal line to overboard		
Subsea Ch	emicals	Upstream of the St	ubsea chemical injecti	on pumps	
Sewage system (10)		downstream sanita	ixture of grey and bla ary effluent treatmen BOD (biological oxy y.	t unit to allow	
NOTE 1: CONTRACTOR shall provide means to collect samples and to determine E content in produced oil (according to EPA 8260D e EPA 3585), condensate (A D 3606) and produced water (according to EPA 8015D).					
up t (tes fore	NOTE 2: CONTRACTOR must provide facilities to collect samples of oil in vessels of 0,2 up to 1,000 L (container). Sampling condition must be at atmospheric press (test and production separators and crude oil fiscal meter to cargo tanks shall a foresee pressurized samples). All the gas released in this process must be sen a safe place.				
NOTE 3: For gas and oil sampler points related to the flow meters of the FMS, Resol Conjunta ANP/Inmetro nº1 of 2013 shall be complied with. For a list of all met points and additional requirements see FLOW METERING SYSTEM LEASED UNITS (see item 1.2.1).				a list of all metering	
	lyzer (gas chro	shall also provide ma omatographer, moisture	•	•	
		hall provide means to o ording to GPA 2286.	collect and to determin	ne BTEX content in	
NOTE 6: San	nple points sha	all be representative an	d located at turbulent	flow line.	
NOTE 7: The fluid		ems shall have materia	al specification compa	atible with sampled	
NOTE 8: CONTRACTOR shall provide a hermetic system to collect and determine be content (%v/v) in all condensate streams, as presented in <i>I</i> <i>Regulamentadora</i> Nº 15 – NR-15 (Portaria SSST n.º 14, December 20, Annex 13 A.			ented in Norma		
	anual sampling julation.	g devices shall be pr	ovided and comply v	with the CONAMA	
		s installed for environme according to the followi	5	nply with legislation	
	shall be loca scharge;	ted downstream the	last equipment befor	e produced water	
		ve, positioned in the ce low (see Figure 2.9.1);	nter line of piping and	with a curvature of	



2.10 LABORATORY

2.10.1 CONTRACTOR shall provide onboard a Laboratory equipped to perform, as a minimum, the following analysis onboard:

Table 2.10.1 – Laboratory Analyses				
SYSTEMS	ANALYSIS			
	 BS&W and water cut (1); 			
	 Salinity: Salt-in-Crude analyzer (ASTM D 3230) and Potentiometric method (ASTM D 6470); 			
Produced Oil	 Sand content (ASTM 4381 - Standard Test Method for Sand Content by Volume of Bentonitic Slurries); 			
	 Density/API gravity; 			
	 pH and H₂S content (2); 			
	• RVP (9);			
	 PVT - shrinkage factor and gas oil ratio. 			
Cargo and Slop tanks	 BS&W and water cut (1); 			
Cargo and Slop lanks	 H₂S content (oil (2), water (3), vapor phases (4)). 			

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Produced water	and discharged	 Oil content (at all points of discharge to overboard, upstream and downstream of process vessels) (10); Chloride content; Magnesium content; Calcium content; pH; Composition (Salinity, organic acids, bicarbonates, Calcium, Magnesium, Bromide, Barium, Strontium, Iron, Manganese, Potassium, Lithium, Boron, Sulfates) (5).
Injection a water	and reinjection	 O₂ content (measurement range shall be from 0 to 1000 ppb); SDI (Silt Density Index) - ASTM D4189; Bacteria (SBR planktonic – mesophilic and thermophilic) (5); Total anaerobic bacteria (BANHT planctonic) (5); Number of particles (SM 2560); Sulfate Content (Ion Chromatographic – For reference IC 861 Metrohm or Photometry – Standard Methods 4500E); Chlorine content (6); Soluble sulfide content (3); Total suspended solids (TSS) (5); Residual Sulfite (SMEWW - Method 4500 B (SO32-) (Iodometric)); pH.
Produced gas		 H₂S content by iodometry (GPA STD 2265, ASTM D 2385, ISSO 6326-3); Hydrocarbons and CO₂ content by chromatographic analysis (ASTM D1945 or ISO 6974-2) (11).
Treated g	as	 H₂O content (7); H₂S content by iodometry (GPA STD 2265); Hydrocarbons and CO₂ content by chromatographic analysis (ASTM D1945 or ISO 6974-2) (11).
Hydraulic	control fluid	 Cleanliness according to (ISO 4406 and ISO 11500).
	er Lift System	Chlorine content in inlet filter(6).

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Cooling ar Medium S	nd Heating systems;	 pH; Chloride; Corrosion inhibitor content Iron content. 	
Make-up v	water	 Chlorine content(6); Chloride content; pH; Iron content. 	
Potable W	/ater	 As per Ordinance MS 2914 	4/2011 and its Annexes.
Lean and	Rich TEG	 Glycol concentration(8). 	
Subsea S	cale Inhibitor	 Cleanliness according to S 	AE AS4059 (8 B-F).
equ UOF sepa tolue NOTE 3: Sulf NOTE 4: Gas	ivalence point titra 2 163 (for H2S co arated in the labo ene, at a frequent ide in water: Stan detection Tubes	h potentiometric pH measurem ations with potentiometric voltage ntent). PETROBRAS may reque ratory from a mixture of oil, deio cy and with an experimental proc dard Methods 4500-S2. (ASTM D 4810). Analyses metho	measurement (DET U), and st a pH analysis of the water nized water, demulsifier and edure to be defined later.
NOTE 5: The		to 500 ppmV, at least. Il not be performed onboard. C pre.	ONTRACTOR shall provide
	oratory analyses omV of chlorine co	should be able to measure at lea ontent.	est the specification of 0,1 to
NOTE 7: With		ated gas, CONTRACTOR shall b according to ASTM 1142 (Chan	
star Poir COI to A	nt Meter), includir NTRACTOR shall STM D 5454. Th	g provision for the low temperat provide portable aluminum oxide portable aluminum analyzer sh gas stream within the moisture	e moisture sensor according nall be able to measure H ₂ O
star Poir COI to A cont NOTE 8: AST	nt Meter), includir NTRACTOR shall STM D 5454. Th tent in the treated	g provision for the low temperat provide portable aluminum oxid portable aluminum analyzer sh gas stream within the moisture ard Test Method for Water in Org	ure needed for the analysis. e moisture sensor according nall be able to measure H ₂ O specification range.

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NOTE 10: API RP 45 (molecular absorption spectrophotometry) and infra-red (standard to be defined by PETROBRAS). CONTRACTOR shall be able to perform Standard Methods 5520 B onshore to comply with CONAMA regulations					
	NOTE 11: CONTRACTOR shall supply chromatographic analysis of any gas sampling point, under PETROBRAS occasional demands.				
2.10.2 All Laboratory equipment and analysis methodology shall provide reliable results and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS for comments/information during the engineering design phase. PETROBRAS at their own discretion will collect samples for further comparison with the measured results obtained in the Unit.					
2.10.3 All glassware and equipment should be calibrated with certified standards of RBC/Inmetro.					
2.10.4 Laboratory shall be located in a non-hazardous area, next to the Utilities Module and as close to the Accommodation Module as possible.					
2.10.5 All organic or toxic reagents shall be stored in cabinets with proper exhaustion.					
2.10.6 Laboratory drain system shall prevent the possibility of back-flow of flammable vapors.					
2.10.7 Air conditioning should be exclusive for laboratory facilities.					
2.10.8 Separates sinks shall be installed. One sink dedicated to inorganics (e.g. water) and other sink dedicated to organics (e.g. kerosene).					
2.10.9 An eye-washer and shower shall be provided inside the laboratory.					
2.10.10 Each equipment should have its own socket.					
2.10.11 CONTRACTOR shall calibrate all laboratory equipment according to the manufacturer's guidelines on a regular basis, calibration certificates must be kept onboard.					
2.11 SUBS	SEA SEPARATION SYSTEM (SSS) - HISEF	DTM .			
2.11.1 SYSTEM DEFINITION					
2.11.1.1 The	2.11.1.1 The HISEPTM is a subsea high pressure gas-oil separation system and consists				

2.11.1.1 The HISEPTM is a subsea high pressure gas-oil separation system and consists in a liquid-gas separation unit, followed by a dense gas phase pumping in order to reinject dense gas phase back into reservoir. The separated liquid phase from

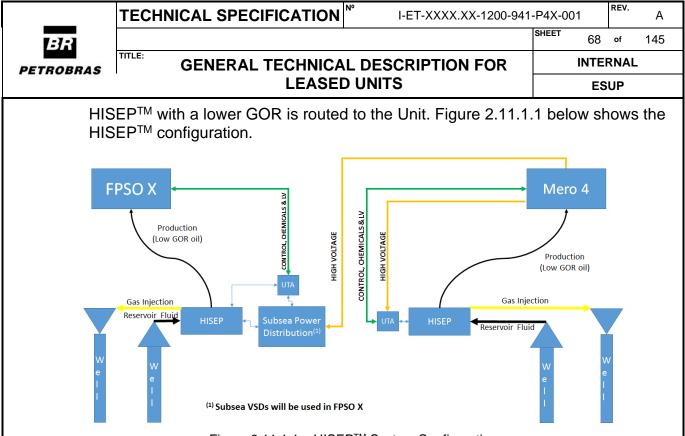


Figure 2.11.1.1 – HISEP[™] System Configuration

- 2.11.1.2 As mentioned in item 1.2.2, FPSO may be connected to a SSS (HISEP[™]) at any time during the production lifetime. The liquid flow and its associated gas after arriving the topsides are routed to the three-phase separator (Free Water Separator) located downstream the HP separator, in the oil separation and treatment system.
- 2.11.1.3 4 (four) production slots in the riser balcony will be selected for future connection with HISEP[™]. Those selected slots will be defined as two groups with two slots positions each. Each production slot will need one position for its service line. Therefore, each pair of HISEP[™] production slot needs a pair of service slot.
- 2.11.1.4 During normal operation, the production from HISEP[™] will arrive through one of 4 (four) production slots selected. The four selected slots will be informed during Kick-off Meeting. Those positions shall have possible straight alignment to the Free Water K.O. Drum (2nd stage of separation) besides the normal alignment to the production header and test header.
- 2.11.1.5 HISEP[™] always will be connected to 2 (two) positions from the 4 (four) production slots above mentioned. One of them will be always aligned to the FWKO and the other one will be always connected to the production header for HISEP[™] start up purposes. Occasionally, one the of the 2 (two) positions may be aligned to the test header for well test.
- 2.11.1.6 FPSO will provide high voltage, low voltage, chemicals, hydraulic control, hydraulic barrier fluid and control to its HISEP[™] system. Besides, FPSO will provide high voltage and fiber optics connection point to another HISEP[™] system that will be connected to a FPSO "X" as it was illustrated in Figure 2.11.1.1.

2.11.2 DESIGN CASES

			1				
·	TECHNICAL SPECIFIC	CATION	Nº I	-ET-XXXX.X	(X-1200-941-P4	X-001	
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		LEASED UNITS			ESUP		
2.11.2.1 CONTRACTOR shall design the Unit considering the following design cases for the production arriving from HISEP TM . The produced fluid from HISEP TM shall be received in a specific header and sent directly to the FWKO during normal operation. Each HISEP TM design case shall be associated with the design cases presented in Table 2.2.2.3, as indicated in Table 2.11.2.1, resulting in additional design cases. Fluid compositions from HISEP TM are presented in Table 2.11.2.4. For design cases from 10 through 16, CONTRACTOR shall use flowrates from HISEP TM , while still complying with maximum nominal flowrates from the respective design cases.							
	Table 2.11.2.1 –		Oil	Liquid	Gas		
	Cases	Temp. (°C) (1)	Flow rate (2)	Flow rate	Flow rate	Corresponding case in table 2.2.2.3	

NOTE 1: Operational temperature downstream of production choke valve. During the production, the temperature can vary from 0°C to 70°C.

5,000

500

500

1.500

1,000

 (Sm^{3}/d) (Sm^{3}/d)

10,000 10,000 2,000,000

5,000 10,000 1,000,000

10.000

10,000

1.500

1,000

10,000 1,000,000

 (Sm^{3}/d)

100.000

100.000

300.000

200.000

11

NOTE 2: The standard flow rate shall be applied to oil conditions as per item 2.3.1.

30

50

45

70

70

5

13 Well E

14 Well E

15 Well F

16 Well E

17 Well F

18 Well E

19 Well F

Max Oil / Max Gas

50% BSW / Max Liquid

Max Water / Max Liquid

Low Liquid

2.11.2.2 The normal pressure range upstream of production choke valve is 2,500 to 12,000 kPa(a).

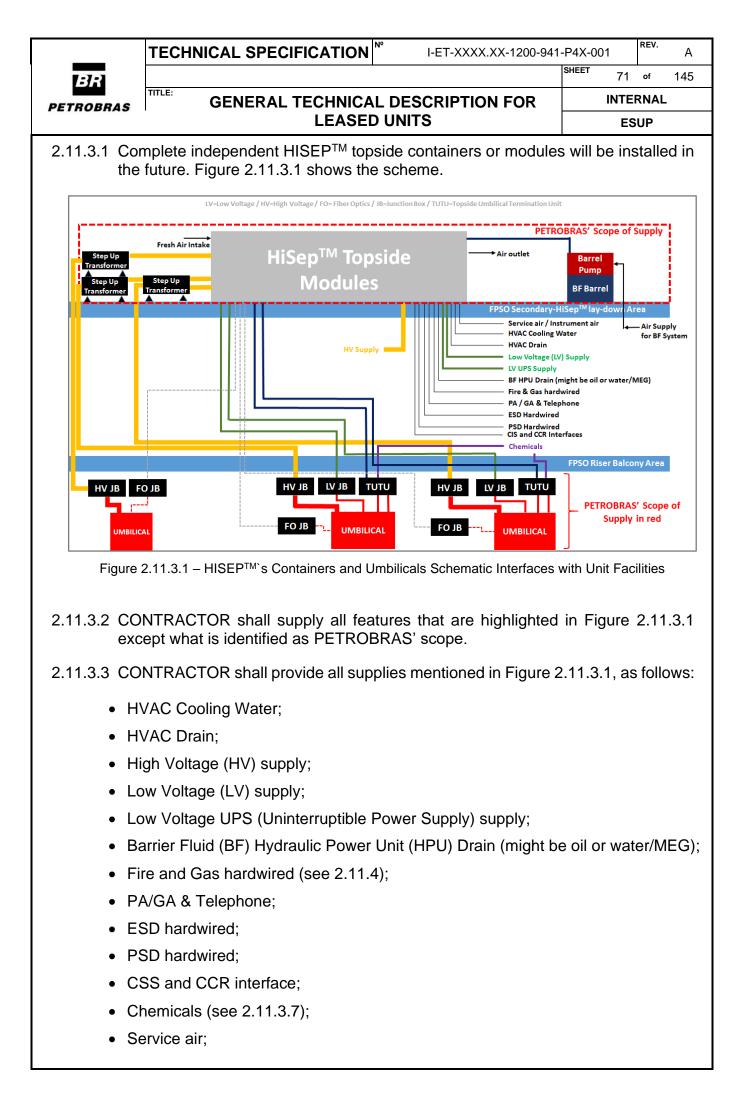
- 2.11.2.3 The HISEP[™] production line that will not be used during normal operation will be kept with Diesel or gas, as detailed in item 10 of Operation Philosophy. The HISEP[™] production lines may reach a pressure up to 526 bar at the top of riser.
- 2.11.2.4 CONTRACTOR shall design the Unit considering a scenario of HISEPTM shutdown. In this scenario, the Unit shall be prepared to isolate the HISEPTM production risers from the topside processing plant. Furthermore, in this scenario FWKO shall continue operating and processing the fluids from HP Separator. CONTRACTOR shall provide means to depressurize the lines upstream of FWKO. It is important to notice that during a HISEPTM shutdown, the FWKO may receive higher liquid and gas flowrates, equivalents to 12,000 Sm3/d with 6,000,000 Sm3/d, in case of failure of the dispositive at topsides to isolate the HISEPTM production line.

Table 2.11.2.4: Well Fluid Composition for HISEP™

Component Well E Well F

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PETROBRAS		NICAL DESCRIF	TION FOR	INTERNAL
121110DilA0	LE	ASED UNITS		ESUP
	CO ₂	33.81	<mark>48.12</mark>	
	N2	0.14	0.10	
	C1	<mark>27.06</mark>	<mark>20.40</mark>	
	C2	<mark>4.83</mark>	<mark>2.79</mark>	
	C3	<mark>3.81</mark>	<mark>2.25</mark>	
	iC4	0.67	<mark>0.44</mark>	
	nC4	<mark>1.83</mark>	<mark>1.26</mark>	
	iC5	<mark>0.63</mark>	<mark>0.57</mark>	
	nC5	<mark>1.02</mark>	<mark>0.55</mark>	
	C6	<mark>1.28</mark>	<mark>0.34</mark>	
	C7	<mark>1.51</mark>	<mark>0.49</mark>	
	C8	<mark>1.89</mark>	0.72	
	C9	<mark>1.63</mark>	<mark>1.25</mark>	
	C10	<mark>1.45</mark>	<mark>0.70</mark>	
	C11	<mark>1.29</mark>	<mark>0.73</mark>	
	C12	<mark>1.18</mark>	<mark>0.76</mark>	
	C13	<mark>1.22</mark>	<mark>0.89</mark>	
	C14	<mark>1.05</mark>	0.92	
	C15	<mark>1.00</mark>	<mark>1.06</mark>	
	C16	<mark>0.78</mark>	<mark>0.86</mark>	
	C17	<mark>0.71</mark>	<mark>0.94</mark>	
	C18	<mark>0.75</mark>	<mark>1.02</mark>	
	C19	<mark>0.65</mark>	<mark>0.86</mark>	
	C20+	<mark>9.79</mark>	<mark>11.98</mark>	
	Mol. Weight C		<mark>515</mark>	
	Density C20	+ <mark>0.9413</mark>	0.9413	

2.11.3 HISEP[™] REQUIREMENTS AND INTERFACE CONNECTIONS WITH FPSO



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	LEASED U	JNITS	ESUP		
• Fr	esh air intake;				
Air outlet;					
• Air	r Supply for BF System;				
High Voltage Junction Boxes;					
 Low Voltage Junction Boxes; 					
• Fit	ber Optic (FO) Junction Boxes;				
• TL	JTU plates.				
2.11.3.4 AREA, MATERIAL HANDLING AND INSTALLATION					
2.11.3.4.1 CONTRACTOR shall provide:					
 Overall free Area: 300 m2 (designed for 500 ton) – Dimensions at least 15 x 20 m2; 					
 The free area shall be located within a Non-Hazardous Zone so called "secondary-HISEPTM lay-down area" covered by fixed crane provided by CONTRACTOR; 					
 The area shall be covered by FPSO offshore crane capable to make an offshore lifting operation of maximum 25 ton; 					
 Proper means (cranes, mono-rails, skidding, crawlers, slings, rigging, etc.) for the installation/de-installation of equipment shall be available. The heaviest piece of equipment to be handled is 25 ton; 					
 For lifting purposes, It shall be considered that the maximum dimensions of each module are length of 15 m, width of 5 m and height of 3 m; 					
 The modules of Power Control Module (PCM) may be stacked in 2 levels; 					
 The "secondary-HISEP[™] lay-down" if located adjacent to the FPSO main lay- down area shall be provided with structural barriers to avoid damaging the HISEP[™] containers during any material handling operations; 					
• De	edicated team and infrastructure to	support all HISEP [™] ins	tallation services in		

 Dedicated team and infrastructure to support all HISEP[™] installation services in the Floating Production Unit (FPU), including but not limited to cable laying, scaffolding assembly, cable interconnection and termination, cargo handling, equipment installation and fastening, etc.

2.11.3.5 PIPING FACILITIES

- 2.11.3.5.1 CONTRACTOR shall provide the following infrastructure from Unit facilities to Secondary-HISEP[™] Lay-Down Area:
 - Service Air Supply: 04 outlets independent lines N.D 2" each;
 - Fresh Water Supply: 04 outlets independent lines N.D 2" each;

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- Instrument Air Supply: 02 outlets independent lines N.D 1" each;
- Location of supplies in the Secondary HISEPTM lay-down area shall be mutually agreed during early stage of the detailed design.

2.11.3.6 ELECTRICAL AND INSTRUMENTATION FACILITIES

- 2.11.3.6.1 CONTRACTOR shall provide 16 MVA@0.85 power factor to power supply one HISEP[™] system to be connected to the FPSO.
- 2.11.3.6.2 CONTRACTOR shall provide additional 16 MVA@0.85 power factor to power supply a second HISEP[™] system to be installed in XXX field. This additional power requirement shall be supplied considering the difference between the total operational designed capacity of the electrical power generation system and the FPSO actual total electrical demand. This additional power supply might be complemented using part of the electrical load of the water injection pumps, produced water system and/or oil offloading pumps, if necessary, to be defined by PETROBRAS during Unit operation lifetime. CONTRACTOR shall consider that this additional 16 MVA@0.85 power factor is conditioned to power availability based on the actual operation mode during the operation capacity of the electrical power generation system due to the above mentioned requirement of "additional 16 MVA@0.85 power factor".
- 2.11.3.6.3 CONTRACTOR shall provide the following infrastructure (circuit breakers, cables, supports, junction boxes, etc.) from LER to Secondary-HISEP[™] Lay-Down Area:
 - 02 (two) high voltage (HV) circuit breakers to protect HISEP[™] feeder cables and HISEP[™] VFDs input transformers: 7.7 MVA – Voltage: the same of main electrical bus - 3 phases - 60Hz each, for HISEP[™];
 - 01 (one) high voltage (HV) circuit breakers to protect HISEP[™] feeder cables and HISEP[™] transformer: 15.4 MVA – Voltage: the same of main electrical bus - 3 phases - 60Hz for FPSO "X"'s HISEP[™];
 - Redundant cabling (2x3off) for from HV Circuit Breakers to an Electrical Remote Termination Unit for MODBUS communication between HISEP[™] VSDs and HV Circuit Breaker;
 - Main Power: 02 (two) junction boxes with 7.7 MVA Voltage: the same of main electrical bus - 3 phases - 60Hz each for HISEP[™];
 - Main Power: 01 (one) junction box with 15.4 MVA Voltage: the same of main electrical bus - 3 phases - 60Hz for HISEP[™];
 - Auxiliary Power for HVAC: 02 (two) junction boxes with 400-690V 400 KW each;
 - Auxiliary Power for control: 02 (two) junction boxes with 110-230V 500 KW each;

• UPS 2.11.3.6.4 COI	GENERAL TECHNICAL LEASED S: 02 (two) junction boxes with 1	DESCRIPTION FOR	HEET 74 of 14 INTERNAL ESUP
• UPS 2.11.3.6.4 COI junc	GENERAL TECHNICAL LEASED S: 02 (two) junction boxes with 1	UNITS	
2.11.3.6.4 COI junc	S: 02 (two) junction boxes with 1		ESUP
2.11.3.6.4 COI junc		10-230V – 50 KW each.	
junc	NTRACTOR shall provide the		
	tion boxes, etc.) from Secondar	following infrastructure (y-HISEP [™] Lay-Down Area	
cab 30 I eac	junction box at secondary-HISE ling (02 off) + HV junction box (⟨V – 33kV operational voltage/₂ h for HISEP [™] . Electrical Cable s cution phase.	02 off) at riser balcony pos 45 kV insulation voltage –	sitions: 7.7 MVA 3 phases - 60H
cab – 30 eac	junction box at secondary-HISE ling (01 off) + HV junction box) KV – 33kV operational voltage h for FPSO "X"'s HISEP [™] . NTRACTOR during execution pl	(01 off) at riser balcony po /45 kV insulation voltage – Electrical Cable shall	sitions: 15.4 MV/ - 3 phases - 60H
cab Cab	unction box at secondary-HISE ling (04 off) + LV junction box le specification: 4 cables x 4 cor sened, Armored Quad. Junction	(04 off) at riser balcony ponductors x 16 mm2, 1.8/3 k	ositions. Electrica V, Type: Twisted
off) spe	er Optic junction box at secondar + Fiber Optic junction box (06 off cification: Single Mode Fiber taining 24 individual fibers rating) at riser balcony positions. Optic Cable (ITU-G.652),	Fiber Optic Cable 6 cables, eac
	V and FO junction boxes as we be 1 m maximum. The final layo	•	
	NTRACTOR shall also provide ondary-HISEP [™] lay-down to rise	0	fluid HPU fror
	NTRACTOR shall consider sco tainers and FPSO CSS at Centra	•	egration betwee
	NTRACTOR shall provide prope PSO facility control system to se	5	
2.11.3.7 CHE	MICALS AND HYDRAULICS FL	UIDS	
inje	uired pressure at top of riser an ction in HISEP™ is presented ir ROBRAS will confirm these valu	n Table 2.11.3.7.1. During	

Product	Injection Point	Pressure at top of riser/umbilical (bara)	Min Flow Rate (m³/d)	Max Flow Rate (m³/d)
Ethanol	HISEP™	350	6.8	68.0
MEG	HISEP™	350	3.2	32

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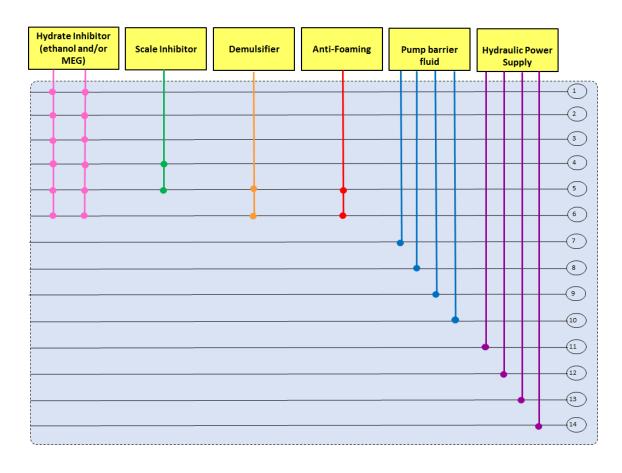


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	Anti-foaming	HISEP™	350	0.14			1.4	
	Demulsifier	HISEP™	350	0.4			1.6	
	Scale Inhibitor	HISEP™	260	0.32 ⁽¹⁾		3	B.2 ⁽¹⁾	

NOTE 1: Flowrates calculated for two production wells.

- NOTE 2: The chemicals demulsifier and antifoaming described in the Table 2.11.3.7.1, required for injection in the Subsea Separation System (SSS) – HISEPTM, have different composition from the ones used for injection in the topside processing plant, so they shall have individual storage tanks segregated from the ones for topside injection.
- 2.11.3.7.2 For each one of the 4 production selected slots selected, CONTRACTOR shall provide, besides regular Chemical Routing Panel mentioned in item 2.8, another Chemical Routing Panel with the configuration presented in Figure 2.11.3.7.2. The routes of "Pump Barrier Fluid" and "Hydraulic Power Supply" connect "secondary-HISEP[™] lay-down area" to riser balcony area.



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			Chem	nicals		
Umbilical tube/hose	Hydrate Inhibitor	Scale Inhibitor	Demulsifier	Anti- foamimg	Pump barrier fluid	Hydraulic Power Supply
1	Х					
2	Х					
3	Х					
4	Х	Х				
5	Х	Х	Х	х		
6	Х		Х	Х		
7					Х	
8					Х	
9					Х	
10					Х	
11						Х
12						Х
13						Х
14						Х

Figure 2.11.3.7.2 - Chemical Routing for HISEP[™] Production Slots

2.11.4 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- 2.11.4.1 CONTRACTOR shall provide all safety equipment needed for this room in accordance with applicable rules and standards, including but not limited to: fire detection, gas detection at air intakes, manual alarm call point (MAC), fire extinguishers, telecommunication means (PA speakers, telephone), safety signaling. Fire/gas detectors and MAC shall be hardwired to the F&G System.
- 2.11.4.2 Consequence analysis to be performed by CONTRACTOR, such as fire propagation study, explosion study and gas dispersion for air intakes, shall take into consideration the PCM module location to assess impacts of accidental loads on this module, according to requirements of SAFETY GUIDELINES FOR OFFSHORE PRODUCTION UNITS (see item 1.2.1).

3 UTILITIES

3.1 GENERAL

3.1.1 This item describes the minimum requirements and specifications that shall be applied to utility systems and equipment of the Unit.

3.2 SEAWATER LIFT SYSTEM

3.2.1 A Sea Water Lift System shall be installed to supply seawater to the deaerated water injection system, to the production plant cooling water system and to meet other Unit's

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needs. For seawater characteristics, CONTRACTOR shall consider sea water composition in item 3.2.9 and METOCEAN DATA (see item 1.2.1). For seawater temperature, CONTRACTOR shall consider p95 temperature at each water depth.

- 3.2.2 The seawater lift system shall be designed in order to supply, besides all other consumption requirements, fresh/sea water to fill the subsea system (riser and flow lines) before pressurization and leak test.
- 3.2.3 Ionized chlorine shall be injected at the inlet of the seawater lift system, to avoid fouling or marine growth.
- 3.2.4 There shall be modules of independent electrochlorination cells, including a stand-by module, allowing isolation for maintenance without dosage interruption for consumers.
- 3.2.5 CONTRACTOR is responsible to supply the ionized chlorine to be used onboard. To control the injection, according to demand, the residual chlorine content shall be monitored through the redox potential, which shall be between 0.5 and 1 mg/L. The design shall define the monitoring point to assure the entire system protection.
- 3.2.6 For installation/maintenance purposes, the Unit shall be designed to install and repair the intake water pipe in the final location offshore.
- 3.2.7 Sea Water Lift pumps may be dry mounted or submerged types. For acceptable vendor list for Submerged Electric Sea Water Lift Pumps, see item 19.1.1.8.
- 3.2.8 During project execution phase, CONTRACTOR shall evaluate the seawater intake depth in order to reduce seawater intake temperature and achieve lower organic residual content. For each seawater intake, CONTRACTOR shall provide an extension hose with length at least 40m below hull base line.

3.2.9 Seawater Composition:

Table 3.2.9A: Seawater Composition					
SEAWATER ANALYSIS					
рН	8.45				
Conductivity	5,800 µmho/m				
<mark>K</mark> ⁺	500 mg/L				
Na ⁺	12, 000 mg/L				
Ca ⁺⁺	500 mg/L				
Mg ⁺⁺	1,700 mg/L				
Ba ⁺⁺	<1 mg/L				
Sr ⁺⁺	<mark>9 mg/L</mark>				
Fe total	<1 mg/L				
CO ₃	<mark>31 mg/L</mark>				
HCO ⁻	101 mg/L				

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SEAWA	TER ANALYSIS			
NO ₃	<1 mg/L			
Cl	21,347 mg/L			
SO4	2,800 mg/L			
Salinity	35,177 mg/L (as NaCl)			
Total suspended solids	2.0 mg/L			
Oxygen content				
Turbidity				
Silt density index				
m-SRB				
Aerobic bacterias				
Facultative bacterias				
MPN – Most Probable Numbe		Formation Unit		
	ater Particle Size Distribution			
SIZE RANGE (µm)	NUMBER OF PARTICLES	S (part /ml)		
3 to 5	424.1			
5 to 7	151.1			
7 to 10	103.4			
10 to 15	52.8			
15 to 30	30.5			
30 to 50	5.8			
50 to 100	1.2			
100 to 250	0.0			
TOTAL	769.2			

NOTE 1: This information does not take into consideration the vessel and UNIT overboard lines interferences, e.g., temperature, particles and others.

NOTE 2: First filter downstream sea water lift pumps shall be specified for 1,000 µm.

3.3 COOLING WATER SYSTEM

- 3.3.1 Directly hydrocarbon (including lube oils and hydraulic oil fluids) cooling with seawater is not acceptable. Acceptable alternatives are fresh water closed cooling system or air coolers.
- 3.3.2 A closed freshwater cooling system shall be provided to supply cooling medium to the Unit systems as follows:

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- Independent cooling medium for marine and utilities systems located within machinery spaces and accommodation;
- Independent cooling medium for topsides hazardous area consumer (gas-cooling water or oil-cooling water heat exchangers). This system cannot be used for cooling any topsides non-hazardous area (E-house, Turbo-Generators, Water Injection, etc.).
- For topsides non-hazardous consumers the following is acceptable to be adopted if allowed by CS: (i) air cooling, (ii) utilization of cooling medium for marine and utilities system or (iii) direct sea water open circuit provided will not cool any hydrocarbon fluid.
- 3.3.3 For heat exchangers design, see item 10.3.
- 3.3.4 CONTRACTOR shall fulfill all Brazilian Administration regulations issued by Environment Ministry ("Ministério do Meio Ambiente"), through its CONAMA Resolução Nº357/2005 and CONAMA Resolução Nº430/2011.
- 3.3.5 CONTRACTOR shall provide a temperature transmitter with high temperature alarm to monitor sea cooling water overboard discharge temperature.

3.4 HEATING MEDIUM SYSTEM

3.4.1 A Heating Medium System shall be provided to recover the heat from the turbines exhaust gas and from other systems. Each turbogenerator shall have its own dedicated Waste Heat Recovery Unit (WHRU). WHRUs can also be installed in turbocompressors, if required. Whenever WHRUs are provided to recover the turbine exhaust heat of a compressor service, all equipment in that service must have its own dedicated WHRU. For heat exchangers design, see item 10.3.

3.5 DRAIN SYSTEMS

- 3.5.1 CONTRACTOR shall design drain system to collect and convey Unit drained liquids to an appropriate treating and/or disposal system in such a way as to protect personnel, equipment and to avoid environmental pollution. Drainage system shall comply with *NOTA TÉCNICA CGPEG/DILIC/IBAMA Nº 01/11* and MARPOL requirements. The effluents shall be segregated, treated (TOG lower than 15 ppm) and monitored through dedicated TOG analyzer(s), previously to being discharged overboard.
- 3.5.2 Drains systems from hazardous areas shall be collected and routed completely separated from the non-hazardous areas drains.
- 3.5.3 Drain systems shall be segregated into specific systems, each designed for a particular type of stream, with no interconnection between the systems. Further to this, when appropriate, features such as seal loops and air gaps shall be used to segregate areas served for the same drain system.

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		LEASED UNITS	ESUP		
3.5.4	be dra directly releas systen contai to H2S	ss vessels, piping or other sources containing hazardous liq ined for interventions/maintenance/inspection reasons and r y to atmosphere without undue risk to personnel, environm e of toxic vapours, shall be connected to a permanent ar n (closed drain). By toxic vapors CONTRACTOR shall ning poisonous substances at critical concentrations, such S and benzene. For critical concentrations refer to Brazilian d API RP 55.	may not be drai ent or assets f nd contained c consider stre as, but not lim	ined from drain ams nited	
3.5.5	handlin for po instrur	nent drains shall be accounted for in hazardous area ng of instrument drains shall be on a case by case analysis isonous substances at critical concentrations), however nent drain piping or tubing shall be arranged so that the drain operator when the instrument is being drained.	s (special atter in all cases,	ntion the	
3.5.6		rainage system shall follow ISO 13702 and additionally be on the spills, rainwater and coincident with deluge and/or fire-fig			
3.5.7	each s the pro or oily	s for oil containment and drainage shall be considered at the section of upper riser balcony (perimeter) including connec oduction lines and gas injection lines in order to prevent oil, water spill on the sea. Riser's SDVs shall have independe nment and drainage of adjacent areas (such as main deck,	tions and SDV chemical prod nt and segrega	/s in lucts	
3.5.8	Drain	piping shall be designed according to NORSOK P-002, clau	se 7.2.		
4 M	IATER	IALS AND CORROSION MONITORING			
4.1	GENE	RAL SELECTION RULE			
4.1.1		RACTOR must perform the material selection as oriented i ditional requirements and limitations herein stated.	n ISO 21457,	with	
4.1.2	Materi 1.2.2.2	al selection must be compatible with the Unit design lifetime I.	e, as stated in	item	
4.2	MATE	RIAL SELECTION REPORT			
4.2.1	ISO 2	RACTOR must issue a Material Selection Report for the UN 1457. This report must explicitly include all the piping and specifications) and the equipment of the UNIT (all TAGs).			
4.2.2	corros systen	Aaterial Selection Report must also include due conside ion allowances, predictions for regular replacements, co ns applied (e.g. cathodic protection, scavengers, inhibitor ncies of the protection systems applied.	prosion protect	ction	

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- 4.2.3 The Material Selection Report must include General Corrosion Studies, which must explicit the corrosion models and the corrosion allowances calculated for the equipment and piping systems.
- 4.2.4 The Material Selection Report must include Corrosion Sensibility Studies, that must evaluate the effect of operational transients and temporary conditions (e.g. temporary by-passes or shut down of processing units), the effect of possible deviations from normal operating conditions (higher temperature, lower pH or higher water cut, for example) and the effect of failure of the corrosion protection systems. Temporary conditions must include upset conditions such as units malfunction (e.g. dehydration and gas sweetening units malfunction).
- 4.2.5 All the data necessary to perform the material selection, including the General Corrosion Studies, The Corrosion Sensibility Studies, and the Low Temperature Effect Studies, must be included in the Material Selection Report.

4.3 SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS ABOUT MATERIAL SELECTION

- 4.3.1 LOW TEMPERATURE SERVICE
- 4.3.1.1 CONTRACTOR must perform the selection with due considerations regarding low temperature due to supercritical CO2 depressurization and the compatibility of CO2 with non-metallic materials and high strength ferritic materials. For materials selection purposes, CONTRACTOR must determine the lower design temperature (LDT) or alternatively the minimum allowable temperature (MAT) for all unfired pressure vessels, heat exchangers, piping, piping components and valves (including control valves) or rotating equipment containing compressed gas (hydrocarbon or CO2) or liquefied gas.
- 4.3.1.2 CONTRACTOR must also take measures to prevent the equipment from being at temperature below the LDT or alternatively ensure the equipment metal temperature is not below the appropriate MAT, at any given operating pressure. CONTRACTOR must consider scenarios in which equipment temperature can drop such as blowdowns, as well as scenarios of subsequent repressurization of equipment.
- 4.3.1.3 LDT or MAT must be specified as the lowest of the following values:
 - The minimum operating temperature;
 - The minimum startup/shutdown, test or upset temperature while at normal operating pressure;
 - The minimum temperature during depressurization or repressurization.
- 4.3.1.4 CONTRACTOR must also take in account the low temperature effects of sudden fluid depressurization in connections (e.g. flanges, threaded connections), since low

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		LEASED UNITS	ESU	JP		
		erature may affect the selection of the parts (e.g. low te rials shall be selected).	mperature	bolti	ing	
	male	nais shall be selected).				
4.3.2 F	LUID	COMPOSITION AND CONTAMINANTS				
4.3.2.1 Materials selection must be carried out based on the fluid compositions, as described in Chapter 2 of this General Technical Description, including all of the contaminants therein cited (e.g. CO2 content, H2S content, H2O content, BS&W) and the worst scenarios.						
		rials selection shall also meet the inlet fluids character ating conditions below:	istics and	norn	nal	
	• Pr	oduced gas CO2 content: up to 60% mol;				
	• Pr	oduced gas H2S content: up to 60 ppmv;				
	• Pr	oduced gas H2O content: up to saturated;				
	• BS	S&W: up to 95%;				
	 Ch 	nloride (Cl-1): up to 193,000 ppm;				
	• Mi	nimum pH: 4.3.				
4.3.3 H	I ₂ S SI	ERVICE				
	requi press	re H2S is expected as a contaminant in the fluids, all mater rements of ISO 15156 for the lowest anticipated pH and the f sure (carbon steel shall be compatible with Sulfide Stres n 3 of ISO 15156-2 as a minimum, with due consideration re	highest H28 s Cracking	S par g (SS	tial SC)	
		elding procedures will have to be qualified taking into accou g/equipment construction codes plus the applicable req 6.				
	must Dehy scave to use in acc cond	mum hardness as prescribed by ISO 15156 for both base r be ensured to all vessels, equipment, piping, fittings rdration of gas, organic coatings, use of corrosion inhibit engers will not, in any case, be accepted as measures to relate e H2S resistant materials, if the operational conditions are c cordance with ISO 15156 (all parts). Operational conditions r itions such as, but not limited to, dehydration and H2S unction.	and accestors or events or events or events of a constant of the second at the second at egorized must include the second at egorized must include the second at each accestors and the second at eaccestors and the second at each acc	ssorie en H iireme as so de up	es. 2S ent our set	
4.4 N	IINIM	UM MATERIAL GRADE SELECTION				
441 C	ONT	RACTOR must also comply with the following mi	inimum m	nateri	als	

4.4.1 CONTRACTOR must also comply with the following minimum materials specifications, for the indicated portions of the topsides process facilities. Deviations

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	from the materials specifications mentioned must be submitted for PETROBRAS approval, and shall always be fully justified based on technical reasons.						
	4.4.1.1 Materials from the top-of-risers up to the HP separator (e.g. hard risers, pipelines, manifold, etc.) must follow (a) or (b) below:						
a) Ca	arbon steel with Inconel 625 or 82	25 cladding (min. cladding t	t <mark>hickness 3 mm);</mark>				
	uplex (22Cr) or Super duplex stain	nless steel (25Cr).					
4.4.1.2 Heat	exchangers:						
	nell: Carbon steel with 625 or 82 ternative:	5 cladding (3 mm) or wel	d overlay. Accepted				
	rbon steel with 3 mm corrosion prosive;	allowance, if the cooling	/heating fluid is not				
su	uper duplex 25Cr or duplex 22Cr, itable for service and there is r acking and/or corrosion under de	no risk of crevice corrosid					
• Tu	<mark>ıbe: Super duplex 25Cr, duplex 2</mark>	2Cr, or Titanium.					
durin cons	te and downstream lines must be g well startup with gas segregatic idered downstream the choke is also occur at service lines.	on in the riser top. Minimum	temperature to be				
	aration (including <mark>HP separator</mark> els must follow (a) or (b) or (c) be		<mark>n</mark>) and degassing				
a) Ca	arbon steel with Inconel 625 or 82	25 cladding (min. cladding t	thickness 3 mm);				
b) Ca	arbon steel with 904L overlay;						
ha	uplex (22Cr) or Super duplex sta ave shown it must be suitable p prosion, stress corrosion cracking	for service and there is	no risk of crevice				
	rated Gas lines must follow (a), ating parameters such as tempera	., ., .					
a) Ca	arbon steel with 625 or 825 (3 mm	n) clad;					
b) Du	uplex 22Cr or Super duplex 25Cr;						
<mark>c) Al</mark>	SI 316L with external coating if te	mperature greater than 60	°C.				
4.4.1.6 K.O.	Drum & Scrubbers:						
	O. Drum & Scrubbers (upstream eel with AISI 316L, Inconel 625 or	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
ac	O. Drum & Scrubbers (downstructure) cording to item 4.3.3, with 3mm ternate material;						

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ga co	l equipment, piping and accessories of TEG Ur as plus CO2 and H2S or TEG and presence onsider Corrosion Resistant Alloy as a basic ma	of Water, CC aterial;	02 and H2S must
Sc Re	Least the following equipment are included crubber, Coalescer Filter, Absorber Column eboiler, Surge Vessel, Stahl Column.	<mark>i, Flash Ves</mark> t	<mark>sel, TEG Filters,</mark>
Unit:			
	arbon steel with internal coating or Fiber Reinfo		
	ne use of alternative materials must take arameters such as temperature and chlorine co		eration operating
	OTE: SRU Package lines must not be internate ternative to FRP, lines may be of superduplex r		this case, as an
	OTE: In case of polyethylene (PE) be used, ality control of applied coating.	CONTRACTO	R must reinforce
	er injection lines downstream deaerator and Pro I Removal Unit:	oduced water	lines downstream
lin co sc	uperduplex or Carbon steel with 625 clad (3m nits of pressure, temperature and water compo- ontamination must be taken into account fo avenger must not be taken into consideration ocertainties of produced water compatibility.	sition for each r materials s	material. Oxygen election. Oxygen
	om Deaerator to SW Booster Pumps, FRP ma e pressure rating.	terial may be	used, considering
	he <mark>LP Gas Compressors</mark> , construction material ollowing contents on the process gas:	ls must be sel	ected considering
• C(O2: up to 60% mol (or higher, as per process s	imulations);	
• H2	2S: up to 200 ppmv (or higher, as per process s	simulations);	
• H2	2O: up to saturated.		
	the VRU compressors, construction materials following contents on the process gas:	s must be sel	ected considering
• C(O2: To be determined by simulation;		
• H2	2 <mark>S: To be determined by simulation;</mark>		
● H2	2O: up to saturated at all conditions.		
	the Booster/Injection Compressors, construct sidering the following contents on the process		must be selected
• C(O2: at least 60% mol (or higher, as per proces	s simulations)	ļ

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r E mobila	LEASED	O UNITS	ESUP
•	H2S: at least 200 ppmv (or higher,	as per process simulations	<mark>s);</mark>
•	H2O: saturated during commission	ing.	_
	For the CO2 Compressors, construct	<u> </u>	elected considering
	he following contents on the proces		U
•	CO2: at least 85% mol (or higher, a	as per process simulations));
•	H2S: at least 375 ppmv (or higher,	as per process simulations	<mark>s);</mark>
•	H2O: saturated during commission	<mark>ing.</mark>	
r S	n case CONTRACTOR decides to un hydraulic instruments and transmiss poxes), CONTRACTOR must use A minimum molybdenum content of 2.3 select other stainless steel material w stainless steel grade or superduplex application.	sion lines, including its con ASTM A269 Gr TP 316L (o 5% Mo. As a substitute Co vith higher corrosion resista	nnections (junction or EN 1.4435) with ONTRACTOR may ance, such as 904L
	Tubing must be electrically isolated avoid galvanic corrosion.	from carbon steel suppor	ts and materials to
a t	CONTRACTOR must consider the mand IM-2/Im1 for splash and immers he design of external coating of porovided with thermal insulation must n case of liquid accumulation.	sion zone according to ISC piping and equipment. C	D 12944-Part 2) for arbon steel piping
C	CONTRACTOR must consider fl continuously flowing) when evalua equipment material.	5 (5	•
4.5 CO	RROSION MONITORING		
	e to the presence of contaminants nitor the corrosion on piping and equ		provide means to
	a minimum, corrosion monitoring eq produced oil, gas and water flow, as		in the points along
<mark>4.5.2.1 G</mark>	as injection:		
•	Coupon and electrical resistance a discharge, in order to monitor subse		ection compressor
•	Non-intrusive monitoring at a comm in order to monitor carbon steel pip		pressor discharge,
•	Placement of corrosion monitoring irrespective of the slots/risers being	- ·	to flow conditions

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4.5.2.2 Wate	er injection lines:			
ga	near polarization resistance (LPR) sens Ilvanic sensor provided on the com ownstream of water injection pumps;		•	,
• O:	xygen analyzer downstream water injec	tion pumps;		
	acement of corrosion monitoring must espective of the slots/risers being used	•	to flow con	dition
4.5.2.3 Prod	uced water lines:			
ga	near polarization resistance (LPR) sens Ilvanic sensor provided on the produce ater treatment and upstream mixing poi	ed water piping dowr	nstream pro	,
co lat	ne analyzer shall be installed upstrear innected to process interlock system. ter on by PETROBRAS. The analyz strument.	This interlock actuation	on will be c	lefine
4.5.2.4 Trea	ted seawater lines downstream deaerat	tor:		
ga	near polarization resistance (LPR) sens Ilvanic sensor provided on carbon stee ostream mixing with produced water for	el piping downstream	of deaerat	,
4.5.2.5 Prod	uction chokes:			
	robe for erosion evaluation installed u pupon of mass loss installed downstrear		uction chol	ke and
CRA c	and equipment built in CRA (Corrosion I an be considered as exempted from mo n item 4.5.2 above.			
4.5.4 The co "PIG"	oupons, ER/LPR probes shall be tange path.	ential type if they will	ha installad	•
				in the
data t	and LPR probes shall be provided wit o the Unit supervisory system. The n nitters shall be 6 hours.		ssion of co	rosior
data t transn	o the Unit supervisory system. The n	naximum scan time	ssion of co allowed for	rosior
data t transm 4.5.6 The pl • At	o the Unit supervisory system. The n hitters shall be 6 hours.	naximum scan time	ssion of co allowed for a below:	rrosior those
data t transm 4.5.6 The pl • At 50	o the Unit supervisory system. The n hitters shall be 6 hours. laces for installing the monitors shall be least two points of access, one for coup	naximum scan time	ssion of co allowed for a below:	rrosior those
data t transm 4.5.6 The pl • At 50 • Do 4.5.7 All cou	o the Unit supervisory system. The n hitters shall be 6 hours. laces for installing the monitors shall be least two points of access, one for coup 00 mm;	naximum scan time according the criteria con and one for probe ion. shall be high pressur	ssion of co allowed for a below: es, spaced a	rrosior those

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	oupons positioning in horizontal section sho otionally at12 o'clock position;	ould be at 6	o'clock position	and
	nough clearance and access shall be p cchange, with no impact to Unit operation.	rovided to	enable the coup	oons
	RACTOR shall provide an Acoustic Sand I hall be installed according to supplier require		id) per each well	and
5 ARRAN	IGEMENT			

5.1 GENERAL

5.1.1 In the developing of the facility layout, the following Health, Safety and Environment (HSE) points shall be considered, as a minimum:

- Outputs of risk assessments shall be incorporated into the layout development and optimization;
- Maximize natural ventilation;
- Minimize escalation of ignited flammable or toxic release;
- Minimize probability of ignition;
- Continuous permanent ignition sources shall always be installed in non-classified areas;
- Layout shall provide the maximum practical separation between: Classified Areas vs. Non Classified Areas, Systems with hydrocarbon-containing inventory vs. potential sources of ignition;
- The risk of loss of containment should be minimized by minimizing the possibility of mechanical damage. Protecting hydrocarbon equipment from dropped objects should be a main consideration;
- Provision of suitable means for escape (whether or not these are regularly manned), temporary refuge and evacuation. Stairs shall be used as the mainly way to escape from areas. The use of ladders shall be minimized. Note: In accordance with item 11.2.1 of ASTM F1166 (Standard practice for human engineering design for marine systems, equipment and facilities) angle of Inclination for Stairs shall be determined by the vertical change in height. Angles between 30° and 50° are acceptable but a stair angle of 38° is preferred.;
- Proper implementation of working environment (Human Factors) guidelines, tools and techniques into the design;
- Human Factors Engineering shall be considered in the design, according to NR-17 (Ergonomics). Specific report shall be issued, according to the NR-17 (Ergonomics) and its application manual. All reports shall be issued according the Ergonomic Analysis of Work method;

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- All equipment associated with emergency power (Emergency generator, emergency switchboard, storage batteries and inverters, etc.) shall be situated in non-hazardous areas, with adequate protection against fire and explosion.
- 5.1.2 CONTRACTOR shall carry out Layout Reviews considering HSE aspects.
- 5.1.3 The objective of these Layout Reviews is to identify any issues associated with the overall planned layout of the topsides, utilities, marine systems and accommodations.
- 5.1.4 Layout review activities shall take place at different stages during the project development cycle including all changes during the course of the project. These reviews shall be conducted with a multidisciplinary team to ensure that the requirements of all disciplines have been incorporated in the layout design.

5.2 SUPERSTRUCTURE (ACCOMMODATIONS)

- 5.2.1 Accommodation refurbishment shall follow the "all new" philosophy as described in section 16 (MARINE SYSTEMS AND HULL UTILITY SYSTEMS). It means all systems (piping, electrical, HVAC, drainage, water, cabling, furniture, etc.) and related outfitting shall be brand new. The only exemption is steel that can be kept however fully painted.
- 5.2.2 Concepts for living quarters and storage areas shall comply with the CS Rules, Brazilian Regulations (NRs, especially NR 37) and safety requirements of SOLAS.
- 5.2.3 In addition, CONTRACTOR shall provide accommodations for PETROBRAS / partners representatives onboard as defined on Operation Contract. One of these cabins shall be 1 (one) single bed cabin, equivalent to the Offshore Installation Manager's or the Chief Unit Superintendent's, and the others cabins shall be for 2 persons each with bunk bed. An office and a meeting/video-conference room (as per TELECOM MASTER SPECIFICATIONS FOR FPSO CHARTERED see item 1.2.1) shall also be provided for PETROBRAS representatives onboard. Both PETROBRAS office and PETROBRAS main Fiscal cabin shall be fitted with windows at front wall of the accommodation Block.
- 5.2.4 The smoking area shall be an open safe area, 360 degrees open (no shelter is acceptable) to the environment with natural ventilation.
- 5.2.5 Galley, mess room and storage area shall comply with *Agência Nacional de Vigilância Sanitária (ANVISA)*, especially *Resolução da Diretoria Colegiada (RDC) 216/2004 and RDC 72/2009* and their updates, with emphasis on the separation between vegetables, meat (poultry, fish and red meat), pasta and storage areas, and waste disposal.
- 5.2.6 The infirmary installations shall comply with NORMAM 01 CHAPTER 9, SECTION V; ANVISA, especially RDC 50/2002 and RDC 222/2018 and their updates.

5.3 PROCESS PLANT

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5.3.2	maintenance a according to th	ent of the process at site without affectir e technical specifica for operational mair	ng the p tion her	produ reinat	iction/p fter cor	rocessing sidered.	g capad	city of	the	Unit
01012	provided, takin	g into account the pe s Engineering shall b	ersonne	el circ	ulation	, safety a	and CS	requi	reme	
5.3.3	as its layout. C	R shall define the he ONTRACTOR shall maximum draft conc	take int							
5.3.4	reserved for s applicable req	n of layout, drainag torage of chemicals uirements for safety chemical compatibility	and ga /, healt	as cy	linders	, CONTI	RACTO	R sha	all fo	llov
5.3.5		hall be provided with falling on sea, main					ent with	n a coa	amin	g to

5.3.6 Additionally, areas around equipment containing liquid hydrocarbons, chemicals, flammable liquids, combustible liquids or contaminated liquids shall be provided with a secondary coaming / bounding or drip pan to prevent these liquids spreading over the module.

5.4 UTILITY ROOM (ENGINE ROOM)

5.4.1 CONTRACTOR shall submit a maintenance procedure plan evidencing that the Unit arrangement for utility systems, skids and accessories allows maintenance at site with a minimum disturbance of the Unit's performance.

5.5 DIVING AREAS

- 5.5.1 Any facility related to diving operation shall fall under CONTRACTOR's responsibility.
- 5.5.2 CONTRACTOR shall provide diving stations on main deck level portside of the Unit to be used during CS underwater surveys, pull-in/pull-out operations, etc. During operational phase, these stations may be used by PETROBRAS for riser inspections.
- 5.5.3 The number and location of diving stations shall be defined in accordance with NR-15 and NORMAM 15. The guidelines given by IMCA D023 shall also be taken into account.
- 5.5.4 In order to assist pull-in operations, at least two fixed stations or one movable station near the riser balcony shall be provided. In case of fixed stations, at least two shall be equipped in order to avoid time concerns related to diving operations. The pull-in diving stations shall be positioned considering 33 m as the maximum allowable

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	outrea diving	ch for diving operations at night. bell.	This outreach shall be m	neasured f	rom the			
5.5.5	5.5.5 The stations shall not interfere with the Unit facilities and operations (cargo transfers, etc.). All diving stations shall be fully equipped in accordance with the requirements listed below:							
	ins	oper means (cranes, mono-rails, s stallation/de-installation of diving e e heaviest piece of equipment to l	quipment on the stations					
	• Ea	ch station shall be provided with t	he utilities listed below:					
	0	Compressed air - 2 outlets for e (according to IMCA D023, the st LARS systems):			```			
		Required pressure: 7 kg/cr	1 ² ;					
		 Required Outflow: 20 Nm³/ pressure of 7 kgf/cm²), allo 		n³/min, at c	constant			
	0	Electric power supply - electric sources and backed-up by the e		om differen	t power			
		• two (2) electrical outlets 44	0V/60Hz/max 100 A;					
		 two (2) electrical outlets 22 NOTE: All 440V diving p generation systems, or by 	ower sockets shall be for					
	0	Fresh water supply - one outlet	for cleaning diving equipn	nent and cl	othes:			
		Required pressure: 1 kg/cr	n²;					
		• Required outflow: 20 l/min.						
	0	Communication:						
		One telephone connection	for internal and external c	alls.				
5.5.6		s to the diving stations shall not b specific training for work at heigh	•					
5.5.7	produc Diving	ischarges (e.g. inert gas vent po ced water) shall not interfere with Support Vessel (SDSVs). Sea che ine shall be provided handrails tions.	diving operations from the ests and other hull opening	FPSO or s below m	Shallow aximum			
5.5.8		hests and other hull openings be ails nearby to help divers work dur		shall be p	provided			
5.5.9	The u	nderneath of the LRB (Lower R	tiser Balcony) shall be p	provided w	ith four			

5.5.9 The underneath of the LRB (Lower Riser Balcony) shall be provided with four padeyes for each I-tube (minimum safe working load 12 t) and a handrail system in a closed pattern.

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5.5.10 CONTRACTOR shall provide the necessary facilities to enable remote monitoring of the pull-in operations and risers inspections by electric ROVs (Remoted Operated Vehicle). The specification and requirements of the ROV will be informed by PETROBRAS during execution phase.

5.5.11 The diving stations location and handling plan shall be submitted to PETROBRAS for comments. See also reference document SPREAD MOORING AND RISER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (see item 1.2.1) for additional provisions.

5.6 HELIDECK

- 5.6.1 Helideck shall be suitable for landings of the helicopter types: frequent operation (S-92, S-76, AW-139, AW-189, AW-101, H175, BELL430) and eventual search & rescue operations (UH-60M, EC 225 and EC725).
- 5.6.2 The helideck shall be designed and located according to Brazilian Navy Regulations (NORMAM) including NORMAM 27 and CAP 437. In addition, the following international/national standards shall also be complied (latest editions):
 - ICA 63-10 Estações Prestadoras de Serviços de Telecomunicações e de Tráfego Aéreo – EPTA. DECEA;
 - ICA 63-25 Preservação e Reprodução de Dados de Revisualizações e Comunicações ATS – EPTA. DECEA;
 - "Standard Measuring Equipment for Helideck Monitoring System (HMS) and Weather Data", HCA, Bristow Group, Bond Offshore, CHC;
 - MCA 105-2/2013 Manual de Estações Meteorológicas de Superfície DECEA.
- 5.6.3 Meteorological and ship motion data shall be transmitted to HMS (Helideck Monitoring System) in real time, through analogic or digital applicable interface.
- 5.6.4 CONTRACTOR shall ensure remote access to HMS, at any time, through internet. Such access shall be available in real time to PETROBRAS and Helicopter Operator Company through the same screen/system used by radio-operator of FPU. The Internet access shall be compatible with readily available browsers.
- 5.6.5 HMS and all related systems/sensors shall be considered emergency loads and shall operate even in case of loss of power in the main generators.
- 5.6.6 In addition, CONTRACTOR shall present evidence that there is no interference between Unit's normal operation and helicopter operations.
- 5.6.7 To establish the safe location of the helideck, the environmental effects shall be considered, such as wind direction and velocity, as well as aerodynamic aspects (turbulence over the helideck), and the temperature rise due to exhaust gases. Hot plumes over the helideck, generally, are related to main turbo-generator exhaust outlet, however, the other equipment (for instance: emergency generators or auxiliaries and fire-fighting pumps, etc.) should also be considered in the identification of potential sources of hot gases.

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- 5.6.8 CONTRACTOR shall present evidence that helideck final location minimizes downtime by using computational fluid dynamics (CFD) studies, considering all the aspects mentioned above. CONTRACTOR shall submit to PETROBRAS CFD studies for the evaluation of hot air flow and exhaust according to CAP 437, section 3.10. PETROBRAS recommends using Method 3 described in Norsok C-004, section 5.4: "A method using Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) codes to determine the acceptable level of risk for helicopter offshore operations in relation to the emission of hot gas of Turbine Exhaust Outlets "Method 3".
- 5.6.9 CONTRACTOR shall paint in the helideck a codification (to be informed during execution phase) as per NORMAM 27.

6 HEATING, VENTILATION AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS (HVAC)

6.1 GENERAL

- 6.1.1 The air conditioning and ventilation systems shall be calculated to suit the site environmental conditions (see item 1.2.1 for METOCEAN DATA). For determining the design conditions (dry and wet bulb temperatures), CONTRACTOR to use ASHRAE methodology (Fundamentals Handbook Climatic Design Information 2013 edition). Mean summer conditions for Santos Basin are as follow:
 - Dry Bulb Temperature (TBS): 32°C
 - Relative Humidity: 61%
 - Daily Temperature Range: 3,6°C
- 6.1.2 The HVAC safety requirements shall comply with SAFETY GUIDELINES (see item 1.2.1).

6.2 HVAC SYSTEMS

- 6.2.1 Cooling fluids with hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFC) and Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) are not acceptable. Only cooling fluids with hydrofluorocarbon (HFC) and hydrofluoro-olefin (HFO) (not flammable) are acceptable.
- 6.2.2 In case of application of insulation with foam injected under pressure polyurethane, it shall be provided with CFC-free.
- 6.2.3 The air intakes shall be placed in a safe area and, whenever possible, where the prevailing winds are favorable.
- 6.2.4 All air intakes shall have devices to avoid gas entrance to the inner side of protected areas.
- 6.2.5 All Fire Dampers and Tightness/Shut-Off Dampers shall have a manual opening means.

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6.2.6 There shall be an independent HVAC system for batteries room. The minimum airflow rate (changes per hour) shall comply with SOLA/MODU and Classification Society.

6.2.7 All Battery Rooms with sealed batteries and/or valve regulated lead-acid (VRLA) batteries installed shall have an independent air conditioning system (maximum 25°C). The selection and operational condition of the HVAC equipment for these rooms shall be 2x100%, always with a standby unit. The minimum airflow rate (changes per hour) shall comply with, SOLAS/MODU and Classification Society.

6.3 REFRIGERATION SYSTEM (PROVISIONS)

- 6.3.1 Cooling fluids with HCFC and CFC are not acceptable. Only cooling fluids with HFC and HFO (not flammable) are acceptable.
- 6.3.2 In case of application of insulation with foam injected under pressure polyurethane, it shall be provided with CFC-free.

6.4 CONTROL AND OPERATION

- 6.4.1 Pneumatic and electrical fire dampers actuators are acceptable. In case the pneumatic actuator is chosen an independent air supply system, with their own air reservoirs, shall be provided for fire dampers and pressurization of instrumentation panels located in hazardous areas. This shall be provided in order to avoid any further consequence caused by a fault in the air supply.
- 6.4.2 All the fire dampers shall be CS type approval.
- 6.4.3 Application and installation of fire damper shall be based on the recommendations of SOLAS and Classification Society requirements.

6.5 VENTILATION OF THE TURRET AREA (NOT APPLICABLE)

6.5.1 Not applicable.

6.6 STANDARDS AND BRAZILIAN REGULATION

- 6.6.1 CONTRACTOR shall comply with applicable Brazilian Regulations. ISO 15138 shall be used as reference for HVAC System design.
- 6.6.2 The minimum outside airflow per person is 27 m3/h, in order to comply with Brazilian Legislation for Conditioned Rooms ("*Portarias do Ministério da Saúde MS 3523/1998*" and "*MS 9/2003*"). Ducts shall be designed and assembled taking into consideration the requirements for inspection and maintenance established by Health Ministry.

6.7 ELECTRICAL SWITCHBOARD ROOMS (E-HOUSE)

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6.7.1 E-House (Electrical Switchboard Room) shall be pressurized and air-conditioned (maximum 24°C), 2x100% or 3x50% machines with a stand-by unit.

- 6.7.2 Variable Speed Drive, if used, shall be installed in air-conditioned rooms.
- 6.7.3 The battery rooms shall comply with the item 6.2. UPS and battery chargers shall be installed in air-conditioned rooms.
- 6.7.4 Chilled Water Pipes and/or Cooling Water shall not be installed inside panels rooms, electrical equipment, transformers rooms, control rooms, radio room and telecom. Exception to condensed water piping from Air Cooled HVAC machines coil, if there is any. In this case, equipment and piping shall be installed at floor level, closed to a wall, contained by physical barrier and with a drain directly to outside.
- 6.7.5 The E-HOUSE air conditioning design shall also consider cabinets supplied by PETROBRAS.

7 SAFETY

7.1 GENERAL

- 7.1.1 The Unit's safety philosophy shall comply with SAFETY GUIDELINES FOR OFFSHORE PRODUCTION UNITS (see item 1.2.1).
- 7.1.2 For acceptable vendor list for Diesel-Hydraulic Fire Water Pumping Unit, see item 19.1.1.9.

7.2 RISK MANAGEMENT

- 7.2.1 A Risk Management Program shall be implemented, to continuously monitor and control the risks identified in risk assessment studies during the operational lifetime, as defined in SAFETY GUIDELINES FOR OFFSHORE PRODUCTION UNITS (see item 1.2.1).
- 7.2.2 PETROBRAS at their sole discretion shall take part in any Risk Assessment or workshop, for example: Layout Reviews, HAZOPs, HAZIDs, ALARP, SIL and BOW-TIE.
- 7.2.3 An independent Consultant Company shall be hired to perform the risk assessment studies established in the scope of the project. This Consultant Company shall have a proven previous experience in this type of studies.

7.3 PEOPLE ON BOARD (POB) MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

7.3.1 CONTRACTOR shall design and install an Electronic POB Management System incorporated to Unit's Safety Procedures. This System aims to:

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	ovide in real time the number stem);	and identification of pers	ons on site (POB
	ovide an electronic solution to eneral Alarm (E-mustering system		rocess in case of
• Re	egister the personnel location and	I control the access (E-Tra	cking system).
	ne Electronic POB Management		
0	Same final specifications;		
0	Any different solution must be p	presented to PETROBRAS	i.
constr	vstem shall be able to accommoda ruction work, etc.) leading to the routine events such as daily visito	presence of additional p	
7.3.3 E-MU	STERING (POB-M)		
perso	system shall provide accurate o onnel in order to control/manage / emergency follow-up:		
• AI	low people to check at mustering	area;	
	low follow-up of mustered people relevant);	on the site itself and on cor	nnected installation
	low identification and location of eam;	people member of the Em	ergency Response
• AI	low management of escape mear	าร;	
	low the possibility of managing pe e Unit;	eople having evacuated an	d then returning to
• Ide	entify missing personnel during m	nustering process.	
7.3.3.2 Each	person allocated to an emergenc	cy role must be clearly ident	tified in the system.
perso locat	system shall be able to generate onnel's name and surname, ass ion, his/her job position and eve oat, his/her assigned muster point	signed TAG number, his/l ntually his emergency role	ner last registered
	System shall also be able to provements of people, duration of must		ndicators (timing of
7.3.4 E-TRA	ACKING (POB-T)		
7.3.4.1 The	system shall record when person	nel is entering/exiting selec	ted locations to be

defined by CONTRACTOR, for example, restricted access areas, accommodations,

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e-house, pump room, machinery room. Readers shall be placed at entry/exit points to allow personnel to register in/out. Real-time information shall be available on the central system concerning identification and tracking of all personnel on each location. A general view shall represent the status of the site.

7.3.4.2 All events (entry allowed or refused, bad TAG reading) shall be logged.

7.3.5 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

- 7.3.5.1 All system equipment shall be adequate for the hazardous zone it will be installed/used. POB-M/T field equipment shall be certified for zone 1 so that they can remain energized in case of gas detection.
- 7.3.5.2 The full system shall be suitably designed for permanent operation in marine environment.
- 7.3.5.3 Considered as a safety system, the POB-M/T system shall be fully redundant.
- 7.3.5.4 The POB-M/T system shall be designed in such a way that the failure of any server, communication or network equipment, power supply unit, interconnection cables shall not result in a loss of service in any situation. The POB-M/T hard disk backup shall be performed using RAID technology.
- 7.3.5.5 The POB-M/T system shall be stand-alone (dedicated system), with minimum interaction with CSS.
- 7.3.5.6 The POB-M/T central system shall be duplicated on site in two systems (system "A" and "B") located in different technical rooms. Those systems shall be interconnected through duplicated link and synchronized at all time. Sign-in operations shall be updated on both systems in real time.
- 7.3.5.7 POB-M/T central systems shall be fed from redundant UPS power supplies with minimum autonomy of 12 hours.
- 7.3.5.8 At the Muster Points, Emergency Response Room, PETROBRAS' representative office and Control Room, a secured Wireless Access point and HMI (Humam Machine Interface) shall be provided. The HMI of the application shall be user friendly and provide in a very clear way all useful information for the mustering process. All wireless access point shall be duplicated; one connected to System "A" and the other one to System "B". Wireless network for POB-M/T shall be independent from other operational wireless networks.
- 7.3.5.9 It shall be ensured that all POB-M/T field equipment are always connected and synchronized with the system in operation. All field equipment shall be powered and data connected to both systems "A" and "B" through segregated cable route, for real-time update.
- 7.3.5.10 Readers shall be equipped with LED and sounders to show correct sign-in regarding POB-M/T and refused sign-in (location overmanned, tag incorrect, etc.),

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as well as lost link with POB-M/T system. Readers and their supports shall be visible and clearly identified.

- 7.3.5.11 In case of central systems failure, readers shall be equipped with buffer in such a way to ensure local sign-in storage. Reader memory capacity shall allow local sign-in operations (capacity to be defined during execution phase). Sign-in data shall be updated on servers as soon as systems recover.
- 7.3.5.12 The TAG shall be generated on site. TAG shall be based on a bracelet waterproof or equivalent. It shall be ensured that the tag shall be easily worn by personnel at all time, without creating any safety risk.
- 7.3.5.13 The system shall take future requirements into consideration: 20% input/output spare shall be supplied for future expansion (i.e. increase in number of readers). In addition, 20% of unused shelf space shall be available in the cabinets.
- 7.3.5.14 The system access shall be controlled according to the level of authorization to access/modify the system.
- 7.3.5.15 The System shall allow remote access using IP protocol and shall be directly connected to the FPSO firewall.

7.3.6 INTERFACES

- 7.3.6.1 The POB-M system shall be connected to the General Alarm system to allow beginning of muster process as soon as an alarm occurs.
- 7.3.6.2 POB-M/T systems shall be minimally interfaced with the CSS system:
 - POB-M/T shall report system failure alarm to CSS (alarm shall be available in control room);
 - CSS shall send shutdown signals to POB-M/T.

8 AUTOMATION AND CONTROL

8.1 GENERAL

- 8.1.1 The Instrumentation/Automation design is to be mainly based on an integrated operation and supervision system of the Unit as a whole, through graphics interfaces.
- 8.1.2 The Unit shall be supplied with an overall Automation and Control (A&C) Architecture composed by field instruments and control/automation systems. The main characteristic of the Architecture is the integration promoted among these systems by means of redundant digital communications along all layers, including optical and electrical networks, switches, hubs modems etc.

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8.1.3		C and DC power supply for all components of the A&C dant, fed from duplicated and redundant UPS. Common sent.	
8.1.4	The sy	vstems of the A&C Architecture encompass the following:	
	• Co	ontrol & Safety System (CSS);	
	• Ce	entral Control Room (CCR);	
	 Ca 	argo Tank Monitoring System (CTMS);	
	• Op	otimization and advanced control server;	
	<mark>∙ Ma</mark>	achinery Monitoring System (MMS).	
	• Flo	ow Metering System (FMS);	
	 Cl 	osed Circuit Television System (CCTV);	
	• Of	fshore Loading System;	
	• Er	vironmental Monitoring System (ENV);	
	• Po	sitioning System for Mooring Operation and Offset Diagra	<mark>ım (POS)</mark>
		<pre>ibsea Production Control System (SPCS);</pre>	
	• RI	SER MONITORING SYSTEM:	
	0	Rigid Riser Monitoring System (RRMS);	
	0	MODA Riser Monitoring System (MODA);	
		Annulus Pressure and Relief System.	
		ermanent Reservoir Monitoring System (PRM);	
		SEP [™] Control and Monitoring System.	
		Idressable Fire Detection System (AFDS)	
8.1.5	mainta	idancy shall be applied to the A&C systems and fiel aining the safe and reliable operation of the Unit and for a I reliability, maintainability and availability.	
8.1.6		&C systems shall be designed in order to assure that a onent of the system would not cause a loss of a safety fund	
8.1.7		rk between any CSS Controller and its respective RIO (s shall be routed by redundant physical independent route	
8.1.8	-	s from process redundant systems and voting instruments cards in a way that avoids the loss of more than one systailure.	
8.1.9	equipr	ding adequacy to hazardous area classification fo nent and instrumentation, refer to <mark>section 6.4 of SAFET</mark> HORE PRODUCTION UNITS (see item 1.2.1).	

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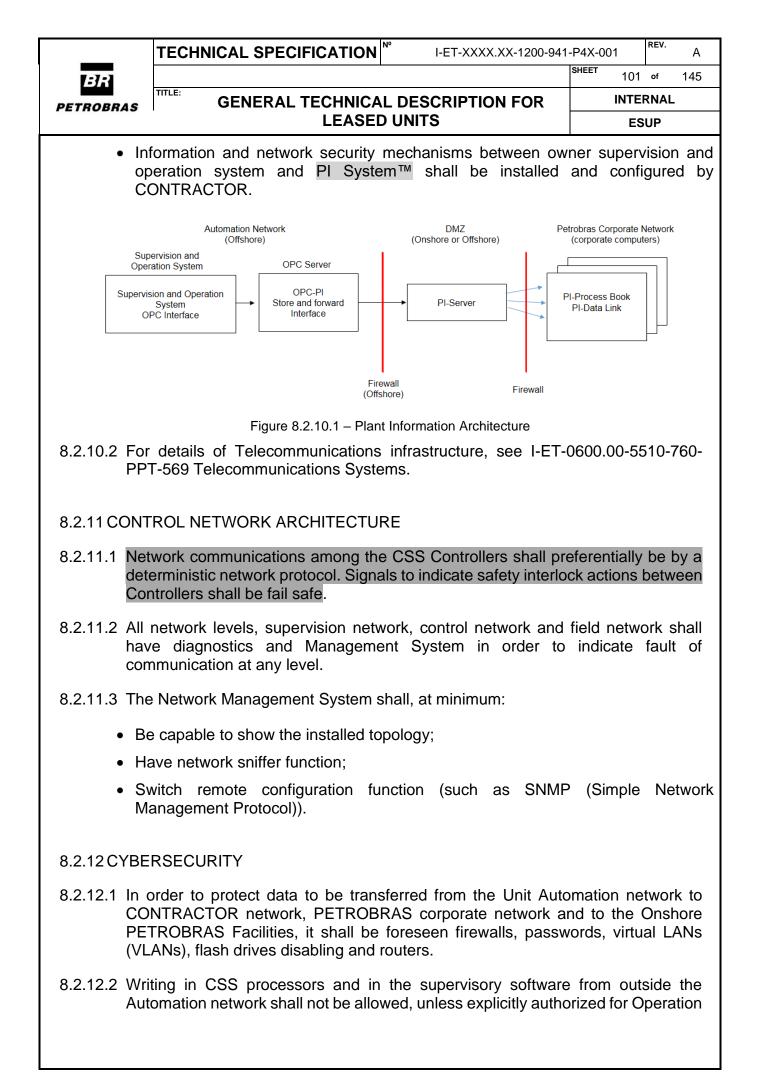
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8.1.10 All instruments, panels and equipment (if applicable) proper to be used in hazardous areas, shall have conformity certificates complying with: the latest revision of IEC-60079 and all its parts; *PORTARIA INMETRO Nº 179, de 18/maio/2010*, and its annexes, changed by *PORTARIA INMETRO Nº 89, de 23/fereveiro/2012* (or the one which is in force); and shall be approved by Classification Society.

8.2 CENTRAL CONTROL ROOM (CCR)

- 8.2.1 The Unit shall have a CCR with an integrated working area from which the Topside process and utilities plant, subsea production/injection systems and Hull/Marine systems shall be continuously monitored, operated and controlled, enabling the proper operation of the Unit as a whole.
- 8.2.2 The supervision and monitoring shall be done by navigating through HMI (human machine interface) screens showing the Topside and Hull/Marine diagrams and other fixed structures. The main components of this hardware (such as equipment, valves, detectors, process analyzers and instruments) shall be animated by displaying changes to their status, such as the opening of a valve, start-up of a pump, indication of a process variable etc.
- 8.2.3 The term HMI refers to the displays, computers and software that serve as an interface with CSS, specialized in processing/displaying the field data in a suitable format, leaving the tasks of data gathering to the other systems, such as CSS, CTMS, and SPCS.
- 8.2.4 The HMI shall have at least five primary functions:
 - Provide visualization of process parameters and methods with which to control the process;
 - Provide alarms summary and history, as well as indications to the operator that the process is outside limits or behaving abnormally or that the CSS has detected faults or failures;
 - Provide a method to allow the operator to understand the process behavior, such as process tendency and time response (trending functionality).
 - Provide reports of the Unit, such as overrides;
 - Provide means to collect and register historical data.
- 8.2.5 The CONTRACTOR shall mirror all CCR (and ECR, if applicable) HMIs in 2 independent machines at the PETROBRAS Office (according to item 5.2), including Alarms Management System (alarms' and events' logs and statistics screens), in order to allow PETROBRAS to monitor the UNIT.
- 8.2.6 If the Unit is provided with a permanently manned engine control room (ECR), the engine room equipment can be controlled from the ECR and only the critical alarms and status signals repeated back to the CCR.

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Hull/M days s	ck box" device shall be foreseen into the CCR, in which all To larine systems monitored data, events, audit trails and alarms shall be recorded in an easily removable data storage unit v Unit in case of abandonment.	s of the last 60 (s	sixty)
	RACTOR shall design and operate an Alarm Management and ard IEC 62682, in order to ensure that:	System accordii	ng to
ac du	NIT shall have an alarm management system that provides dequate set of warnings against excursions beyond its safe uring normal operation and during abnormal situations (start psets);	operating limits	both
ev	ctions necessary to bring the process back to its normal state very safe operating limit and details shall be available to perator shall be capable to execute such actions.		
	larm management system shall also minimize and where ng alarms, nuisance alarms, repeating alarms and alarm flo		oress
8.2.10 PLAN	T INFORMATION SYSTEM (PI System™)		
Pur	ring the operation phase, all main Topsides, Subsea, Turk nps and Hull/Marine data shall be available online at stem™-Server, with the following conditions:		
Sy	ne interface between supervisory system and Plant Info /stem™) shall be based on OPC (Open Platform Commu at the supervisory system is based on Windows®).	rmation System inications) (prov	n (PI rided
de	ne interface between the supervisory system and OPC s edicated server in the supervisory system layer or in the prkstation, if it is Native OPC Client-Server. (By CONTRACT	supervisory sys	
cc (d	PC-PI System [™] drivers with store and forward mechanism omputer on the Automation network and shall commun emilitarized zone) firewalls installed in Telecommunic ONTRACTOR)	icate through I	DMZ
	oth supervisory system-OPC and OPC-PI System™ interface redundancy, including hardware and licenses. (By CONTR/		alled
	System [™] -Server software shall also run in DMZ (PI Syst cated in onshore DMZ). (By PETROBRAS)	em™-Server wi	ill be
	ne data to be stored in <mark>PI System™</mark> will be defined by PET etail Engineering Design Phase.	ROBRAS durinę	g the
su ac	CONTRACTOR needs to use a different protocol for the com pervisory system and PI System™, PETROBRAS sha cceptance, the licenses and configuration, if the protocol is ovided by CONTRACTOR.	Il be consulted	for



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	cessity. All writing and reading accesses in the Automat gged.	ion network shall be
ne	shall be foreseen different firewalls for connection betw twork and PETROBRAS corporate network/Onshore PE d between Automation network and CONTRACTOR netwo	TROBRAS Facilities
8.3 CON	TROL & SAFETY SYSTEM (CSS)	
Safe	Unit shall be equipped with fully automated control syste y System (CSS), to provide both control and safeguarding FETY GUIDELINES FOR OFFSHORE PRODUCTION UN	functions according
	mber of dedicated CSS controllers (redundant CPUs/pro- not stand-by scheme), shall be foreseen for the following fu	
a)	Process Control System (PCS), for Unit systems ren monitoring. Regulatory control (PID), monitoring, remo- transmitters data acquisition and process alarms shall b system;	te actuation, control
b)	Process Shutdown System (PSD), for carrying out over safeguarding preventive automatic and manual actions. system is to prevent escalation of abnormal conditions int event and to limit the extent and duration of any such ever	The purpose of this o a major hazardous
c)	Fire & Gas/ESD System (FGS/ESD), for carrying out mitigation automatic actions mainly due to fire, flamm releases/leaks and explosion events. This system shall mo the presence of a fire or gas leakage to alert personnel and to be initiated manually or automatically to minimize the lik	hable and toxic gas nitor continuously for allow control actions

- 8.3.3 PCS shall be an independent system from PSD and FGS/ESD. It is recommended that PCS, PSD and FGS/ESD be from the same vendor.
- 8.3.4 A single time reference shall be used for the CSS and Electrical System. The interface between CSS and the Electrical System shall be such that, in the event of a failure of the communication, the electrical loads go to a safe state.
- 8.3.5 Automation system commissioning shall follow IEC 62381 and its references.
- 8.3.6 Some equipment may be supplied as package units with their own Control and Automation System. These shall also be integrated to the Unit's Automation & Control Architecture, and shall comply with Classification Society rules, especially regarding to the segregation between control and safeguarding functions. Fire and Gas signals of these package units shall also be integrated to the Unit Fire and Gas system.

8.4 CARGO TANK MONITORING SYSTEM (CTMS)

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8.4.1		argo Tank Monitoring System shall provide reliable, f ation on tank level and related variables (draft, pressu	-	hly accu	rate
8.4.2	The C	TMS shall comply with Class Society requirements.			
8.5	SUBS	EA PRODUCTION CONTROL SYSTEM (SPCS)			
8.5.1		ubsea Production Control System, refer to SUBSEA PR EM FOR FPSO (see item 1.2.1).	ODUCTIO	N CONTF	lol
8.6	OFFS	HORE LOADING SYSTEM			
8.6.1		Offshore Loading System, see OFFSHORE IIREMENTS (see item 1.2.1).	LOADING	G SYST	ΈM
8.7	METE	RING			
8.7.1		ow Metering System, refer to FLOW METERING S (see item 1.2.1).	SYSTEM FO	OR LEAS	ED
8.8	ССТV				
8.8.1		CTV, see TELECOM MASTER SPECIFICATIONS FC em 1.2.1).)r fpso c	HARTER	ED
8.9	ENV –	METOCEAN DATA GATHERING AND TRANSMISS	SION SYST	EM	
8.9.1	For El item 1	NV, see METOCEAN DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM .2.1).	REQUIRE	MENTS (see
8.10	POS DIAGI	- POSITIONING SYSTEM FOR MOORING OPER RAM	ATION AN	ND OFFS	ЗЕТ
8.10.1	I For PC	DS, see POSITIONING AND NAVIGATION SYSTEMS	6 (item 1.2. ⁻	I).	
8.11	RISEF	R MONITORING SYSTEM			
8.11.1	I RIGID	RISER MONITORING SYSTEM (RRMS)			
8.11.1		RRMS, see RIGID RISER MONITORING SYSTEM e item 1.2.1).	(RRMS) – I	FPU SCC)PE

8.11.2 MODA RISER MONITORING SYSTEM (MODA)

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	MODA, see MODA RISER MONITO ORING) – see item 1.2.1.			-
8.11.3 ANNU	ILUS PRESSURE MONITORING A	ND RELIEF SYSTEM		
	e annulus of every flexible riser con vented to a safe area.	nected to the Floating Pr	oduction U	nit shall
Moi Pre	NTRACTOR shall design, provion nitoring and Relief System, as deta ssure Monitoring and Relief Syster er to:	iled on the technical spe	cification "/	Annulus
	uarantee a safe release on board nnulus;	for the permeated gas	in the flex	ible riser
	onitor, detect and control any abnor damage the flexible risers.	mal pressure build up tha	at may - for	example
Rel	s specification allows some variatio ief System. For this project the (XX) I the (XXX type) shall be applied to	<mark>< type)</mark> shall be used by th	ne CONTRA	
to g	NTRACTOR shall provide the annu guarantee a safe release for the gas ers and to detect any pressure build	permeated in the annulu	is space of	
	NTRACTOR shall perform detailed ves, pressure sensors, supervisory	v v v	n (including	J piping,
	s system shall be applied to all flexi s or water) and service risers (gas l		ers, injectio	n risers
	ditional information is presented i	•		NULUS
8.12 MACH	INERY MONITORING SYSTEM (N	MMS)		
equipr pumps	RACTOR shall provide a Machine ment (at least for all gas compress s, booster water injection pumps an oxes/HVSD. MMS shall be integra	sors, turbogenerators, mand sea water lift pumps) a	ain water i and its driv	njection ers and
make perfor	ition to the signal available through I available the process variable sigr m the functions above in the Macl al of at least one second.	hals through the Fast Et	hernet Net	work to

interval of at least one second.

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mecha make and w	pasic description, the primary fund anical parameters: all machinery analysis likeFFT (Fast Fourier Tr aterfall diagrams, shaft average vibration analysis, and auxiliary s	protection system signals ransform), full spectrum, E center line, orbit, X-Y pla	, with possibility to Bode plot, cascade ot and experience-
8.12.4 The M	achinery Monitoring System shall	have the following function	ins:
	ata acquisition of vibration sign mperatures as a minimum;	als from machinery ser	sors and bearing
to	ata logging and event/variable rec allow the access of significant valu anning five years);		
	sting of all incoming alarms chroi tions;	nologically in a directory a	and a user-defined
• Hi	storical trending (all variables);		
	eal-time measurements in order alysis;	to allow diagnostics of f	ault detection and
• Di	splay of equipment schematic lay	out;	
• Me	easurements covering the widest	possible range of machine	e faults.
vit an sh off <mark>Ct</mark> Ma	eal-time display of process values of the same display of process values of the same display of the same d	easurements, valve positic each equipment class. The the PETROBRAS Onsho MASTER SPECIFICATIO rder to allow PETROBR /e a dedicated Ethernet no	n, tank levels, etc.; ne CONTRACTOR ore Office through ONS FOR FPSO AS to monitor the etwork for vibration
<mark>8.13 PRM -</mark>	- PERMANENT RESERVOIR MC	NITORING SYSTEM	
	RM, see PERMANENT RESER RING - FPSO SCOPE (see item 1		STEM – SPREAD
8.14 HISEP	[™] CONTROL AND MONITORIN	IG SYSTEM	
	ISEP [™] Control and Monitoring S nent needed for the correct opera		
which HISEF bidirec	ore of this system is the HISEP [™] is a set of panels that is the sin [™] equipment. PSD and FGS/E ctional between the HISEP [™] MC nake the main process variables	gle-point automation inte SD hardwired signals sl SS to the CSS. Besides,	face with all other nall be exchanged the HISEP [™] MCS

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conne 8.14.3 Additi varial	have their power supplied by the UPS. T ection to the Internet through the platform fire ionally, the CCR HMIs shall display in dedica ples of the HISEP [™] system. If the HISEP	ewall.	in real-time	all the
interc CON	ation Workstation, this workstation shall connections with the CSS/MCS shall be sup TRACTOR.	be placed in oplied, installed a	CCR and	all its
interc CON 8.14.4 Other	ation Workstation, this workstation shall connections with the CSS/MCS shall be sup TRACTOR. A&C equipment may include the following in	be placed in oplied, installed a	CCR and	all its
interc CON 8.14.4 Other	ation Workstation, this workstation shall connections with the CSS/MCS shall be sup TRACTOR.	be placed in oplied, installed a	CCR and	all its
interc CON 8.14.4 Other • B	ation Workstation, this workstation shall connections with the CSS/MCS shall be sup TRACTOR. A&C equipment may include the following in	be placed in oplied, installed a	CCR and	all its
interc CON 8.14.4 Other • B • C	ation Workstation, this workstation shall connections with the CSS/MCS shall be sup TRACTOR. A&C equipment may include the following in arrier fluid HPU (BFHPU);	be placed in oplied, installed a	CCR and	all its

- 8.14.6 Additionally, it is the MANUFACTURER scope of work:
 - Provide the correct internal interconnection of all HISEP[™] topsides equipment (process, electrical, automation and instrumentation connections, etc.) and with the umbilical terminal unit;
 - Provide configuring, testing and internal commissioning and any other services in order for the HISEPTM system to be fully functional.
- 8.14.7 CONTRACTOR shall provide the correct interconnection of all HISEP[™] systems (including MCS and Operation workstation) with FPSO systems (automation, electrical, pneumatic, hydraulic, etc.).
- 8.14.8 CONTRACTOR shall provide, configuring, testing and commissioning of the HISEP[™] system integration with the **CSS** in order for the HISEP[™] system to be fully functional in the FPSO.
- 8.14.9 CONTRACTOR shall provide the connections between umbilical terminal units and the umbilical.
- 8.14.10 CONTRACTOR shall follow all operational requirements (such as maintaining the cleanliness levels of the HISEP[™] HPU hydraulic fluids) defined in item 8.5.
- 8.14.11 Dedicated drawers in the MCC shall be foreseen for the Barrier Fluid HPU power supply. The BFHPU shall therefore be energized by FPSOs MCC. The commands for the BFHPU shall come from the HISEP[™] MCS.

8.15 OPTIMIZATION AND ADVANCED CONTROL

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	LEASED UNITS				
p C	Optimization and advanced control are intended to increase proprocess plant stability and safety of control loops of contractor shall be responsible for providing infrastructure for an control:	critical equ	uipme	ent.	
	 1 (one) machine (server) in the platform automation network control applications. Through this microcomputer, it shall be (read/write) all control loops running in CSS (main tops Hull/Marine data) via OPC protocol. PETROBRAS will provid CONTROL software solution and CONTRACTOR will c connection with the Supervisory System to access the control server shall be provided with Windows Server Operational Sys and be suitable to continuously working on a 24 x 7 duty. Driv others protocols to OPC are CONTRACTOR's scope. M requirements: CPU Intel Xeon E5 2.6 GHz Quad core (or bet at least 500Gb free on storage. 	possible to sides, subs de the ADV onfigure the loops in Ca stem (latest vers to conv linimum H	acce a a ANC e O SS. T versioners vert fro ardwa	ess and ED PC This on) om are	
	• CONTRACTOR shall provide means, via supervision HMIs, a enable (on/off) the advanced control, as well as to define its li				
	• CONTRACTOR shall set up watchdog logic in automation (A& the correct actions and inform the operator when a comr occurred between the computer, where advanced control i automation system of the platform.	munication	fail ł	nas	
	 All the necessary intervention in automation (A&C) system for of optimization and advanced control is CONTRACTOR response 		entat	ion	
9 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM					
G	GENERAL				
	he electrical system design and installation shall comply with additionally, the requirements defined below shall be mandatory.		2 seri	es.	
G	GENERATION POWER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM				
С	opart from the usual generation Unit controls (frequency, voltage ontrollers), an independent generation control shall be supplied ull simultaneous control of all generators of the FPSO. This	in order to i	naint	ain	

9.2.2 A Power Management System (PMS) shall be provided, including functions of main generation voltage control, main generation frequency control, load shedding, load sharing and permission of starting for high demand loads and maximum turbogenerator demand control under 100 MW.

hereinafter called PMS (Power Management System).

9.2.3 To prevent total or partial loss of power, the load shedding shall command fast selective tripping of pre-determined HV consumers, in the event of main generation

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overload (sudden or gradual) and main generation under frequency, to prevent total or partial loss of power.

- 9.2.4 PMS GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
- 9.2.4.1 The system shall be type approved by Class Societies.
- 9.2.4.2 The PMS shall at least comprise generator paralleling control, load sharing, peak shaving, automatic load shedding, load import/export control and protection.
- 9.2.4.3 The load shedding function shall allow temporary overload of main generation due to starting of large motors and transformers.
- 9.2.4.4 The load sharing function shall be capable to share active power demand evenly (in proportion of their capacities) among the main generators running, or to set adjustable fixed active power to keep one generator with variable active power, according to the demand variation.

9.3 GENERATORS

- 9.3.1 MAIN GENERATORS GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
- 9.3.1.1 The power generation system shall be designed considering operational cases defined on section 2.
- 9.3.1.2 Each power generation package consists of a synchronous alternator driven by dual fuel gas turbine, designed to operate on fuel gas (normal) or on Diesel fuel (no fuel gas available). Dry Low Emission Turbines (DLE) are not accepted for aero-derivative gas turbine type.
- 9.3.1.3 For main power generation based on gas turbines, the auxiliary and the emergency generator shall be capable independently to start-up the main generator, assuming dead-ship condition.

9.3.1.4 Main turbogenerator packager shall be the gas turbine OEM (original equipment manufacturer).

9.3.2 MAIN GENERATOR TURBINE REQUIREMENTS

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9.3.2.1	subi X(K 1] g Y(K repo	NTRACTOR is requested to pres mission in order to evidence powe W) = [Turbine ISO output power a enerators W) = [maximum electrical dema ort] (KW) * [Z]	er generation compliance t 15 degrees Celsius tem nd from electrical load b	to GTD: perature](K	(W) * [N-
	X(K	W) shall be greater or equal than	Y (KW)		
	[N] =	= total number of main turbogene	rators sets installed.		
_			' Factor by Model		
	[Z]= 1		[Z] = 1.33		
	LM	IGE Baker Hughes GE: I2500+G4; EMENS: SGT-A35 (34 MW D)	BHGE Baker Hug LM2000, LM2500, LM6000 PC/PG SAC SIEMENS: SGT-A05 SAC (WLE DRY), SGT-600;	LM2500+ ; , SGT-A65	, 5
			SOLAR: SATURN, 50, TAURUS 60, TITAN 130, TITAN 25	MARS100	
NOTE 1	the cont cont inclu	ROBRAS considers that CONTRA maximum expected electrical tingencies (margins) as a CO tingencies (margins) applied to a uding all losses and degradations compressor's driver shaft.	demand. PETROBRAS NTRACTOR internal is all gas compressors sha	S conside sue. Howe Il be clearl	r those ever, all y stated
NOTE 2:	elec	generators packages on duty shal trical load at 30 degrees Celsiu sidered for design purpose).	5		
NOTE 3	: [Z] fa	actor value is the minimum require	ed for main generators de	esign.	
9.3.2.2	shut	main generators shall be capab toown event. Restriction of the tur generator (GG) is not acceptable	bine restart due to mecha	anical lockir	ng of the
9.3.2.3	For	acceptable vendor list for Gas Tu	rbines for Main Generato	rs, see iten	า 19.
9.3.3 N	IAIN (GENERATOR ELECTRICAL REC	QUIREMENTS		
9.3.3.1	stan	configuration of the main generated by condition, for all operation erators running.		-	

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NOTE: "N" is the total number of main generators installed in the FPSO.

- 9.3.3.2 For starting the largest motor, it shall be considered maximum 2 main generators running, to keep transient voltage drop within tolerable limit of +/- 20% (voltage excursions sum of transient and steady state deviation on switchboards and distribution panels which electrical system and consumers in general shall withstand).
- 9.3.3.3 CONTRACTOR shall consider stand-by compressor start-up without turn off the running compressor during load transfer.
- 9.3.4 ESSENTIAL/AUXILIARY GENERATOR
- 9.3.4.1 For auxiliary generator package, CONTRACTOR shall use new equipment.

9.3.4.2 The use of auxiliary generators, apart from the main ones, to meet peak loads during offloading is acceptable.

- 9.3.4.3 Auxiliar generator shall be capable to start without necessity of Emergency Generator dedicated batteries and air bottle.
- 9.3.5 EMERGENCY GENERATOR
- 9.3.5.1 For emergency generator package, CONTRACTOR shall use new equipment.
- 9.3.5.2 Emergency generator shall be dimensioned to feed simultaneously all loads indicated in the SAFETY GUIDELINES FOR OFFSHORE PRODUCTION UNITS (see item 1.2.1), IMO MODU CODE and required by C.S., for at least 18 hours.
- 9.3.5.3 Emergency and auxiliary generators shall have a quick-closing fuel valve shall be a normally-open, "energize to close" coil. A manual acting closing device shall be provided to close the fuel valve, outside the emergency and auxiliary generator rooms, in case of fire inside.
- 9.3.5.4 The starting sources for Emergency Generator shall not be shared with any other generator.

9.4 DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

- 9.4.1 POWER DISTRIBUTION
- 9.4.1.1 The HV, LV and UPS distribution system shall be designed with required redundancy, so that a single failure in any equipment, circuit or bus section does

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not impair the whole system and neither reduce the production/processing capacity of the Unit.

- 9.4.1.2 For main generation systems, the main bus shall be subdivided in at least two parts which shall be normally connected by a tie circuit breaker.
- 9.4.1.3 The earthing and detection methods shall comply with Chapter 6 of IEC 61892-2 (System Earthing) requirements and the CS rules, as applicable.
- 9.4.2 HIGH/MEDIUM VOLTAGE SYSTEM
- 9.4.2.1 For Medium Voltage generation and distribution systems, the high resistance earthing shall be adopted with instantaneous selective tripping in the event of earth fault.

9.4.3 LOW VOLTAGE SYSTEM

- 9.4.3.1 The Low Voltage power distribution system shall be of secondary-selective type, with main bus subdivided in at least two parts which shall be normally connected by a tie circuit breaker; each bus part shall normally be fed from secondary of duplicated and fully redundant HV/LV transformers with tie circuit breaker open.
- 9.4.3.2 Low voltage distribution system shall be divided into different groups and switchboards:
 - Normal Process Plant loads;
 - Normal Utilities/Ship Service loads;
 - Essential loads.

9.4.4 DEDICATED VDC SYSTEM

- 9.4.4.1 The VDC system shall comprise:
 - Emergency Generator Starting and Control;
 - Auxiliary (Essential) Generator Starting and Control;
 - Fire Water Pumps Starting and Control.

9.5 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

- 9.5.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
- 9.5.1.1 Electric panels shall have the front and rear floor covered by insulating rubber matting complying with ASTM D-178-01 requirements for Type II ABC (ozone, fire and oil resistant) and minimum Class 0 (tested for 5kV) for panels with rated

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voltage up to 690V and minimum Class 1 (tested for 10kV) for panels with rated voltage above 690V.

9.5.2 POWER TRANSFORMERS

- 9.5.2.1 Each power transformer shall be dimensioned to feed 100% of the maximum switchboard load demand, with no forced ventilation, on a contingency condition with the duplicated redundant unit out of service.
- 9.5.2.2 For dry-type power transformers, the Fire Behavior Class shall be F1, according to defined IEC 60076.

9.6 UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY (UPS) SYSTEM - AC AND DC

- 9.6.1 GENERAL
- 9.6.1.1 UPS source of power may be provided by AC or DC UPS.
- 9.6.1.2 UPS shall be arranged and dimensioned to feed simultaneously all loads indicated in the SAFETY GUIDELINES FOR OFFSHORE PRODUCTION UNITS (see item 1.2.1), IMO MODU CODE, and required by C.S., and corresponding autonomy time.
- 9.6.1.3 UPS log report shall be recordable, retrievable and available for PETROBRAS as requested, providing comprehensive information on the equipment status and diagnostic information.
- 9.6.2 UPS FOR AUTOMATION/INSTRUMENTATION SYSTEM
- 9.6.2.1 UPS source of power may be provided by AC or DC UPS.
- 9.6.2.2 The UPS system for Automation shall be comprised by two redundant and electrically separated units, "A" and "B", each of them sized for supplying all loads (2 x 100%), operating isolated.
- 9.6.2.3 Each UPS, if AC, shall be provided with dedicated by-pass transformer, with automatic transfer through static switches.
- 9.6.2.4 Each distribution switchgear shall have option to be fed either from UPS A or UPS B. Therefore, all switchgears shall have circuit breakers facilities to transfer the UPS supply from UPS A to UPS B (or the other way round, from UPS B to UPS A).
- 9.6.2.5 The distribution switchgears shall have full capacity interconnecting circuit breakers for transfer all connected loads to and from redundant UPS, keeping the loads operating (without temporary black-out).

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9.6.2.6 UPS output voltage shall be isolated from earth. Ground fault detection with local and remote alarm at CCR shall be provided; means for troubleshooting and locating ground fault as portable clamp meter shall be provided without interrupting services.

9.7 LIGHTING

- 9.7.1 Design of external lighting and illumination system shall avoid the disturbance on seawater, meaning that CONTRACTOR shall avoid directing the lighting to the sea. Outdoors lighting fixtures shall be preferentially directed to internal areas of the Unit, in order to not affect/impact marine life. CONTRACTOR shall consider that only specific lighting systems required by Brazilian and international regulations, Class and Flag requirements and Unit safe operation shall be directed to overboard in direction to seawater area.
- 9.7.2 The emergency lighting UPS system shall be redundant (2x100%).

9.8 LIGHTNING PROTECTION

- 9.8.1 A Study for Lightning Protection System shall be done according to NFPA 780, Chapter 10, considering the 30 meters zone of protection sphere (as per Clause 10.3.1.1) and IEC 62305-3 assuring an LPL II (Lightning Protection Level).
- 9.8.2 Lightning protection shall be provided according to the results of this study.

9.9 ELECTRICAL STUDIES

- 9.9.1 CONTRACTOR shall present to PETROBRAS, the following electrical studies:
 - Main and Emergency Generation electrical load balance;
 - Load Flow calculation report;
 - Short-circuit calculation report;
 - Voltage drop due to motor starting calculation report;
 - Transient stability calculation report;
 - Harmonic analysis calculation report;
 - Protection coordination and selectivity calculation report;
 - Arc fault incident energy calculation report;
 - UPS and battery bank sizing report;
 - Grounding Fault Analysis.

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10 EQUIPMENT

10.1 NOISE AND VIBRATION

10.1.1 CONTRACTOR shall conduct Noise and Vibration Study including process areas, marine areas and accommodations to evaluate working environment and implement mitigating measures whenever required. Specifically for compression and generation areas and whenever possible, Noise and Vibration study shall be based on existing similar equipment and projects.

10.1.2 NOISE

- 10.1.2.1 Noise limits shall be in accordance with the Brazilian Regulations (NRs), CS rules and guidelines requirements for FPSO and / or MODU where applicable.
- 10.1.2.2 Equipment operating at high noise levels shall be acoustically treated using hoods, silencers, filters or other noise control system to meet the requirements.
- 10.1.2.3 After completion of services, if noise levels exceed the specified limits, CONTRACTOR may be required to carry out additional improvements in order to insulate individual noise sources. Such remedial measures can be, for example, the installation of AVMs (Anti-Vibration Mounts), foundations for smaller equipment and additional insulation for limited areas.

10.1.3 VIBRATION

- 10.1.3.1 CONTRACTOR shall carry out structural and main equipment vibration measurements during commissioning and sea trials in order to verify acceptable levels of vibration, according to NRs, CS rules and guidelines requirements for FPSO and / or MODU where applicable.
- 10.1.3.2 CONTRACTOR shall rectify the stiffening of equipment and/or the equipment itself, if vibrations are clearly in excess of the recommendations of the above mentioned standards.

10.2 HOISTING AND HANDLING SYSTEMS

- 10.2.1 CONTRACTOR shall submit to PETROBRAS for comments a detailed procedure for equipment maintenance that includes their removal/disassembly from any part of the Unit to allow the installation of a new one. The procedure shall include facilities to allow offshore maintenance of the Unit, without affecting the production/processing capacity of the Unit.
- 10.2.2 Special attention shall be given to the area necessary for hoisting, handling and maintenance of the main generators, gas compressors, seawater lift pumps and diving equipment that are composed by large pieces with large weights.

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10.2.3 CRANES

TITLE:

10.2.3.1 Cranes shall comply with API-2C - Offshore Pedestal Mounted Cranes or BS EN 13852-1 Cranes – Offshore Cranes Part 1: General Purpose Offshore Cranes for load and personnel lifting.

10.2.3.2 Cranes shall be classified by CS and shall comply with Brazilian Government Regulations Rules (NRs).

- 10.2.3.3 Crane capacities shall be compatible with equipment parts to be removed/disassembled (e.g. main generator rotor, heat exchanger tube bundles, diving equipment, etc.) and to transfer material/equipment to/from supply vessels to the Unit. Crane outreaches are measured outboard from the Unit's side shell.
- 10.2.3.4 In this option, as the risers shall come up on the Unit's Portside, this side shall not be used for any supply boat operations. All cranes shall be located on the Starboard side.
- 10.2.3.5 At least two cranes are required, Aft (AFT) Starboard and Forward (FWD) Starboard, built to operate under the following conditions:
 - Loading/unloading from/to a supply vessel with an outreach able to transship at a distance of 28 m from FPSO's side at capacities defined on item 10.2.3.6;
 - The whip hoisting system shall be able to lift 15,000 kg (minimum) with any boom angle;
 - Transportation of personnel to/from the supply vessels.

10.2.3.6 The minimum loading/unloading capacity of one crane shall be 25,000 kg and the minimum for the other shall be 15,000 kg.

- 10.2.3.7 All above mentioned capacities are net lift capacities. Vessel motions and dynamic loads shall also be considered to properly design each crane.
- 10.2.3.8 CONTRACTOR shall provide means of transporting supplies/goods/spares from a lay-down area to the galley store, machineries spaces, warehouses, etc. (i.e., aft spaces/compartments).

10.3 HEAT EXCHANGERS

10.3.1 CONTRACTOR shall comply with all requirements and recommendations for the design of heat exchangers and pressure protection systems according to the internal failures scenarios as per API 521 item 4.4.14, especially where large pressure difference is observed (e.g. 7000 kPa or more), where dynamic analysis are recommended in addition to the steady state approach, and where the low pressure side is liquid-full and the high-pressure side contains a gas or a fluid that flashes across the rupture.

10.3.2 GASKET PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER

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10.3.2.1 Gasket Plate Heat Exchangers, if considered by CONTRACTOR, shall be in accordance with API STD 662 - Part 1, considering "Severe Service", and be capable to withstand pressure surges (dynamic pressure variations) due to process and control fluctuations. For cyclic services, fatigue design shall be in accordance with ASME BPVC Section VIII, Division 2.

10.3.3 PRINTED CIRCUIT HEAT EXCHANGER (PCHE)

- 10.3.3.1 PCHE will only be accepted for gas coolers in gas compression systems. If CONTRACTOR decides to use PCHE (Printed Circuit Heat Exchanger), one additional PCHE per compression stage stored onshore (capital spare) and ready for installation shall be provided and the commissioning, operation and maintenance procedure shall be defined by PCHE vendor. An integral T-type (or similar) strainer shall be supplied on the gas inlet and a separate Duplex in line cleanable strainer shall be advised by manufacturer. All the cooling medium control valves shall guarantee the minimum flow rate to the PCHE (typically around 20%), rudder stop valves are recommended. In addition, the pressure drop across the PCHE (core) and also the pressure drop across the strainers shall be individually and remotely monitored for both streams.
- 10.3.3.2 A side stream filtration (polishing) system shall be included and all measures necessary to guarantee the high quality and cleanliness of the cooling water, as recommended by PCHE manufacturer. The cooling medium operating pressure shall be higher than its vapor pressure at the maximum exchanger process inlet temperature, to prevent boiling in low flow or turndown conditions, and higher than the sea water pressure, to prevent sea water ingress to the closed loop in case of any leaks in the sea water cooler.

10.3.4 SHELL AND TUBE HEAT EXCHANGER

10.3.4.1 Process system shell and tubes heat exchanger shall be in accordance with API 660 and ASME BPVC Section VIII, Division 1 standards latest edition.

10.4 PIPING

- 10.4.1 Piping and valves design, materials fabrication, assembly, erection, inspection and testing shall comply with ASME B31.3 and CS rules. Piping system layout, design, structural and fatigue analyses are required. Special attention shall be taken, but not limited to, well production lines, vents/drains of hydrocarbon system and other lines subjected to vibration (e.g. compression/pump systems), including small line diameters and instrument connections. Regarding such subject the compliance to NORSOK L-002 is required.
- 10.4.2 The use of long-bolt (wafer) type valves for services which contains flammable or combustible fluids shall not be acceptable in any system of the Unit. As the only exception, LUG type valves with threaded holes would be acceptable.

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11 TELECOMMUNICATIONS

TITLE:

11.1 GENERAL

11.1.1 The Unit's telecommunications shall comply with the **TELECOM MASTER** SPECIFICATIONS FOR FPSO CHARTERED document (see item 1.2.1).

12 STRUCTURAL DESIGN

12.1 GENERAL

- 12.1.1 Besides the CS load requirements for the operation of the Unit at the site, CONTRACTOR shall also design the Unit to withstand all construction loads and the environmental loads during transportation from construction/conversion shipyard to Brazil. For decommissioning purpose (including risers pull-out), the design shall ensure that in the end of the leased contract, the Unit shall have enough strength to be transported or towed to outside Brazilian waters.
- 12.1.2 The latest revision of the CS rules shall be used to check and design the structures (hull and topsides), reinforcements and complementary structures. CONTRACTOR shall use net scantlings that are obtained deducting corrosion margins (as presented in item 12.2.7) from final scantlings or "as-built" scantlings in case of new building. "Final scantlings" means the plate thickness measured at the beginning of the conversion or after plate replacement.

12.2 CONVERSION SURVEY (IF APPLICABLE)

- 12.2.1 The hull assessment shall be submitted to a third party for reviewing and validation. This third party shall be a CS, other than the one that is classing the Unit. For acceptable CSs see item 1.3.4.
- 12.2.2 The hull shall be fully inspected according to CS requirements. Regardless of those CS requirements, as the Unit shall maintain continuous offshore operation during its whole operational lifetime with no dry-docking. All damaged areas, cracks of any nature, and all defective structural pieces, including welds and all warped areas, shall be replaced or restored to fit conversion specifications.
- 12.2.3 The Unit shall be surveyed prior to the installation of any new structure. The survey report shall inform all items that do not match the original design. Special attention shall be paid to the following items:
 - Structure dimensions- girders, beams, stiffeners and plates;
 - Out of tolerance imperfections of structural elements;
 - Changes in the material specifications;

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- Corrosion of structural elements.
- 12.2.4 Ships that have been involved in explosion, grounding damage, lay-up (3 years or more) and/or relevant collision incident during their operational life shall not be utilized for conversion.
- 12.2.5 Both ultrasonic gauging report and the reassessment study shall be submitted to CS for approval and to PETROBRAS for information.

12.2.6 Further inspections (to be made by a third party) may be required by Petrobras during the engineering design phase, as part of the Survey Report

- 12.2.7 PLATE REPLACEMENT CRITERIA
- 12.2.7.1 The design philosophy shall consider that no hot work will be done, due to plating/structural replacement, during the Unit's operational lifetime.
- 12.2.7.2 Specification of hull steel renewal at conversion is based on the requirement that no part of the hull will fall under substantial corrosion during the contract period.
- 12.2.7.3 Hull steel renewal shall consider both local corrosion (pitting and grooving) and overall corrosion.
- 12.2.7.4 For overall corrosion of plating and stiffeners, renewal thickness at conversion is defined such that the substantial corrosion margin will not be reached within the FPSO life, taking into account anticipated corrosion losses during the FPSO life. The substantial corrosion margin is defined as 75% of the allowable corrosion margin as specified in the inspection criteria of the rules.
- 12.2.7.5 When re-assessment is performed, the FPSO required gross thickness (TR) is defined as the required thickness for use as FPSO without reduction for corrosion, based on the environmental site specific design parameters, even in the case that the re-assessed thickness is lower than the original "as-built" thickness.
- 12.2.7.6 As a minimum criterion, the following procedure shall be adopted to determine the steel renewal thickness at conversion:

 $T_{\text{measured}} \leq T_{\text{R}} * (1 - 0.75 * R_{\text{L}}) + M \rightarrow \text{Element shall be renewed.}$

T_{measured} – Structural element thickness – based on the Thickness Reading Report.

- M XX, X years corrosion margin for uncoated steel.
- T_R rule required gross thickness to be defined by the Reassessment Study.
- R_L rule allowed corrosion percentage according to Classification Society rules.
- 12.2.7.7 The following table shows the corrosion margin values (M) to be used for XX years of operation (Contract period) for different uncoated structural elements ("F" factor is XXX (M / 20 years)):

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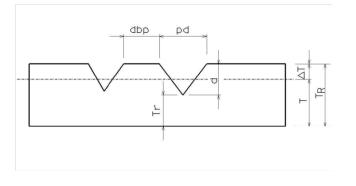
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Table 12.2.6.7: Corrosion Margin Values					
LOCATION	ITEM	CORROSION MARGIN (mm)			
		Cargo Tank	Ballast Tank ⁽¹⁾		
	Deck plating	1.3 x F	2.0 x F		
	Deck longitudinals	1.3 x F	2.0 x F		
	Side shell plating	1.0 x F	1.5 x F		
LONGITUDINAL	Side shell longitudinals	1.0 x F	2.0 x F		
ELEMENTS	Longitudinal bulkheads plating	1.0 x F	1.5 x F		
	Longitudinal bulkheads longitudinals	1.0 x F	2.0 x F		
	Bottom shell plating	1.4 x F	1.5 x F		
	Bottom shell longitudinals	1.0 x F	2.0 x F		
	Deck transverse web plating	1.5 x F	2.0 x F		
TRANSVERSE	Bottom transverse web plating	1.0 x F	2.0 x F		
WEB FRAMES	Side shell transverse web plating	1.0 x F	2.0 x F		
	Long. bhd. transverse web plating	1.0 x F	2.0 x F		
	Plating	1.0 x F	1.5 x F		
TRANSVERSE	Vertical stiffener (web)	1.0 x F	1.5 x F		
BULKHEADS	Horizontal stringer web plating	1.6 x F	2.0 x F		
	Vertical girder plating	1.0 x F	1.5 x F		
	Web plating	1.0 x F	1.5 x F		
SWASH BULKHEADS	Horizontal stringer web plating	1.6 x F	1.6 x F		
BULKHEADS	Vertical girder plating	1.0 x F	1.5 x F		

NOTE 1: Slop tanks, off-spec tanks and settling tanks (if applicable) shall consider same corrosion margins as ballast tanks.

- 12.2.7.8 By means of coating, the start of corrosion will be postponed. Therefore, a corrosion postponement can be considered, if CONTRACTOR ensures application of painting scheme with guarantee not lesser than 10 years. As so, the corrosion margins given in the table above can be de-rated, due to the referred corrosion postponement effect, for structural elements that are fully painted with the high-quality performance epoxy scheme. The reduction on the required corrosion margins in case of coated steel structural elements can be 5 years/XX,XX years (XX% reduction) on the corrosion margins given in the table above.
- 12.2.7.9 For pitting inspection/acceptance bottom plating shall be fully inspected after being sand blasted. The following plating renewal criteria shall be considered:



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	Figure 12.2.6.9: Plati	ng Renewal Criteria	
1 - If in the in	spected region d < 0,15 . TR: Plate	e to be treated and paint	ed;
2 - If in the in	spected region 0,15 . TR < d < TR	/3: See note below;	
3 - If in the in	spected region d > TR /3: Plate to I	be renewed.	
NOTE: Addit	ional criteria shall be considered fo	r those regions related to	o item 2 above:
• If	pd > 200 mm \Rightarrow plate renewing		
• If	pd $\frac{2}{2}$ 200 mm and either:		
0	dbp < 75 mm \Rightarrow plate renewing		
0	dbp ≥ 75 mm and cpfd ≤ 80 mm I	Plate renewing	
0	dbp ≥ 75 mm and cpfd > 80 mm	and tr < 6 mm or to TR/3	3 Þ plate renewing
	where: pd - pitting diameter		
	dbp - distance betwee	n pittings	
	cpfd - continuous pitting	g weld filling distance	
	tr - residual plate thi	ckness below pitting	
	to - original plate thic	kness	
REMARK: C	ofd is the minimum continuous weld	d bead necessary to fill ι	ıp a pit.
12.3 MATE	RIALS		
thickn as fai	event the lamellar tearing effect, ess) shall be used in places where rlead connections, riser balcony c al details may be adopted to avoid s	e plate stress occurs thrononections, crane pede	ough thickness, such estal connection, etc.
12.4 HULL			
12.4.1 The fo	bllowing alternatives shall be adopted	ed for new build hull:	
a) Dout	ble side, with, at least, three longitu	dinal bulkheads;	
b) Dout	ble hull, without any hydrocarbon pi or void spaces.		de the double bottom
	e of converted hull, the double hul n routed inside the double bottom a		
12.4.3 CONT	RACTOR shall comply with MARP	OL Regulation 19 requir	ements.
	of a risk analysis and/or a drifting a structural analyses, side shell s		

shall withstand an impact energy (collision accidental load) imposed by a 9,000-MT displacement supply vessel, plus added mass, with speed of 2 m/s, for the worst cases

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of sideways, bow and stern impact scenarios, without causing the rupture of FPSOs cargo tank longitudinal bulkhead and without compromising the global structure. Supply vessel approaching area shall comprise the following region of the side shell: + 30 meters and -30 meters of each crane position, and 3.5 meters above maximum draft and -1.5 meters below minimum draft.

- 12.4.5 Side shell structure shall be designed at the same area to withstand an impact energy imposed by the same 9,000-MT displacement supply vessel, plus added mass, at 0.5 m/s for the worst cases of sideways, bow and stern impact scenarios, associated with normal operational conditions, without any rupture to the side shell structure.
- 12.4.6 Criteria and methodology shall follow NORSOK N-003 and N-004.
- 12.4.7 The referred area shall preferably have elastomeric fenders fixed to side shell by steel beams, in order to prevent contact between supply boat and the Unit's side shell plate. The fenders and their foundations shall be designed (dimensioned and spaced) to absorb the collision energy for normal operation conditions of supply vessel. In case of using floating fenders, at least 3 (three) shall be considered in each supply vessel approaching area.
- 12.4.8 Other external equipment/structures/piping (e.g. caissons for seawater uptake) connected to side shell at the supply vessel approaching area shall be protected by specific steel structure.
- 12.4.9 CONTRACTOR shall provide welded doubler plates in line with the suction and discharge of each tank. Insert plates with increased thickness is also acceptable alternative. If CONTRATOR decides to provide suction bilge boxes on the tank bottom then plates shall also be designed with increased thickness.
- 12.4.10 TURRET AND CARGO TANK INTERFACE (NOT APPLICABLE)
- 12.4.10.1 Not applicable.

12.4.11 RISER BALCONY AND CARGO TANK INTERFACE (SPREAD MOORING OPTION)

- 12.4.11.1 CONTRACTOR shall perform a finite element analysis at the balcony/hull interface region to assess the structural strength and fatigue life. This analysis shall be submitted to CS for approval.
- 12.4.12 BALCONIES AND AFT STRUCTURE
- 12.4.12.1 Fairlead support structures, riser balconies, aft hull structures and other attached structures subject to wave slamming loads shall be analyzed considering the probability of occurrence and the corresponding load. Significance of effects on onboard comfort and on hull stresses are also to be addressed.

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	Sufficiently inclined flat plates at the bottom of each of these employed in order to minimize wave slamming, and, in conse hull girder effects.				
	12.4.12.3 Slamming loads can be calculated using CFD software in association with model test results and/or potential hydrodynamic simulations. Alternatively, the simplified approach as described in DNV-RP-C205 – "Environmental Conditions and Environmental Loads" may be used.				
	Fatigue calculations shall also include the slamming loads with probability of occurrence.	the corresponding			
12.4.13 CA	THODIC PROTECTION AND PAINTING				
	The cathodic protection (CP) system, painting specificati protection shall be part of the philosophy to allow the Unit to op during its operational lifetime without any production interr design shall clearly identify those requirements.	perate continuously			
	Galvanic anode CP system shall be used for internal of tanks. Fresh water tanks shall have a different solution in order to avoid water contamination.				
	3 For external hull, impressed current cathodic protection systems is the preferred solution. The potential range to be adopted as a cathodic protection criterion for carbon steel structures shall be from -900 mV to -1000 mV, measured to the silver/silver chloride (Ag/AgCl sea water) reference electrode. Submerged defective parts replacement shall be feasible via diving operation. Additionally, galvanic anode CP may be accepted for external hull and limited areas with complex geometry. In this case, CONTRACTOR shall design the system to comply with design life requirement.				
	Special attention shall be given to chain pipes and other s structures to allow maintenance, inspection and replacen docking/shutdown and to avoid problems caused by corre growth.	nent with no dry-			
	Bottom cargo tank plating and structures shall be fully painte of vertical structures or maximum water level, whichever is g tank plating and structures shall be fully painted at least 2.0 Painting specification shall consider the design life as stated in	greater. Top cargo) meters from top.			
	Zinc anodes shall be adopted in ballast tanks if the "anode ir anode gross weight" is greater than 28 kgf x m and the m temperature is less or equal to 50ºC.	5			
12.4.13.7	Cargo and slop tanks bottom shall be provided with anodes.				
	Produced Water Tanks, Slop Tanks, Off-spec tanks (if applic Tank (if applicable) shall be entirely painted with a high p	,			

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scheme considering design life as stared in item 1.1 herein. Anodes shall also be provided to protect the entire tank.

- 12.4.13.9 CONTRACTOR shall provide an anti-fouling painting scheme for the external hull, encompassing bottom plate and side shell plate up to transit draft (maximum foreseen draft during transit phase from yards and final location). The anti-fouling painting scheme shall follow NORMAM 23 requirements and IMO Resolution MEPC.207(62) - Guidelines for the Control and Management of Ships' Biofouling to Minimize the Transfer of Invasive Aquatic Species requirements.
- 12.4.14 CARGO AND BALLAST TANKS STRUCTURAL INSPECTION
- 12.4.14.1 All tanks access arrangements shall comply with IMO Recommendations A 272 (VIII) and A 330 (IX).
- 12.4.14.2 CONTRACTOR shall submit to PETROBRAS and CS an inspection plan of the cargo, ballast tanks or any other structural compartments evidencing that the Unit enables safe inspection inside all tanks. This plan shall be based on the Fatigue Analysis.
- 12.4.14.3 Means shall be provided to allow a safe "free-for-fire" certificate with minimum disturbance of the Unit's operation. In addition, cargo piping shall be installed with devices to reduce the risk of any accidents during inspection and "hot" services (e.g.: devices to avoid valves or expansion joints leakage).

12.4.15 HULL EXTERNAL INSPECTION

- 12.4.15.1 CONTRACTOR shall provide facilities for the installation of the temporary diving support equipment and for the diving operation itself, considering that the entire hull shall be visually inspected, as required by CS.
- 12.4.15.2 The Floating Production Unit shall be designed aiming for diverless installation, operation, integrity management (inspection and repair) and decommissioning. The following requirements are mandatory:
 - Hull appendices structures (e.g seachest, lower riser balcony, fairleads, bilge-keel, etc.) shall be non-inspectable during unit design life.
 - Hull Class Inspection performed by ROV.
 - The diving stations shall provide the facilities required for operations with electric mini-ROVs for UWILD (Underwater Inspection in Lieu of Dry-Docking), mooring and SURF (Subsea Umbilicals, Risers, and Flowlines) inspections to the extent possible.
 - The hull frames shall be identified through painting above the maximum draft of the FPU in order to facilitate orientation of the ROVs and, if necessary, divers performing such activities.

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12.4.13.3 CONTRACTOR shall perform risk analyses for the exceptional cases of operations that still require diving activities at early stage of the project. PETROBRAS representatives shall participate in the event. CONTRACTOR diving operational team shall also participate. The risk analyses shall take into consideration all recommendations to guarantee effective and safe operations.

12.4.13.4 CONTRACTOR shall issue the document "Project Premises for Integrity Management of the Offshore Production System" containing, as a minimum, the information listed below:

a) List of all diving jobs throughout the life cycle of the production system (installation, operation, integrity management and decommissioning);

b) Procedures for carrying out all diving works safely and effectively;

c) Risk analyses (threats, frequency, impact) including also threats arising from the cognitive demands of diving activities;

d) List of recommendations, including all implemented resources (interfaces, tools and accessories, procedures, etc.), consistent with the Risk Analysis conclusions;

e) List of hours dedicated to diving operations, per operation;

f) List of hours of exposure to low, medium and high risks;

g) List of conditions that shall not be exceeded by the divers (for example: weather conditions, distance to diving bells for operations during the day or night, diving time, efforts, complexity of the operations, number of operations per day, these parameters individually and/or combined).

12.5 TOPSIDE STRUCTURES

- 12.5.1 Green Water occurrence and the effects on the main deck and topside structures of FPSO shall be considered on the design, according to motion analysis results.
- 12.5.2 The structures and their foundations shall be designed according to CS requirements in order to withstand the worst of the following:
 - Motions and accelerations associated with DOC and DEC design condition (item 13.6.3);
 - All CS requirements, including accidental and towing condition.
- NOTE: All safety systems and life-saving systems, including emergency equipment and vessel abandonment equipment, shall continue to operate while under the worst of the conditions listed above in this item.
- 12.5.3 When wave slamming loads on hull as those identified in item 12.4.12 are significant and may affect the dynamic response of a topside structure, then, its natural frequencies shall be kept away from hull girder natural frequencies a minimum of 20% difference for full range of operational drafts (light loading up to full loading conditions) and in transient condition, in order to avoid large dynamic amplification. CONTRACTOR shall perform integrated analyses for most susceptible structures, that is, slender structures and other potentially affected structures, e.g. hull/flare tower

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model, including dynamic effects, to evaluate the flare tower integrity under dynamic hull deflections, for both strength and fatigue, similarly for the other structures.

12.5.4 When, otherwise, those impact loads are not significant for these structures, then the difference between their natural frequencies and those of hull girder shall still be a minimum of 10%.

12.6 FATIGUE ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS

- 12.6.1 CONTRACTOR shall obtain Class Certificate for a fatigue design life equal to the design life defined in item 1.2.2.1.
- 12.6.2 Fatigue life and hull substantial corrosion criteria used during the design shall comply with the CS requirements and Structure and Naval Design requirements, in order to allow continuous offshore operation during its contract period, with no dry-docking in a shipyard. In addition, the Unit shall be fitted with facilities that enable any maintenance required during the operational lifetime as well as the surveys required by the CS, Port Administration, or Flag Statutory requirements without affecting the production/processing capacity of the Unit.
- 12.6.3 The fatigue analysis shall be submitted to a third party for reviewing and validation. This third party shall be a CS, other than the one that is classifying the Unit. For acceptable CSs see item 1.3.4
- 12.6.4 Fatigue Damage calculation for the support structures, foundations, etc., shall be carried out in accordance with the CS rules.
- 12.6.5 CONTRACTOR shall use the waves, wind and current for fatigue analysis given in the annex METOCEAN DATA (see item 1.2.1). In this document, it is important to note that the specific direction reference for wind, wave and current can be different among them.

13 NAVAL DESIGN

13.1 GENERAL

- 13.1.1 The Unit shall have the following main naval characteristics:
- 13.1.2 Ship-shaped or barge-shaped unit, with a minimum storage capacity, i.e. minimum volume of oil available, in the cargo tanks, to be offloaded, of 1,450,000 bbl of crude oil. The amount of oil considered as permanent ballast and a residual tank volume of least 2% for each tank shall be added to this value. Stability criteria and structural constraints shall also be considered.

In addition, the 1,450,000 bbl of oil for offloading shall be available when:

a) the two largest tanks are isolated for inspection and repair;

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 b) the slop tanks, oil offspec tanks and the produced water tanks shall be excluded from the volume of 1.450.000 barrels of oil. 			

To calculate the "volume of oil available to be offloaded", CONTRACTOR shall proceed as follows:

1) One condition approved by the Classification Society of maximum loading of oil shall be included in the "Trim and Stability booklet"; This condition shall include the exclusions defined above.

2) One condition of minimum loading safe operational condition approved by the Classification Society shall be included in the "Trim and Stability booklet";

3) The "volume of oil available to be offloaded" is to be calculated as follows:

(Volume of oil available to be offloaded) = (Oil capacity in the maximum loading condition) – (Oil Capacity in the minimum loading safe operational condition) – Volume of Slop Tanks (if applicable) – Volume of the Produced Water Tanks (if applicable) – Volume of the two largest cargo tanks (98% full) – Volume of oil offspec tank

 The volume of oil available to be offloaded shall be equal or greater than 1,450,000 bbl

13.2 WEIGHT CONTROL PROCEDURES

13.2.1 It is CONTRACTOR's responsibility to evaluate the Unit's weight and Center of Gravity Coordinates during design, installation and operational phases, according to the design and CS requirements.

13.3 STABILITY ANALYSIS

- 13.3.1 The Unit shall comply with the latest CS rules, MARPOL Annex I, MODU Code and International Load Line Convention, regarding intact and damage stability.
- 13.3.2 The distribution of static weights and vertical reactions imposed by the Spread Mooring and Riser System on the FPU shall be calculated for the purpose of evaluating the Unit trim and stability conditions.
- 13.3.3 PETROBRAS shall receive the FPSO model (latest version) used for stability analysis in *.IGS format including hull, tanks and compartments (different file extensions may be agreed with PETROBRAS).

13.4 MAXIMUM OFFLOADING OPERATIONAL CONDITION

13.4.1 For maximum offloading operational condition, see OFFSHORE LOADING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (see item 1.2.1).

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13.5 BEAM	I SEA CONDITION (Applicable only for TURRET)	
13.5.1 Not ap	pplicable.	
13.6 MOTIC	ON ANALYSIS	
13.6.1 GENE	RAL	
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	e most stringent criteria between the GTD and CS re sidered.	quirements shall be
	ion analysis results, regarding displacements, velocities Il be used for the analysis of the following items:	s and accelerations,
• Pr	ocess plant structural design;	
• Fa	irlead and riser support structure/hull interface design (Sp	pread-Mooring);
• Fla	are boom / tower structural design;	
• Ve	ent tower structural design;	
• He	elideck structural design;	
• Cr	ane foundation structural design;	
• Ec	uipment operational limit assessment;	
• Of	floading operational limit assessment;	
• Pi	III-in / pull-out operational limit assessment.	
13.6.2 RAO -	- RESPONSE AMPLITUDE OPERATOR	
Ope	NTRACTOR shall issue to PETROBRAS the RAO (Ferator) curves and tables with their corresponding phase) degrees of freedom.	• •
bei	each degree of freedom and selected draughts, respecti informed together with natural periods and linearized vis- licable, as for Roll motion for instance. The viscous dama	cous damping, when

- applicable, as for Roll motion for instance. The viscous damping coefficients shall be submitted to PETROBRAS for comments. Model tests shall be used to validate the CONTRACTOR proposal. In addition, the Model Test Report shall be provided for PETROBAS for information.
- 13.6.2.3 Roll RAO curves shall be computed considering viscous damping varying according to the significant wave heights as follows:
 - Hs < 2.5m (irregular waves contour curves);
 - 2.5 < Hs < 4 (irregular waves contour curves);
 - Hs > 4 (irregular waves contour curves).

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13.6.2.4	The	RAO curves shall be computed a	also considering the follow	ing:
•		least five loading conditions: min aded and fully loaded. The roll visc		
•		e mooring lines and risers shall b e loading condition and no dynam	, , ,	•
•	Re	egular wave frequencies ranging f	rom 0,16 to 3,0 rad/sec.	
•	h Th	e number of calculated frequency	components shall be at le	east 60.
•	reg	ound natural frequency peaks (in gular wave frequency discretization thin a range of ± 1,0 s around nat	on in the curves shall corre	
•	inc	egular wave incidences ranging crements, being 0 degree value th grees the "bow".		· •
•	 RAO curves shall be referred to the C.O.G. (Center of Gravity of the Unit) for each draught. Thus, the C.O.G shall be informed with the RAO curves, apart from respective radius of gyrations about longitudinal, transversal and vertical axes, all of them calculated at C.O.G. 			
•	co pe	e waves considered for the roll ndition (irregular waves) that caus riod: Tp equal to the natural perio I damping estimation shall be dor	ses the higher motions (hig od of the roll motion for ea	her Hs or wave peak
13.6.2.5	the dire exp	RAO curves will be used on the risers, mooring lines and secon ction conventions shall be inclusion that needs to be employed elerations time series shall be also be employed and the series shall be also be employed and the series shall be also b	idary structures. The refe luded in the Motion Ana ed to generate displaceme	rence system and alysis report. The ents, velocities and
13.6.2.6	pote func COI	numerical output data (RAO, cu ential damping coefficients, wave ctions) shall be released in I NTRACTOR (different file extensi O shall be released to PETROBR	e exciting forces and full Microsoft Excel file and ons may be agreed with F	quadratic transfer *.txt format by ETROBRAS). The
13.6.2.7		fatigue analyses, the time perc rmed in Motion Analysis Report.	entages of each operation	onal draft shall be
13.6.3 M	13.6.3 MOTIONS AND ACCELERATIONS DESIGN CONDITIONS			
13.6.3.1	eval and to w The	displacements and acceleration luated for the DEC (design extrem DOC (design operational condition vave contour plots distribution ava most probable maximum responso SO and at additional evaluation pro-	ne conditions – 100 year re on – 1year return period v ilable in METOCEAN DAT nses shall be appraised o	eturn period waves) waves) according A (see item 1.2.1). on the COG of the

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 well. The distribution of the points to be evaluated in this analysis shall be in accordance with CS requirements. 13.6.3.2 Unit's displacements and accelerations responses shall be demonstrated by the CONTRACTOR through calculations, including input information such as METOCEAN DATA (see item 1.2.1) and the Unit's 1st and 2nd order motions (RAOs and QTFs), considering the Unit at free-floating condition (without any mooring lines or risers contribution in terms of stiffness and damping). 			
13.6.3.3 For eac	Motion Analysis, extreme sea states (Hs x Tp contour plo h incidence direction and return periods) that are spec hore location shall be taken from METOCEAN DATA (see	ots distributions for ific for Unit's final	

- 13.6.3.4 CONTRACTOR shall design and install a bilge keel in the hull as following:
 - i. CONTRACTOR shall present calculations in order to back-up the bilge keel width and length definition. This shall be submitted to PETROBRAS for comments.
 - ii. Regardless the calculations in item (i), the minimum width of the bilge-keel shall be 1,5m.
 - iii. Under DOC conditions, the Unit's single-amplitude roll motion shall not exceed 8 degrees, while under DEC conditions the Unit's single-amplitude roll motion shall not exceed 15 degrees. The roll motion single-amplitude values shall be demonstrated during the model tests to be carried out by CONTRACTOR.
 - iv. Single-amplitude vertical motion at any riser support location shall not exceed 10,5 m (displacement) and 2,2 m/s² (acceleration) while under DEC conditions.
- 13.6.3.5 The Unit shall be designed to operate normally up to DEC condition. To "operate normally" means a state in which all systems and processes on the Unit can be started or kept running without tripping alarms or safety shut-down or endangering equipment and personnel involved. This includes the oil collecting system, utility systems, vessel systems, oil transfer to/from cargo tanks. In addition, process facilities shall be designed to ensure the efficiency of separation and treatment and transfer of oil, gas and water.
- 13.6.3.6 In addition, the Unit shall be verified for environmental conditions along specified route between construction site and offshore final location in Brazil, during sail-away phase, and, on specified route between the Brazilian offshore location and elsewhere outside Brazilian waters, after Unit decommissioning, at the end of the Contract.
- 13.6.3.7 If the CONTRACTOR decides to use a wave spreading formulation, it shall be used spreading parameters prescribed in METOCEAN DATA document (see item 1.2.1). The decision to use or not use a wave spreading formulation is CONTRACTOR's responsibility.

13.6.4 MODEL TESTS

13.6.4.1 Seakeeping model tests are required during the engineering design phase.

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- 13.6.4.2 In order to calibrate numerical models and predict Unit's motions and non-linear effects such as roll viscous damping mainly provided by bilge keel (RAOs), green water ,and wave slamming occurrences with their mitigation options and induced loads, second-order effects (QTFs) CONTRACTOR shall submit the model test matrix to PETROBRAS for comments, carrying out model test program based on agreed matrix.
- 13.6.4.3 For Roll natural periods beyond 17 seconds, considering all operational draught range, second-order effects for rolling motions must be addressed in model test scope.
- 13.6.4.4 Wave basin Unit's model scale shall be between 1:70 and 1:100, in order to obtain adequate model dimensions associated with sufficiently accurate results.

14 MOORING

14.1 GENERAL

14.1.1 The Unit's Maximum Design Condition shall comply with the SPREAD MOORING AND RISER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS document (see 1.2.1).

14.2 MOORING SYSTEM DESIGN PREMISES

- 14.2.1 The Unit's Mooring System shall be designed to withstand extreme environmental combinations of waves, wind and currents at any draught ranging from slightly loaded to fully loaded conditions, in accordance with requirements from CS and ISO 19901-7, and shall consider all design condition defined in SPREAD MOORING AND RISER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS document (see 1.2.1). Under these conditions, the Unit's Mooring System shall demonstrate its adequate station keeping performance according to limits and constraints stated in that document.
- 14.2.2 In terms of environmental combinations (simultaneous wind, waves and current loads), CONTRACTOR shall comply with CS standards associated with specific field METOCEAN DATA (see item 1.2.1).

14.3 WIND AND CURRENT DRAG COEFFICIENTS

- 14.3.1 For Mooring System Design purposes wind and current drag coefficients shall comply with CS requirements. If necessary and agreed with CS, wind and current drag coefficients can be obtained from Wind Tunnel Tests, with model scale 1:200. In this case, Wind Tunnel Test Report shall be provided for PETROBRAS for information.
- 14.3.2 The coefficients shall be given from 0 to 360 degrees incidence directions, stepped by 15 degrees, for three distinct draughts (slightly loaded, intermediate loaded and fully loaded), for both Wind and Current Drag coefficients achievement. The coefficients shall be reported in Mooring Analysis Report.

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14.3.3 OCIMF (Oil Companies International Marine Forum) standards shall be followed either in reference system or non-dimensional coefficients representation.

14.4 POLYESTER ROPE STIFFNESS MODEL

14.4.1 In Mooring Analysis Report, a detailed description on polyester ropes' stiffness model shall be provided, together with related references.

14.5 MOORING FIXED POINTS

- 14.5.1 PETROBRAS will be responsible for design, installation of the mooring fixed points (torpedo piles). CONTRACTOR shall assume that the anchor points will support the maximum loads mentioned in document SPREAD MOORING AND RISER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS, item 6.2.
- 14.5.2 Mooring system design shall comply with bathymetry chart (stratigraphy and soil profile) of the Unit's installation site.
- 14.5.3 During the detail design phase, PETROBRAS will inform the "fine bathymetry map" for the intended location of the Unit's mooring fixed point.

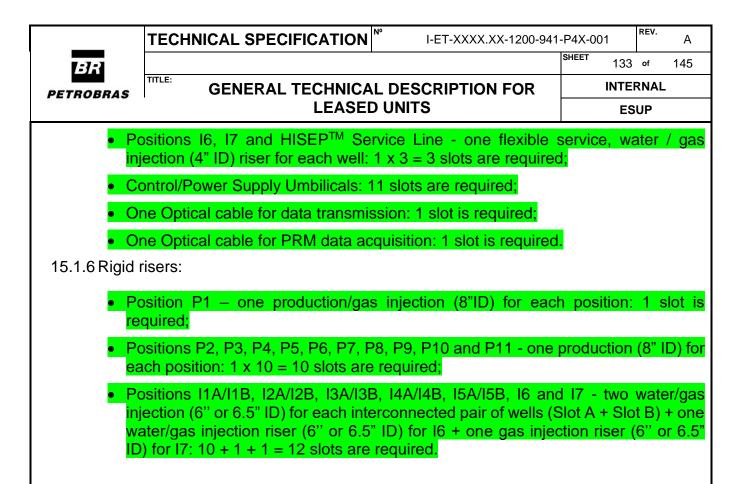
15 FLEXIBLE AND RIGID RISERS

15.1 GENERAL

- 15.1.1 The riser balcony of the Unit shall be designed on the Portside, with guide tubes or receptacles and a support for the upper balcony installed on the Hull upper side. PETROBRAS highlights this is a preliminary plan. It can be changed up to Kick-off Meeting.
- 15.1.2 CONTRACTOR shall consider:
 - Production, gas transfer and water/gas injection risers will be rigid, during the lifetime of the FPSO;
 - Service/Gas lift risers will be flexible, during all operational lifetime of Unit.
- 15.1.3 The flexible risers can come from portside and/or starboard side of Unit. For rigid riser CONTRACTOR shall consider that up to four positions, that will always be grouped together side by side, can come from starboard, and it will be confirmed at Kick-off meeting.
- 15.1.4 The riser balcony of the Unit shall be designed in order to connect the flexible and/or rigid risers listed in Table 15.1.4.

Table 15.1.4 - Risers Details						
FPSO	Risers (NOTE 1)	Function	Total	Comments		

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		uction and Gas	<mark>8"</mark>	Oil Production/Gas	1		ection riser will be rigid	
	Injection PA	AG (P1) (NOTE 6)	8 <mark>"</mark>	Injection Oil Production		(8" ID). The production risers v	will be rigid (8" ID)	
	Oil Produc	ction (P2 to P11)	4" ID	Gas Lift	11	Gas lift risers will be fle	° ()	
							l be rigid (6" or 6.5" ID).	
			<mark>6" or 6.5</mark> "		_	Unit shall be prepared and diameters can be	implemented during	
				Water/Gas Injection A	<mark>5</mark>	lifetime of FPSO. They alternately at any time	/ may inject water or gas	
						connected to satellite	wells or subsea	
							I be rigid (6" or 6.5" ID).	
						Unit shall be prepared and diameters can be		
		ion Wells (I1 to I7)	6" or 6.5" ID	Water/Gas injection B	<mark>5</mark>	lifetime of FPSO. They alternately at any time	/ may inject water or gas	
	<u>1)</u>	NOTE 2)				connected to satellite	wells or subsea	
						interconnected pair of The injection risers wil	wells. I be rigid (6" or 6.5" ID).	
						Unit shall be prepared and diameters can be		
			6" or 6.5" ID	Water/Gas injection	2	lifetime of FPSO. They	/ may inject water or gas	
			_			alternately at any time connected to satellite	wells or subsea	
			47.10			interconnected pair of Service risers will be fl	wells. exible (4"). One service	
			4" ID	WAG Service Line	3	riser is exclusive for H Unit shall be prepared	ISEP [™] .	
	Uı	mbilicals	UEH	Control/Power Supply	<mark>11</mark>	Tube Umbilicals.		
		ber Optic	CO	Control	1	For Platform communi		
		able (NOTE 4)	CO	Control	1	For PRM communicati	on	
				ΤΟΤΑΙ	50			
NOT			I	TOTAL	50			
NOT				and diameters of	each		lefined at the proje	ect
	<mark>kick</mark>	k-off meeting	together	and diameters of with the subsea	each Iayou	<mark>it.</mark>		
	kick FE 2: Eac	c-off meeting th injection slo	together ot may ii	and diameters of with the subsea	each Iayou s alte	ı <mark>t.</mark> rnately and inder	pendently. Positio	ons
	kick FE 2: Eac I1 te	c-off meeting th injection slo o 15 may be o	together ot may i connecte	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea ir	each Iayou s alte	ut. rnately and indep pnnected pair of v	pendently. Positio wells, as detailed	ons
ΝΟΊ	kick <u>FE 2: Eac</u> I1 te Figu	k-off meeting th injection slo o I5 may be ure 2.6.22. Po	together ot may in connecte ositions	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea ir l6 and I7 may be	each layou s alte nterco conn	ut. rnately and indep onnected pair of ected to satellite	pendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells.	ons I in
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ΝΟΊ	kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu FE 3: On defi	k-off meeting th injection slo o I5 may be ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the ki	together ot may in connecte ositions ction slot ick-off m	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea ir l6 and I7 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca	each layou s alte nterco conn l to co ase o	ut. rnately and indep onnected pair of ected to satellite onnect a gas tra one of the umbili	pendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. msfer line, it will cals will be used	ons I in be to
ΝΟΊ	kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu Figu FE 3: On defi con	k-off meeting th injection slo o I5 may be ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the ki	together ot may in connecte ositions ction slot ick-off m emerger	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea ir l6 and I7 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca	each layou s alte nterco conn l to co ase o	ut. rnately and indep onnected pair of ected to satellite onnect a gas tra one of the umbili	pendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. Insfer line, it will	ons I in be to
NOT	kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu Figu FE 3: On defi con Cor	k-off meeting ch injection slo o I5 may be o ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the kin trol subsea o ntrol System).	together ot may in connecte ositions ction slot ick-off m emerger	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea ir l6 and I7 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca ncy shutdown va	each layou s alte nterco conn l to co ase o lves	ut. rnately and indep onnected pair of ected to satellite onnect a gas tra one of the umbilio (SESDV) (DHCS	pendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. msfer line, it will cals will be used	ons I in be to
	kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu FE 3: On defi con Cor FE 4: The	k-off meeting ch injection slo o I5 may be o ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the kin trol subsea o ntrol System).	together ot may in connecte ositions ction slot ick-off m emerger about thi	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea in 16 and 17 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca ney shutdown va	each layou s alte nterco conn l to co ase o lves at the	ut. rnately and indep onnected pair of ected to satellite onnect a gas tra ne of the umbilio (SESDV) (DHCS e item 8.13.	Dendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. Insfer line, it will cals will be used S - Direct Hydrau	be to be
	Kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu FE 3: On defi con Cor FE 4: The FE 5: Mor	k-off meeting ch injection slo o I5 may be o ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the kin information a me details rela	together ot may in connecte ositions ction slot ick-off m emerger about thi	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea in 16 and 17 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca ney shutdown va	each layou s alte nterco conn l to co ase o lves at the	ut. rnately and indep onnected pair of ected to satellite onnect a gas tra ne of the umbilio (SESDV) (DHCS e item 8.13.	pendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. msfer line, it will cals will be used	be to be
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	kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu FE 3: On defi con Cor E 4: The FE 5: Mor 2.1 FE 6: Top fund	c-off meeting ch injection slo o I5 may be o ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the kin trol subsea o trol System). e information a re details rela 1. sides intercor ction to gas in	together ot may in connecter ositions ction slot ick-off m emerger about thi about thi nection a	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea in 16 and 17 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca ney shutdown va is line is detailed ne interface betwo s and protections after some years of	each layou s alte nterco conn l to co ase o lves at the een ri shall of pro	at. Inately and indep onnected pair of ected to satellite onnect a gas tra one of the umbilio (SESDV) (DHCS e item 8.13. isers and HISEP consider that pos duction. Gas inje	Dendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. Insfer line, it will cals will be used S - Direct Hydrau ™ system, see ite sition P1 may swit ction will be throu	ons I in be to ulic em tch igh
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NOT NOT NOT	kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu FE 3: On defi con Cor FE 4: The FE 5: Mor 2.1 FE 6: Top fund prod	k-off meeting ch injection slo o 15 may be o ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the kin trol subsea o trol System). e information a re details rela 1. sides intercor ction to gas in duction riser. duction to gas vide Subsea	together ot may in connecter ositions ction slot ick-off m emerger about thi ted to the nection a Remove as inject	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea in 16 and 17 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca ney shutdown va is line is detailed ne interface betwo s and protections after some years of able spools shall ion function. Du	each layou s alte terco conn l to co ase o lves at the een ri shall of pro be u ring e	It. Inately and indep onnected pair of ected to satellite onnect a gas tra- ine of the umbilio (SESDV) (DHCS isers and HISEP consider that pos duction. Gas inje ised to switch int execution phase	Dendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. Insfer line, it will cals will be used S - Direct Hydrau ™ system, see ite sition P1 may swit ction will be throu terconnections fro	ons I in be to ulic em tch ugh om
NOT NOT NOT	kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu FE 3: On defi con Cor FE 4: The FE 5: Mor 2.1° FE 6: Top fund prod prod prod prod	k-off meeting ch injection slo o 15 may be o ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the kint of subsea of the subsea of the subsea of the details relat 1. sides intercor ction to gas in duction riser. duction to gas vide Subsea le risers:	together ot may in connecter ositions ction slot ick-off m emerger about thi ted to the nection a Removant as inject Risk Ass	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea in 16 and 17 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca ney shutdown va is line is detailed ne interface betwo s and protections after some years of able spools shall ion function. Du sessment recomm	each layou s alte nterco conn l to co ase o lves l to co ase o lves at the een ri shall of pro be u ring e nenda	It. Inately and indep panected pair of ected to satellite onnect a gas tra- ine of the umbilin (SESDV) (DHCS e item 8.13. isers and HISEP consider that pos duction. Gas inje- used to switch inte execution phase ations.	Dendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. Insfer line, it will cals will be used S - Direct Hydrau ™ system, see ite sition P1 may swit oction will be throu terconnections fro , PETROBRAS v	ons I in be to ulic em tch igh om will
NOT NOT NOT	kick FE 2: Eac I1 tr Figu FE 3: On defi con Cor FE 4: The TE 5: Mor 2.1 FE 6: Top fund pro- pro- pro- pro- pro-	k-off meeting ch injection slo o 15 may be o ure 2.6.22. Po e of the inject ined at the kin trol subsea o trol System). e information a re details rela 1. sides intercor ction to gas in duction riser. duction to gas vide Subsea le risers:	together ot may in connecte ositions ction slot ick-off m emerger about thi ted to th nection jection a Remova as inject Risk Ass 2, P3, P4	and diameters of with the subsea nject water or gas ed to a subsea in 16 and 17 may be ts could be used neeting, in this ca ney shutdown va is line is detailed ne interface betwo s and protections after some years of able spools shall ion function. Du sessment recomm	each layou s alte nterco conn l to co ase o lves at the een ri shall of pro be u ring e nenda	It. Inately and indep prinected pair of y ected to satellite onnect a gas tra- ine of the umbilio (SESDV) (DHCS e item 8.13. isers and HISEP consider that pos duction. Gas inje used to switch inte execution phase ations.	Dendently. Positio wells, as detailed wells. Insfer line, it will cals will be used S - Direct Hydrau ™ system, see ite sition P1 may swit ction will be throu terconnections fro , PETROBRAS w	ons I in be to ulic em tch igh om will



15.2 RISERS CHARACTERISTICS

- 15.2.1 CONTRACTOR shall provide supports for flexible and Rigid risers that may be connected to the Unit in accordance with SPREAD MOORING AND RISER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (see 1.2.1).
- 15.2.2 CONTRACTOR shall consider the following to protect the risers regarding pressure and temperature:

Subsea Line	Design Pressure (kPa(a))	Leak Test Pressure (kPa(a)) (1,2)	Max. Process Operating Pressure (kPa(a))	Gas Service Operating Pressure (kPa(a))	Max. Well Service Operating Pressure (kPa(a))
Production Line	<mark>36,500</mark>	<mark>41,900</mark>	<mark>31,000</mark>		<mark>33,000</mark>
HISEP [™] Production Line	52,600 ⁽¹⁴⁾	<mark>55,255</mark>	<mark>31,000</mark>		<mark>33,000</mark>
Gas Lift/Production Service Line	<mark>36,500</mark>	<mark>41,900</mark>	<mark>25,000</mark>	Pig Operation Mode Min. 4,500	<mark>33,000</mark>
Gas Lift/Production Service Line (for P1 and P8)	<mark>38,500</mark>	<mark>44,500</mark>	<mark>25,000</mark>	Pig Operation Mode Min. 4,500	<mark>33,000</mark>

Table 15.2.2A - Pressure for Risers Protection

		TECHN	ICAL SPEC	IFICATIO	N	I-ET-XXXX.	XX-1200-941-		REV.	А
	BR	TITLE:		TEOLINIK					34 of	145
PET	TROBRAS		GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR LEASED UNITS					ESUP		
	WAG Serv Line (for l		<mark>38,500</mark>	<mark>44,500</mark>)		Pig Operat Mode Min. 4,5	ion Ə	33,000)
	WAG Serv Line	ice	<mark>60,500</mark>	<mark>66,550</mark>			Pig Operat Mode Min. 4,5	e	<mark>31,000</mark>	J
	HISEP™ Service Li		<mark>60,500</mark>	<mark>69,900</mark>			Pig Operat Mode Min. 4,5	9 500	<mark>33,000</mark>)
	WAG & G		<mark>60,500</mark>	<mark>69,900</mark>		<mark>55,000</mark>	Pig Operat Mode Min. 4,5	ion Ə	<mark>33,000</mark>	J
	Jmbilical L	ine	69,000			51,750				
	Subsea Line Tempe		Maxiı Des Tempe	imum M sign I		ine for Risers F inimum Design Iperature (°C)	C	Operating Temperature (ºC)		
	Production Line/		1	108		<mark>-30</mark>	15 to 95 (Production) Ambient temperature to 85 (Well service operations w/Diesel)		erature ervice	
	Gas Lift/ Lir		9	<mark>5</mark>		<mark>-20</mark>		<mark>40</mark>		
	Water II		6	5		<mark>3</mark>		<mark>40</mark>		
	<mark>Gas In</mark> Lir		6	5		<mark>-30</mark>		<mark>40</mark>		
NO			ak test an o lested by Pl			% above the	e leak test p	pressure	for all r	isers
NO	high 72,7 inje to a pres	n pressur 700 kPa(ction rise allow ope sence of	ow capacity re pump sha g) for leak ers after hoo en DHSV sea water. be permane	all also be test all ris k-up. Lea valve. Pip A portabl	e provid ers: pr k-test p ing an e and/o	ed to achie oduction, w oump outlet d accessor	ve the requ ater injecti shall have ies design	uired pro on, lift (connec shall (essure gas and tion to r conside	up to I gas risers r the

	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION [№]	I-ET-XXXX.XX-1200-941	-P4X-001 REV. A
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PETROBRAS	GENERAL TECHNICAL D		
			ESUP
	e required leak test pressures are essories may not be designed con		
	ceptual design shall be submitted to		
prov	ilities to allow the leak test of the r vided.		
and	ing execution phase PETROBRAS temperature requirement for ri ction/service risers shall be monitore	ser protection. Temp	
serv on	e selection of relief devices to prote vice pump operation shall take into co item 2.6; (ii) each riser required de	onsideration: (i) operatinesign pressure as per	ng conditions defined Table 15.2.2A; (iii)
	kimum overpressure (full open condition of relief deviation of relief deviation of the division of the divisio	/	•
Wat	selection of relief devices on the dister Injection Pumps shall also take in ssure as per Table 15.2.2A.		
	ilities to monitor the pressure and de Il be provided.	pressurize risers durin	g leak test operation
<mark>15.</mark> 2	e leak test for rigid lines shall obey 2.2A.		
be i resp gas tree	PSHH (Pressure Switch High High) a nstalled downstream of each gas inj pective injection gas riser boarding s injection choke valve shall also be . The set points will be informed durin ng operational phase.	ection choke valve and SDV valve. The PSLL interlocked with the r	l interlocked with the downstream of each espective Christmas
	PSLL shall be installed downstream of the service pump when operating		
inte gas	rlocked with the respective gas lift ri lift mode. The set points will be infor ated during operational phase.	ser boarding SDV valv	ve when operating in
line: sub	e Unit shall have specific devices to r s paired with P1, P8 and I6 in order sea lines to subsea service lines du may be temporarily paired with a sat	to detect undesired flouring gas injection. (OE	w from gas injection
prot Inje	or P1 (PAG), during the production ection parameters of Production Line ction phase, the pressure and njection Lines should be considered	es should be considered temperature riser pro	and, during the Gas
	ne riser's design pressure is 50,179 stand the maximum incidental press		riser is designed to
15.3 RISER	S INSTALLATION AND DE-INSTA	LLATION PROCEDUF	RES

	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION [№] I-ET-XXXX.XX-1200-941	-P4X-001 Rev. A
BR		SHEET 136 of 145
PETROBRAS	GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR	INTERNAL
	LEASED UNITS	ESUP
	nit's Risers Installation and De-installation Procedures sl AD MOORING AND RISER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	
15.4 RISER	HANGOFF AND PULL-IN SYSTEMS	
15.4.1 CONT	RACTOR shall refer to the Annex documents (see 1.2.1):	
 SF 	PREAD MOORING AND RISERS SYSTEM REQUIREMEN	TS;
• RI	SERS TOP INTERFACE LOADS ANALYSIS;	
• DI	VERLESS BELL MOUTH SUPPLY SPECIFICATION	
• DI	VERLESS BELL MOUTH PART LIST DRAWINGS	

• CONICLE RECEPTACLE "TYPE B".

16 MARINE SYSTEMS AND HULL UTILITY SYSTEMS

16.1 GENERAL

- 16.1.1 In case of conversion, CONTRATOR shall adopt the so called "all new" philosophy for marine and utility systems. This means that all existent marine and utility system shall be fully removed (including, but not limited to, rudder, shaft, main engine and auxiliary propulsion systems, marine boiler, former cargo pumps, etc.) or replaced by brand new item (such as but not limited to equipment, piping, cable, panels, valves, HVAC). This also includes the items inside accommodation. Exception can be made for former tanker anchor windlass.
- 16.1.2 CONTRACTOR shall provide an emergency anchoring system in accordance to CS`s and Brazilian Naval Authorities requirements. This system shall be similar to the anchoring system required for a ship of similar size under the CS's normal "Steel Vessel Rules" and is intended for use in shallow coastal waters and harbors.

16.2 CARGO OIL SYSTEM, CRUDE OIL WASHING SYSTEM, BALLAST SYSTEM AND INERT GAS SYSTEM

- 16.2.1 The Cargo Oil System, Crude Oil Washing System, Ballast System and Inert Gas and Cargo Tanks Venting System shall follow the requirements of SOLAS and CS rules, guidelines and requirements.
- 16.2.2 Crude Oil Washing System shall have a dedicated heater using Unit heat medium.
- 16.2.3 The FPSO shall not have any pump room. In case of conversion, the former pump room shall be converted in void space and shall not have any equipment, piping and other accessories.

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PETROBRAS

GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR
LEASED UNITS

NOTE: The fluid transfer system dedicated to cargo, ballast, slop, produced water, offspec and settling tanks (if applicable) shall be based on submerged type pumps.

- 16.2.4 Independent Inert gas, purge gas and vent gas headers shall be provided for cargo tanks.
- 16.2.5 Inert gas generator system shall be fed by a dual fuel system, burning preferably fuel gas and alternatively marine Diesel oil.
- 16.2.6 The Ballast System shall fulfill all Brazilian Administration requirements.

16.3 OIL TRANSFER SYSTEM

- 16.3.1 The oil from the storage tanks will be exported to a shuttle tanker, according to the document OFFSHORE LOADING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (see 1.2.1).
- 16.3.2 Oil Transfer System with individual submerged pumps (deep-well) in each tank shall comply with the following requirements:
 - A longitudinal header shall be installed on the main deck and branches provided with manual valves and blind flanges for the connection of the portable cargo pump to every and each tank. For further details, cargo portable pumps supplier standards shall be used. CONTRACTOR shall include cargo portable pump and accessories in the mechanical handling study.
 - Submerged hydraulic or electrical driven pumps on main deck for each cargo and each slop tank.
- 16.3.3 CONTRACTOR shall limit exported oil temperature through export hoses, from a minimum of 35°C to a maximum of 55°C, to comply with shuttle tankers requirements.
- 16.3.4 CONTRACTOR shall provide arrangements and facilities to allow proper flushing of the offloading system (including the offloading hose), which will be performed immediately after every cargo transfer (offloading) as follows:
 - The Unit shall allow pumping water through the offloading hose from the Unit to the shuttle tanker.
 - After the oil offloading being performed, the shuttle tanker will pump the water back to the Unit at a flowrate of at most 3000 m³/h. Therefore, the Unit shall not have any constraint, such as non-return valves at the hose reel that may jeopardize the seawater pump-back operation from shuttle tanker to FPSO.
 - Additionally, Unit shall be capable to perform final flushing of the offloading hose on a "closed circuit mode". The close circuit mode means the offloading hose will be reeled and stored onboard the Unit.
- 16.3.5 The offloading system, including the hose reel, shall be designed considering the operation with Suezmax shuttle tankers, as described in document OFFSHORE LOADING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (see item 1.2.1).

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	LEASED UNITS	ES	UP

16.3.6 CONTRACTOR shall provide means to store the NSV (North Sea Valve) in an area with secondary containment in order to avoid possibility of oil spills overboard.

16.4 HULL UTILITIES

16.4.1 In addition to the Unit Utilities detailed on section 3 of this GTD, Hull utilities mainly dedicated to the Hull Marine Systems are herein detailed: Fresh Water and Potable Water System, Filling Stations, Diesel Oil System and Sewage.

16.4.2 FRESH AND POTABLE WATER SYSTEM

- 16.4.2.1 Water maker units shall be installed to generate sufficient fresh and potable water for the Unit's consumption.
- 16.4.2.2 The fresh and potable water aboard shall comply with Ordinance Anexo XX da Portaria De Consolidação Nº 5, de setembro de 2017 (Consolidação das normas sobre as ações e os serviços de saúde do Sistema Único de Saúde)and ANVISA RDC 72/2009. Chlorination Unit is required. Special attention shall be given to the quality parameters as well as cleanness requirements, tanks and distribution lines disinfection, analysis routine and the separate storage of water for human consumption of distinct sources. Material selection for Piping (upstream and within accommodation) shall avoid corrosion particles and contaminants in potable water.

16.4.3 FILLING STATIONS

- 16.4.3.1 Despite the Unit being prepared to generate fresh and potable water, a minimum of 2 (two) filling connections (one for water and another for Diesel) shall be installed at each bunkering station. The bunkering stations to be located at Starboard side of the Unit near each aft and forward cranes respectively. The bunkering stations shall be located as close as possible to the supply boat mooring area and allow quick operation. Piping shall be at least 4" diameter.
- 16.4.3.2 The bunkering stations shall be provided with separate hoses, connections and valves for Diesel and fresh water, as follows:

16.4.3.2.1 Connections:

- Type EVERTIGHT quick connect-disconnect couplers for Diesel and freshwater hoses;
- Filling station end: swaged-on male NPT carbon steel nipple + female thread/male adapter + female coupler/female straight pipe thread (connected to the filling station piping);
- Supply-boat end: swaged-on male NPT carbon steel nipple + female straight pipe thread/female coupler.

16.4.3.2.2 Hoses:

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• AI	I hoses shall be 120m length and with	n 4" diameter;				
• The hose sections of Diesel hoses shall be connected by non-leakage couplings.						

- WECO wing union type SHU and similar are not allowed. One connection between the Diesel hoses sections shall be of Safety Break-Away Coupling type to prevent pull-away accidents and avoiding sea contamination;
- 150 psi working pressure;
- Cover: black, weather, ozone and oil resistant high-quality chloroprene rubber;
- Reinforcement layers: synthetic textile yarns;
- Tube: black, smooth fuel/oil resistant high-quality nitrile rubber;
- Temperature range: -30 to +80 °C.
- Lifting clamps shall be provided at hose ends;
- Hoses shall float (self-floating hoses or with floating devices)
- Diesel oil hoses located at FPSO filling stations shall have dry disconnect female coupling type for end connection manufactured according to NATO STAGNA 3756 for operations with the supply vessel. In addition, FPSO shall provide, as a loose item, one adaptor to connect in a CAMLOK tank end of the supply vessel (old fleet vessels).
- A drip-pan shall be installed to collect any leakage from all bunkering station connections with manually operated drainage valve located at the pan bottom.

16.4.4 DIESEL SYSTEM

- 16.4.4.1 The Diesel system shall be designed in order to supply, besides all other consumption requirements, feed the well service pump operations (e.g. to push pigs, and subsea system clean flowlines (see item 2.6).
- 16.4.4.2 For details of bunkering station connections see item 16.4.3.
- 16.4.4.3 Diesel oil shall be filtered and on-line metered before being sent to the storage tank.
- 16.4.4.4 A minimum configuration of 2x100% is required for Diesel pumps dedicated for well service which shall be designed in order to guarantee the required flowrate of the well service pump (as per item 2.6). The Diesel pumps shall have filter upstream and recycle for flow control to avoid frequent start/stop.
- 16.4.4.5 The Diesel oil storage tank volume shall have enough capacity to provide Diesel oil to be used as fuel for 7 (seven) days continuously plus 5,000 m³ for subsea lines flushing.
- 16.4.4.6 PETROBRAS will provide Diesel oil in accordance with ANP requisition. DMA (Diesel Marítimo TIPO A) shall be considered for turbogenerator projects.

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16.4.5 SEWAGE SYSTEM

TITLE:

- 16.4.5.1 Unit shall have a sewage treatment unit in compliance with MARPOL, and IBAMA requirements specially but not limited to the "Resoluções CONAMA" and the "NOTA TÉCNICA CGPEG/DILIC/IBAMA Nº 01/11". Sampling point shall be provided according to item 2.9.
- 16.4.5.2 Both grey and black waters shall be previously treated and metered before discharged to sea.
- 16.4.5.3 The FPSO shall have two sewage treatment units (2x100%).

16.4.5.4 The sewage treatment unit shall be capable to treat at least 250 liters/person/day.

16.4.6 TANKS REQUIREMENTS

- 16.4.6.1 To complement gravitational separation in the slop tanks, the Unit shall have a separate water treatment system in order to treat the oily water prior to discharge. Water discharge from slop tanks shall be measured and monitored for TOG.
- 16.4.6.2 Online Gas Sampling System shall be provided in ballast tanks and void spaces adjacent to cargo/slop tanks, according to the requirements of FSS Code (International Code for Fire Safety Systems).
- 16.4.6.3 Permanent means to connect a contingency hose for inert gas shall also be provided for each ballast tank and void spaces adjacent to cargo tanks.

17 ENVIRONMENT IMPACT STUDIES AND LICENSING

17.1 GENERAL

- 17.1.1 PETROBRAS will engage third party for Environmental Studies, in which case CONTRACTOR shall take part in the assessment, provide all necessary information and comply with recommendations.
- 17.1.2 CONTRATOR shall provide a report with information requested by PETROBRAS during FPSO licensing process.
- 17.1.3 This report shall include the following items:
 - a) Table with the FPSO characteristics including FPSO name, mooring type, length, molded breadth, depth, molded depth, light weight, maximum draft, flare height, total FPSO storage capacity, fuel gas and Diesel consumption list, crane capacities, power generation (main, auxiliary, emergency) rating, sewage treatment system capacity and technology, living quarters capacity, helideck specification, life saving equipment;
 - b) Hull description;

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c)	Tank c e.g. pa	apacity plan including each tank ı ainting;	material specification and s	specific requirements		
d)	Inert g	as system description;				
e)	Ballast	t system description;				
f)	Descri	ption of the Fluid processing plar	nt (oil, gas, produced water	r and injected water);		
g)		fied process block diagram conta id sea water treatment; gas expor on;	0			
h)	sea wa	m (for each process: oil treatmen ater treatment for injection) contai xchangers, compressors and pur	ning main equipment as se			
i)	liquid s	with pressure, temperature, flow systems, CO ₂ , H ₂ S and water for ss equipment as separators, heat	gas systems) for inlet and	outlets of each main		
j)	tempe	g sea water overboard characte rature, internal diameter, directi e. The draft variation due to FPS	on and position in relation			
k)	Coolin flow ra	g water closed loop system des te;	scription, including pumpir	ng configuration and		
I)		rial water supply system descript te and consumers list;	tion including type of treat	ment, suction depth,		
m)	Potabl	e water system description includ	ding type of treatment and	flow rate;		
n)	Simplif	fied diagram of industrial and pot	able water treatment;			
o)		generation description including ency systems, as well as fuel co ources;	•			
p)	Cranes	s description including length and	d capacity;			
q)	Flare a	and vent systems description incl	uding flow rate capacities,	and stack height;		
r)	•	les and Subsea Chemical injectio cal, dosage rate, injection points,		ding a table expected		
17.2	EFFLU	JENTS				
17.2.1		about effluent discharge on sion included in environmental st		d to support plume		
a)	discha	ate removal/ Ultrafiltration/ Rev rge temperature, pipe internal dia ater surface. The draft variation d	ameter, direction and position	tion in relationship to		
5	Sulpha	to romoval/ Ultrafiltration/ Pova	rea Osmasia mombranas	cloaning procedure		

b) Sulphate removal/ Ultrafiltration/ Reverse Osmosis membranes cleaning procedure description including expected frequency and the duration of each step, waste water

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overboard description containing composition, pH, discharge volume and duration, density, salinity, chemical concentration, flow rate, pipe internal diameter, direction and position in relationship to sea water surface. The draft variation due to FPSO load shall be informed;

- c) Produced water system description, oil content, measurement points, interlock between measurement and discharge, reprocessing philosophy description, discharge flow rate, pipe internal diameter, direction and position in relationship to sea water surface. The draft variation due to FPSO load shall be informed;
- d) Drainage system description, estimate of volume generated monthly, composition, oil content, measurement points, interlock between measurement and discharge, reprocessing philosophy description, discharge flow rate, pipe internal diameter, direction and position in relationship to sea water surface. The draft variation due to FPSO load shall be informed;
- e) Simplified scheme containing all drainage systems (topsides and marine).

17.3 ATMOSPHERIC EMISSIONS

- 17.3.1 Annual quantification (for commissioning and operation phase) of concentration and mass flow rate of each source such as turbines, boilers, flare, vent, etc., including NOx, SOx, CO, CO2, CH4, N2O, particulate matter and total hydrocarbons. In case of a gas with a range of CO2 content, some cases with different CO2 content shall be used. For power generators with more than one fuel, the quantification shall be done for each fuel. A table containing all this information shall be provided.
- 17.3.2 A description of Unit commissioning shall also be provided including expected atmospheric emissions as per item 17.3.1. A preliminary version shall be prepared for initial licensing during early stages of the project. An updated version shall be prepared close to first oil.

17.4 WASTE MANAGEMENT

17.4.1 Solid residues characterization, residue class, disposal destination, annual mass generation including change out process materials (molecular sieve, CO2 membranes cartridges, sulphate removal membranes cartridges, etc.), sewage sludge, oil tank sludge, slop tank sludge, flotation cell unit sludge, ordinary garbage, nursery garbage, dangerous residues, food debris, oily residues, chemicals, sewage sludge, etc.

18 PETROBRAS LOGOTYPE

18.1 GENERAL

- 18.1.1 CONTRACTOR shall paint PETROBRAS logo type in the following Unit places:
 - Funnel (both sides);
 - Port side and Starboard in visible area;

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● Fr	ont wall of the accommodation block.			
19 VENDO	R LIST			
19.1 GENE	RAL			
19.1.1 Vendo	or list defined for equipments below sh	nall be followed:		
<mark>19.1.1.1 Wa</mark>	ter Injection Pumps			
 Sι 	<mark>ılzer;</mark>			
• Flo	owserve;			
• KS	SB;			
	uovo Pignone;			
	uhrpumpen;			
● FF	RAMO.			
19.1.1.2 Mol	lecular Sieve Solid Bed (Zeolite)			
• C	ECA;			
• U(<mark>OP (Honeywell);</mark>			
• ZE	EOCHEM L.L.C;			
	kens;			
• Gr	race GmbH.			
19.1.1.3 Moi	ister Analyzer			
• Ar	netek			
	pectrasensors			
19114 Me	mbranes for CO2 Removal Unit			
• U(ameron; DP·			
	r Liquide;			
	/onik			
• M ⁻				

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<mark>19.1.1.5 Rot</mark>	ary compressor for Vapor Recove	ery Unit API 619:	
• Ka	obelco;		
• M	AN;		
	OWDEN,		
19.1.1.6 Cer	ntrifugal Compressors:		
	HGE;		
	tachi;		
	AN;		
	itsubishi;		
	emens/ Dresser-Rand;		
• El	liot.		
	o-derivative or light industrial ga mpressor Driver):	s turbine API 616 for offs	shore environment
	OLAR : SATURN, CENTAUR 50, 50;	TAURUS 60, MARS100,	<mark>, TITAN 130, TITAN</mark>
• Bł	HGE Baker Hughes GE: LM2000,	LM2500, LM2500+, LM25	00+G4;
• SI	EMENS: SGT-A05, SGT-A35, SG	<mark>6T-100, SGT-600.</mark>	
<mark>19.1.1.8 Sub</mark>	omerged Sea water Lift Pumps (E	lectric)	
• K8	SB		
• FF	RAMO		
<mark>19.1.1.9 Die</mark>	sel-Hydraulic Fire Water Pumping	<mark>ı Unit</mark>	
• St	<mark>ulzer;</mark>		
	SH (FISCHCON);		
	ank Mohn.		
	ero-derivative or light industrial ga ain Generatrs):	as turbine API 616 for off	shore environment
	HGE Baker Hughes GE: LM 200 C/PG SAC;	0, LM2500, LM2500+, LN	<mark>//2500+G4, LM6000</mark>

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GENERAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION FOR LEASED UNITS INTERNAL ESUP • SIEMENS: SGT-A05, SGT-A35 (34MW ISO), SGT-A65 SAC (WLE DRY), SG 100, SGT-600; • SOLAR: SATURN, CENTAUR 50, TAURUS 60, MARS100, TITAN 130, TITA 250. 19.1.1.11 Flare flow meter: • Fluenta; • Fluenta; • Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previo	:1:1						SHEET 14	5 of	145
LEASED UNITS ESUP • SIEMENS: SGT-A05, SGT-A35 (34MW ISO), SGT-A65 SAC (WLE DRY), SG 100, SGT-600; • SOLAR: SATURN, CENTAUR 50, TAURUS 60, MARS100, TITAN 130, TITA 250. 19.1.1.11 Flare flow meter: • Fluenta; • Fluenta; • BHGE; • Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previo		TITLE:	GENERAL	IERAL TECHNICAI	DESCRIPT	ION FOR	INT	ERNAL	
 100, SGT-600; SOLAR: SATURN, CENTAUR 50, TAURUS 60, MARS100, TITAN 130, TITA 250. 19.1.1.11 Flare flow meter: Fluenta; BHGE; Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previo 	LINODIAS			LEASED	UNITS		E	SUP	
 100, SGT-600; SOLAR: SATURN, CENTAUR 50, TAURUS 60, MARS100, TITAN 130, TITA 250. 19.1.1.11 Flare flow meter: Fluenta; BHGE; Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previo 	SI	EMENS:	SGT-A05,	SGT-A35 (34	<mark>IMW ISO), S</mark>	GT-A65 SA	<mark>C (WLE D</mark>	RY),	SG
 250. 19.1.1.11 Flare flow meter: Fluenta; BHGE; Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previo 									
 19.1.1.11 Flare flow meter: Fluenta; BHGE; Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previo 			ATURN, CI	ENTAUR 50,	TAURUS 6	0, MARS100	<mark>, TITAN 1</mark>	30, T	ITA
 Fluenta; BHGE; Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previo 									
 BHGE; Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previous 	19.1.1.11 Fla	are flow r	meter:						
 Other vendors may be accepted and shall be submitted to PETROBRAS previo 	● Flu	uenta;							
	• Bł	<mark>-IGE;</mark>							
approval.	Ot	t <mark>her vend</mark>	<mark>lors may be</mark>	accepted an	<mark>d shall be su</mark>	bmitted to PE	ETROBRA	S pre	vio
	ap	<mark>proval.</mark>							